

Haiku's package management

Design and issues with ported software

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Haiku

- Free Software rewrite of BeOS
- An Operating System for the desktop
- A lot of POSIX
 - But we don't claim to be Unix®
- Some more funny things
 - Typed & indexable xattrs



Before

- Plain ZIP files
 - Extract anywhere, "Drag foo here" symlinks...
- BeOS PKG files
 - self-contained click-through + scripts
- installoptionalpackage command
 - Still zip files
- Not maintainable ②
- Not scalable



Needs

- Simplicity for the user
- Dependency management
- Automated building
- Secondary architecture support
 - gcc4 vs gcc2 (binary compat)
 - x86_64

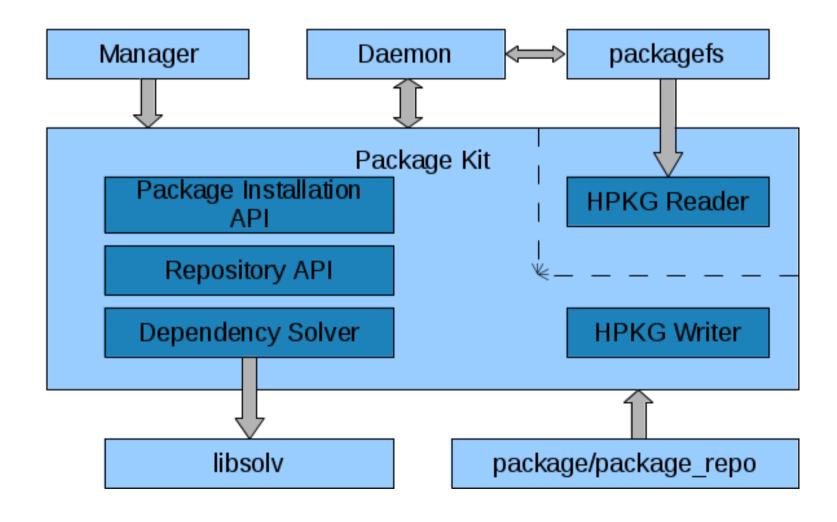


The vision

- First draft, jan. 2011
- HaikuPorts tree similar to portage or BSD ports
- haikuporter builds packages
- package & package repo tools
- packagefs (readonly) virtual file-system
- package_daemon handling transactions
- pkgman & HaikuDepot (GUI) handle updates



The vision





Consequences

- Some old ugly tricks don't work anymore
 - MIME sniffing system applications to populate xattrs
 - Packages contain them already now
- Some changes in the FS hierarchy
 - packagefs has shine-through writable directories
 - non-packaged/ counterparts in /system and ~/config/ to allow manual install
 - find_directory() helps, and find_path()



HPKG file format

- Similar to XAR
 - But binary TOC
 - Attribute tree
 - Contains the manifest
- Manifest

```
0.7.2-1
version
architecture
summary
               "is a very nice package"
               "has lots of cool features\nand is written in MyC++"
description
               "Me, Myself & I, Inc."
vendor
               "me@test.com"
packager
               { "(C) 2009-2011, Me, Myself & I, Inc." }
copyrights
licenses
               { "Me, Myself & I Commercial License"; "MIT" }
provides {
       cmd:me
       lib: libmyself = 0.7 }
requires {
       haiku >= r1
       wget }
```

 Bootloader package not compressed



Package Kit

- API to
 - Read & Write packages
 - Install
 - Browse repositories
- libsolv used for dependency constraints



package tool

• → demo



packagefs

- Virtual filesystem, read-only
- Publishes union of active packages contents
- Mounted on
 - /boot/system
 - ~/config
 - In chroots for haikuporter
- package-links/
 - For each package, symlinks to dependencies





package_daemon

- Handles [de]activating packages
- /system/packages/administrative/
 - Transactions
 - Previous states
 - Bootloader can select any
 - Writable files
 - System settings, package gives merging rules



HaikuDepot

• → demo



pkgman

• → demo



Haikuports

- Gentoo-like recipes
- cf. sample



haikuporter

- (python)
- Chroots, activates BUILD_*REQUIRES'd packages
- Runs the BUILD() and INSTALL() phases
 - runConfigure ./confiture && make ...
- Creates source package by default
- Still depends on system-installed packaged
 - Not yet bit-reproducible
 - Being fixed RSN





Repositories

- Web server
- HPKGR binary index files



Shortcomings

- Most of the filesystem is readonly
 - Applications menu can't be customized
 - There's a workaround
 - Some software don't like it
 - Python/perl/whatever "list of installed stuff"
- Hardcodes dependencies versions in package
 - Things like (libtool archives) . la files dislike...
 - Just rm them.
 - Ditto with foo-config & pkg-config files.





Haiku / PM Tips

- Please, please, don't assume /usr/whatever
 - Always honor all --foo-dir configure args
- Not everywhere is writable even as root
- Sometimes root is called "user"
- Substitute properly in foo-config & .pc files
- Don't require default settings file



Compared to GUIX?

- Separate tools for building & installing
- Package content is readonly
 - Settings files not handled completely
- Package names for humans (no base32)
- Manual rollback
- No package GC (yet?)
- Not functional, but functional working anyway





Thanks

Questions?

