An open-source digital radio protocol for amateur radio The M17 protocol

Morgan Diepart

February 4, 2024

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Who am I?



Figure 1: Morgan Diepart

- Research engineer at University of Liège (Belgium) in embedded systems and RF
- Licensed ham radio operator ON4MOD
- Joined M17Project in February 2023 (right after FOSDEM23)
- Doing mostly hardware design and firmware works

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Amateur Radio

- It is a technical hobby
- Allows you to legally transmit on certain frequencies
- Extremely vast (antennas, transceivers, DX, ...)
- Most hardware produced by just a few brands...

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The *Ham Spirit* always promoted sharing designs, ideas, discoveries, ...



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Which is not to be confused with ...

Some countries disallow ciphered communications. Forces manufacturers to publish their protocol's specifications. That does not make it FOSS...

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None is truly FOSS. Sometimes only one, closed source, implementation exists.

Taking DSTAR for an example

First versions of DSTAR specifications is released in 2001 by JARL (Japan).

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DSTAR de-facto became ICOM's proprietary mode.

Main obstacles

Licensing issues

Manufacturers exploit the lack of licenses to lock down their environments...

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Computing power at the time (2001) was limited. The vocoder is implemented in an ASIC and the algorithms are protected by patents, industrial secrets,...

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There are historic reasons, but how does one tinker with it? *Answer: you do not.*

Main obstacle

Technical issues

The vocoder being an integral part of the protocol. It it possible to have a fully FOSS protocol?

And how?

The solution Codec 2

The solution came in the form of Codec 2 released in 2010 by David Rowe (VK5DGR).

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Since then the computing power increased significantly, so much that a 32-bits ARM MCU is enough.

Then came...

The innovation

This last brick allowed the emergence of fully open-source protocols such as:

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 FreeDV (GPL v2.1) Using Codec 2 at a low bit-rate, narrower bandwidth in HF. Published in 2012. It is the reference Codec 2 implementation.

 M17 (GPL v2) Using Codec2 at highest bit-rate, standard FM bandwidth, for VHF and up. Published in 2019.

The M17 protocol Finally!

Has all the features one can expect

- Packet mode
- Stream mode

► ...

- AES encryption
- Specifications for traffic over IP

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- Packet mode
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- AES encryption
- Specifications for traffic over IP

Most importantly, the specifications are open-source and licensed under GPL v2.

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Beyond the protocol

Because M17 is now more than just a protocol! Getting rid of the proprietary vocoder allows implementations...

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for your computer (mvoice, GNURadio OOT module, libm17, ...),

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►

A whole ecosystem.

Module17

Open source DV modem

Modem that allows you to TX M17 using FM radio





- Open-source protocol...
- Open-source hardware
- Open-source software

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- Affordable
- Build it yourself!

OpenHT

Open source portable transceiver

If you can modulate it we can send it... For now...

- Open-source hardware*
- Open-source firmware*
- 430 MHz / 2.4 GHz @25 mW

*FPGA toolchain and IPs are not

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For the future

- OpenRTX
- USB-C charging!!
- Open-source FPGA
- 5W output



A shootout to very interesting projects close to M17

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- OpenRTX, the open-source firmware,
- WPSD, the hotspot software,
- MMDVM, the hotspot hardware,

▶ .



Thank you for your attention!



m17project.org

Checkout the Ham Radio infobooth in building AW.