

Userland TCP/IP stack for external container connectivity

Usermode networking in CodeReady Containers

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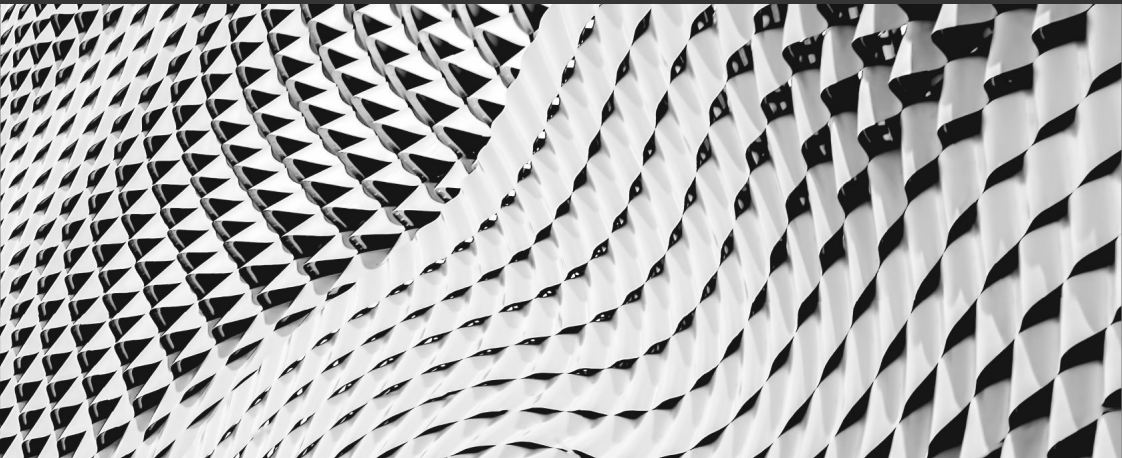
Introduction

- ▶ Christophe Fergeau <cfergeau@redhat.com>
- ▶ Working at Red Hat
- ▶ Member of the CodeReady Containers team
- ▶ Previously worked in the virtualization team (SPICE)

What we'll discuss today

- ▶ CodeReady Containers
- ▶ User-mode networking

CodeReady Containers



What is CodeReady Containers?

- ▶ Runs a Red Hat OpenShift 4 cluster on your laptop or desktop
 - « Red Hat® OpenShift® is an enterprise-ready Kubernetes container platform built for an open hybrid cloud strategy. »
- ▶ Meant for development and testing on a throw-away local cluster
- ▶ Works on Linux, macOS and Windows
- ▶ Work in progress to offer a lighter weight podman-only runtime

Under the hood

- ▶ Go binary + pre-generated virtual machine image
- ▶ Uses native hypervisors
 - QEMU+KVM on linux
 - HyperKit on macOS
 - Hyper-V on Windows
- ▶ User-mode stack for VM networking

User-mode networking



Why?

- ▶ Simplifies VM networking
- ▶ Consistent IP addressing
- ▶ Works around strict firewalls/VPNs

gvisor-tap-vsock

- ▶ <https://github.com/containers/gvisor-tap-vsock>
- ▶ Users:
 - crc
 - podman-machine
- ▶ Based on gVisor
 - « gVisor is an application kernel, written in Go, that implements a substantial portion of the Linux system call interface. »

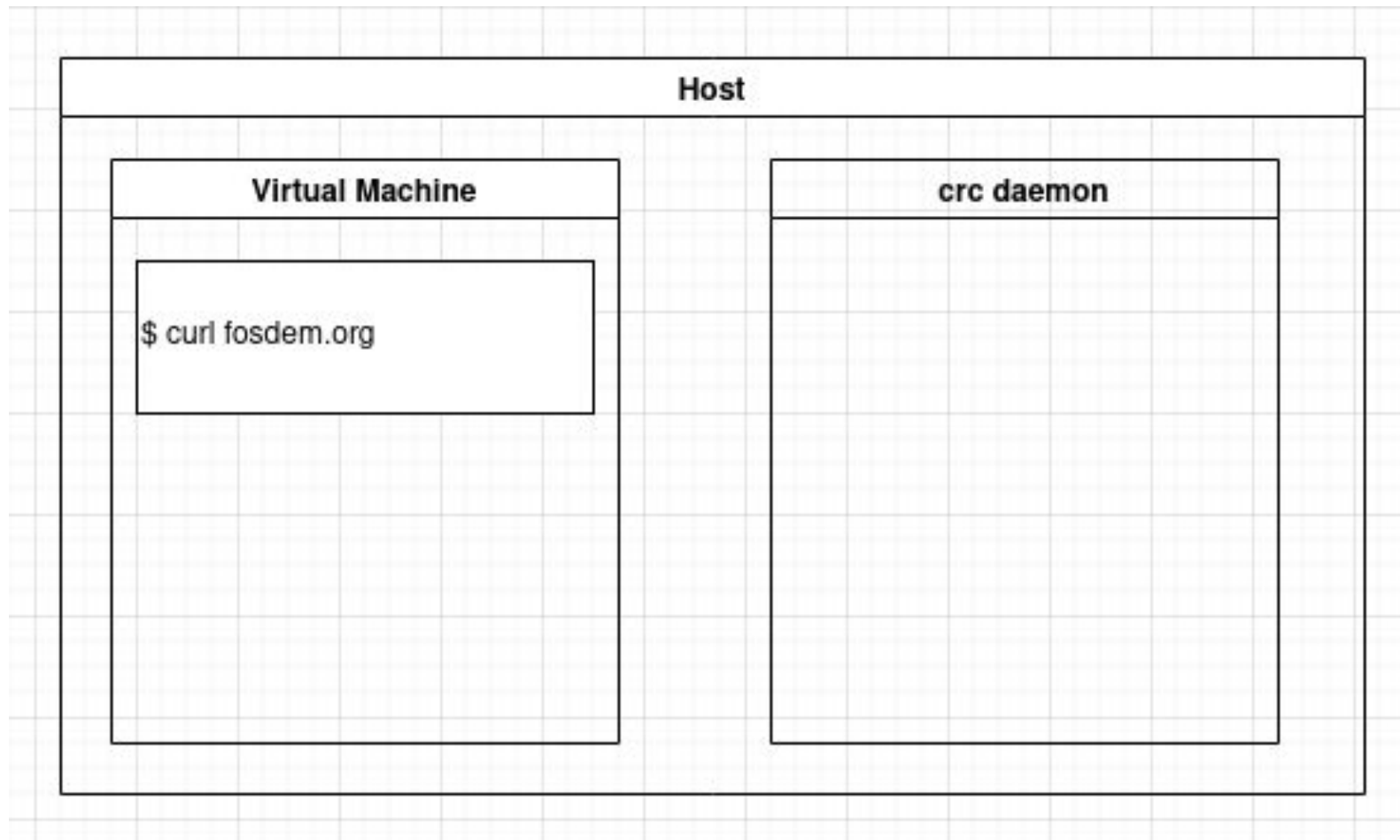
Under the hood

- ▶ 2 separate parts:
 - helper running in the VM
 - daemon running on the host
- ▶ Usermode networking implemented in the host daemon
- ▶ gvisor-tap-vsock implements a network switch (ethernet/layer 2) in software

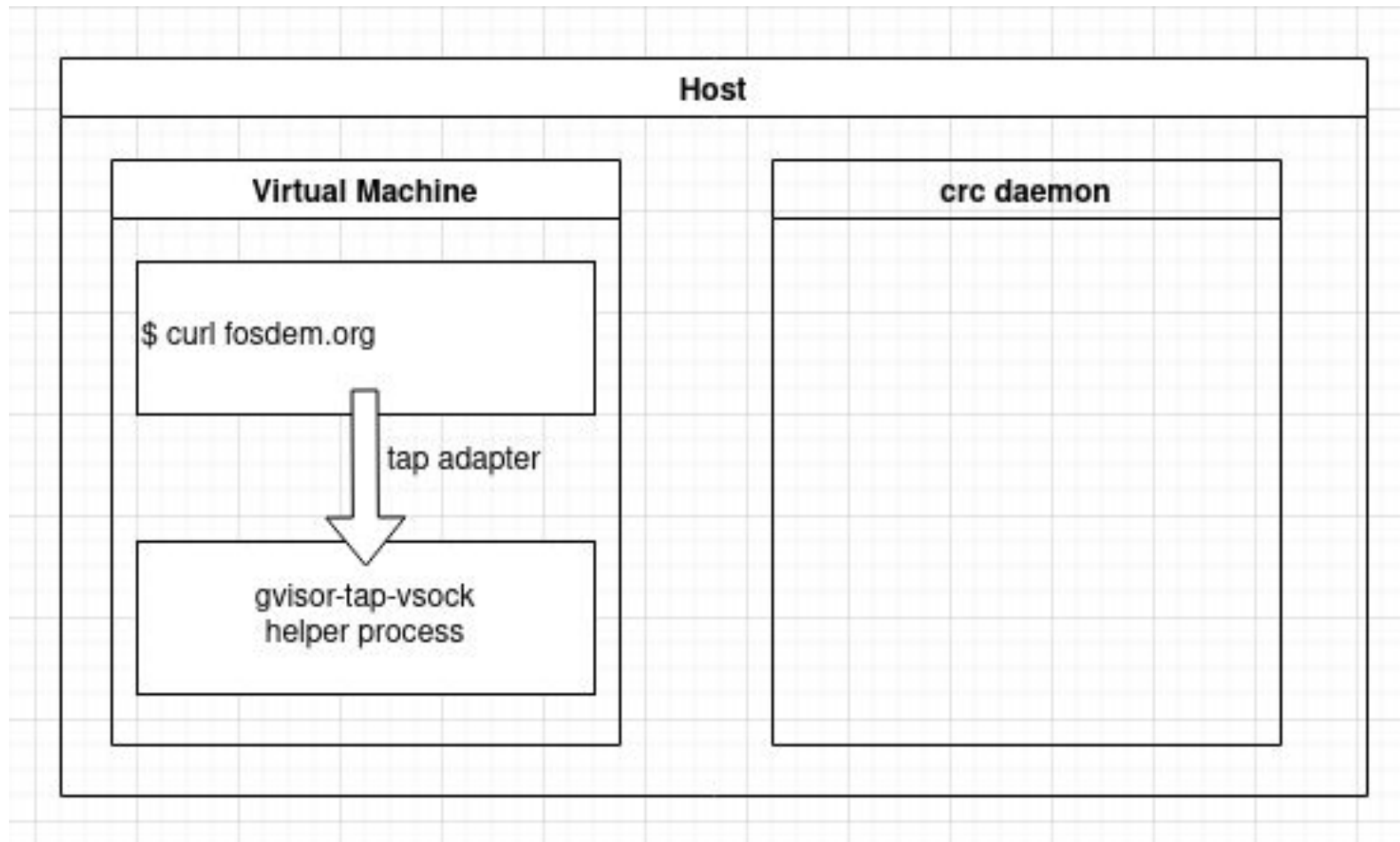
Under the hood (2)

- ▶ the daemon running on the host connects to this virtual switch as 192.168.127.1
- ▶ gvisor-tap-vsock acts as a dhcp server for the VM, which gets a 192.168.127.x address and uses 192.168.127.1 as the gateway
- ▶ gvisor-tap-vsock/pkg/tap transmits packets within that internal network
- ▶ gVisor is used for encapsulating/decapsulating network packets, and to transmit packets outside of the 192.168.127.0/24 virtual network

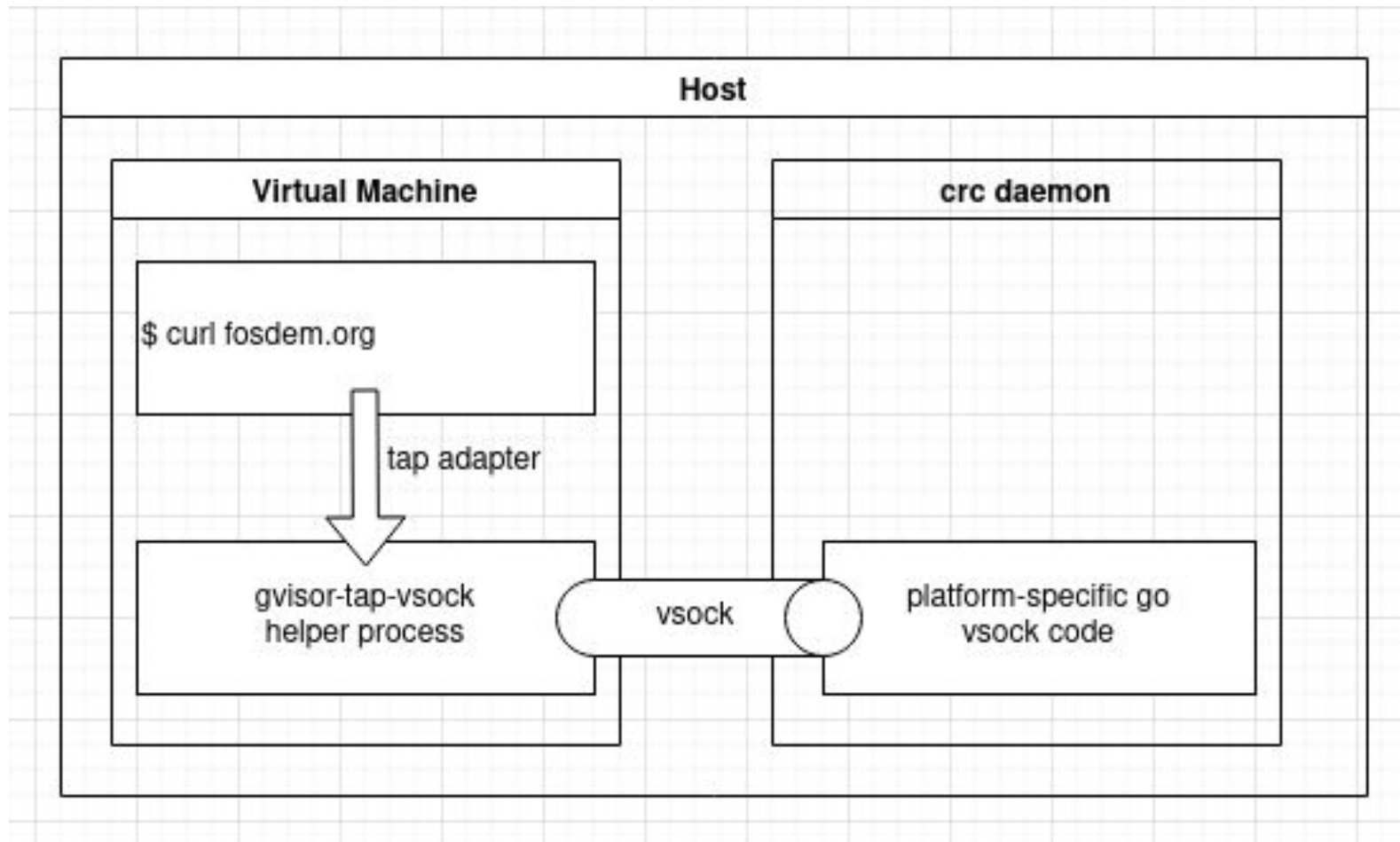
How does it work?



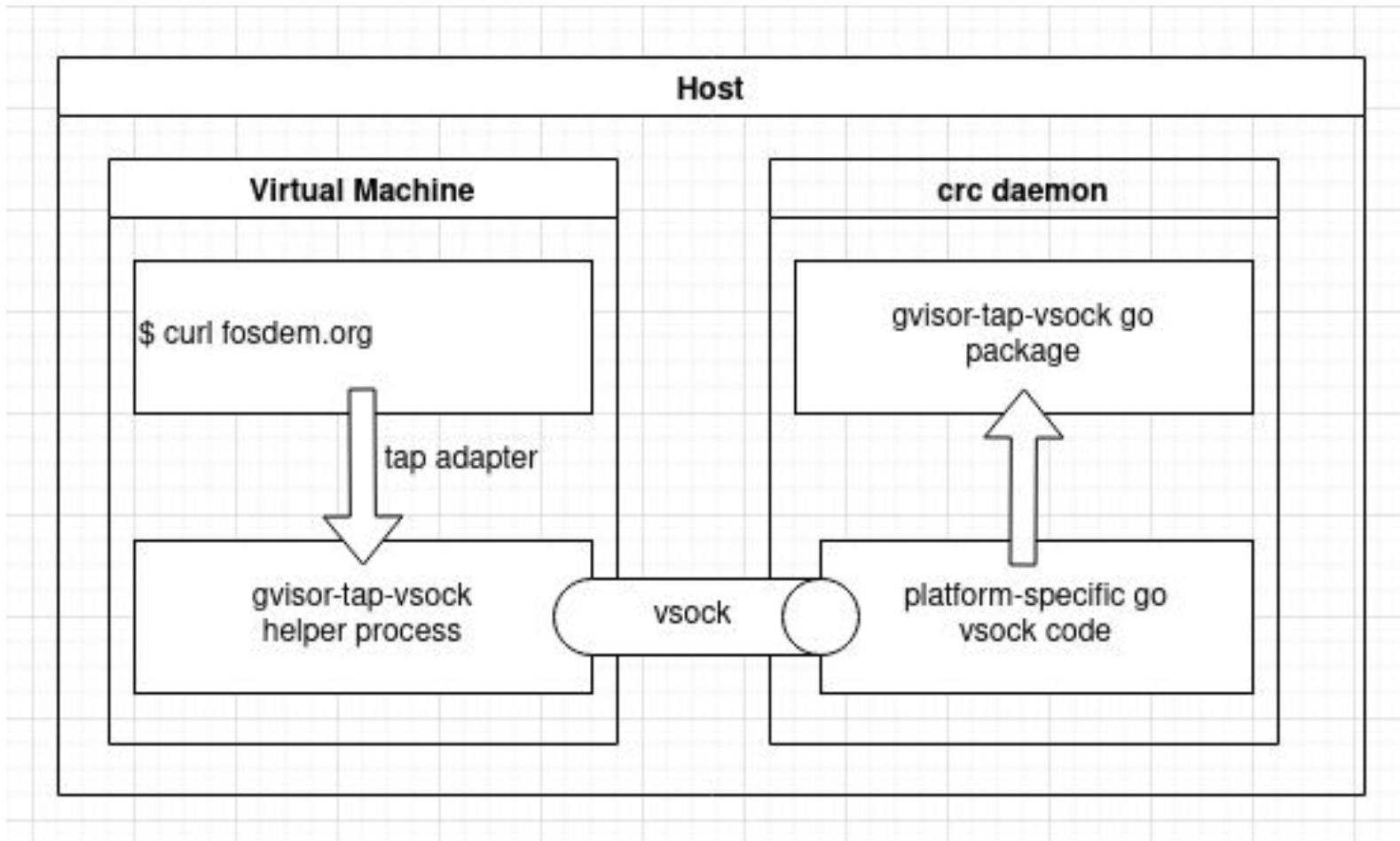
How does it work?



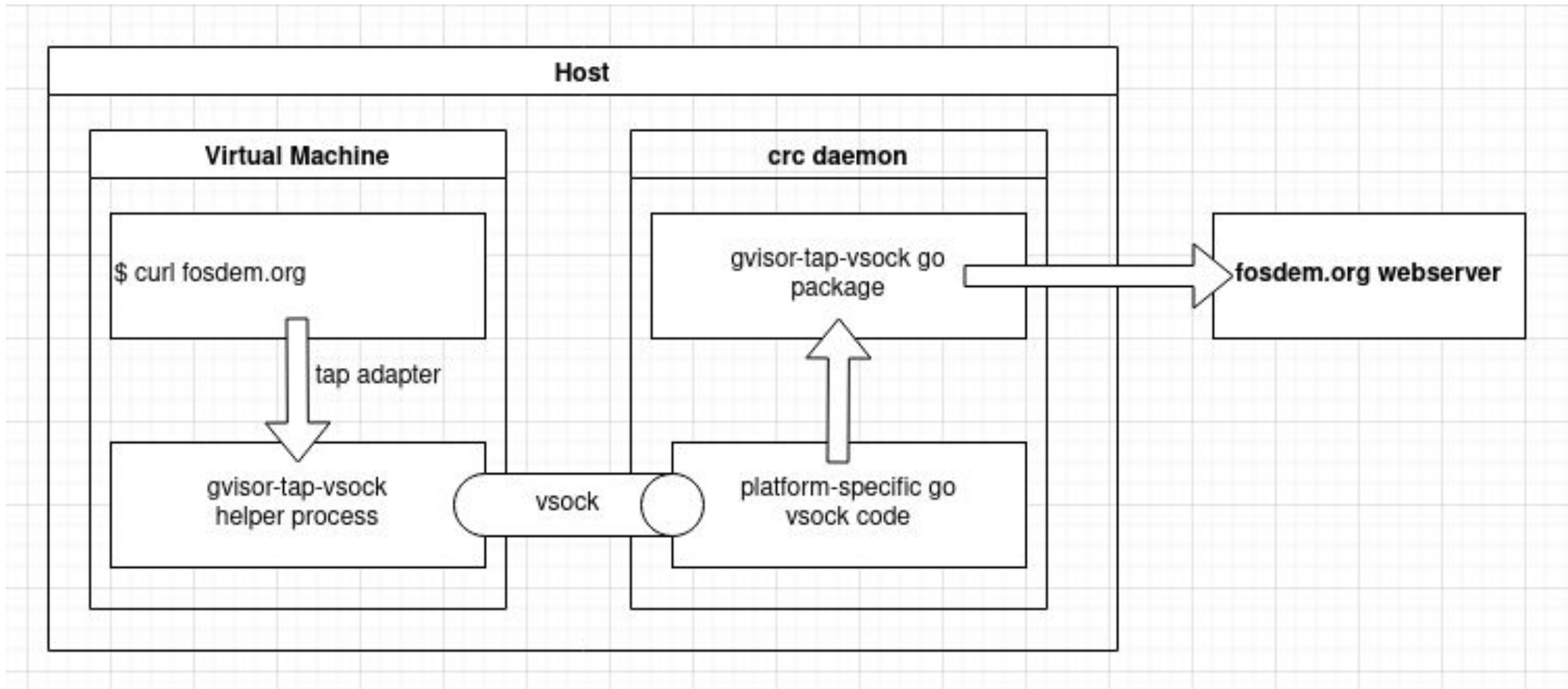
How does it work?



How does it work?



How does it work?



What about incoming connections?

- ▶ The virtual machine has no externally visible IP address
- ▶ Only reachable through its 192.168.127.x address through the daemon
- ▶ HTTP API to expose ports:
 - `curl -X POST -d '{"local": "127.0.0.1:1234", "remote": "192.168.127.2:22"}' --unix-socket ~/.crc/crc-http.sock http:/unix/network/services/forwarder/expose`
- ▶ Services running on the VM need ports to be opened on the host
 - Potential port conflicts (ssh port)

Useful links

- ▶ CodeReady Containers: <https://github.com/code-ready/crc/>
- ▶ gvisor-tap-vsock: <https://github.com/containers/gvisor-tap-vsock>
- ▶ Contact information: cfergeau@redhat.com

Thank you

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