

OpenSSL in RHEL: FIPS-140-3 certification

From FIPS-140-2 upstream
to FIPS-140-3 downstream

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Who I am



Dmitry Belyavskiy

Red Hat Senior Software Engineer since 2020

OpenSSL committer since 2019

OpenSSL Technical Committee member since 2021

Beloved pet project: Russian GOST engine for OpenSSL

<https://github.com/gost-engine/engine>

Some necessary context

What is FIPS and FIPS certification

Red Hat FIPS certification

OpenSSL 3.0 architecture changes

What is FIPS and FIPS certification



FIPS standards: code of laws

It is big, not all documents are public, permanently updated

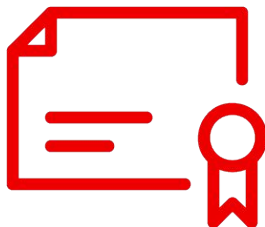
FIPS certification process: technological process

Done by accredited labs. We provide code, they do tests

Required by US government

Current version: FIPS-140-3

Red Hat FIPS certification



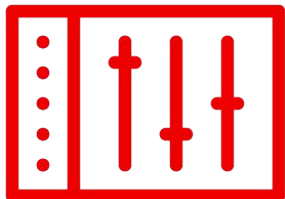
What do we certify

Kernel and crucial low level crypto libraries

Certification details: RHEL 8

[How RHEL 8 is designed for FIPS 140-2 requirements](#)

OpenSSL 3.0 architecture changes



Upstream approach

1.0 series: invasive runtime checks

RHEL 8: 1.1.1 series

Set of patches to libcrypto/libssl

Even more invasive run-time checks

OpenSSL 3.0

Provider model

Compile-time checks

Mass API deprecation

Our patches

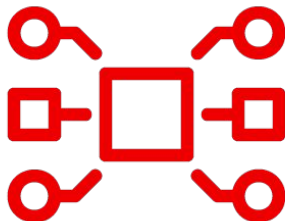
Loading and configuring the provider

Red Hat specific: indicators

Implementation details

Overall hardening

Loading and configuring the provider



Upstream approach

Loading via configuration file

Checksum as a part of configuration file

RHEL approach

Auto activation

Embedded checksum

FIPS-only algorithms

Concept of indicators



Why indicators?

Many algorithms, many combinations, many parameters, not all are approved.



Implicit indicators

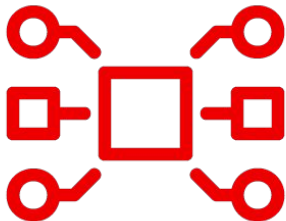
You try a crypto operation. If you failed, it is not approved. If it is successful, you are OK.



Explicit indicators

You try a crypto operation. If you failed, it is not approved. If it is successful, you check if it was approved.

Implementation details



Not approved algorithms

- No Edwards curves
- No RSA PKCS#1 encryption
- No 3DES

KAT tests

- Deterministic tests for ECDSA signatures

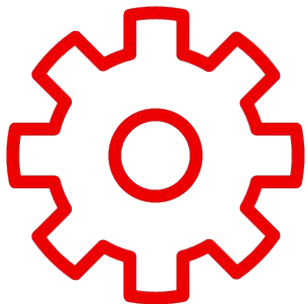
Strict checks

- KDF seed length
- RNG algorithms limitation

Hardening

- Checks and cleanup of public keys

Overall hardening



Crypto policies

Consistent list of algorithms for all libraries and applications

SHA1 is significantly limited

FIPS standards formally permit

Thank you

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