Deploying Python on Wasm

Smaller, Safer, Faster, Universal

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About me:

- Engineer @ Loophole Labs -
- Scale Function Runtime (scale.sh) -
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- Wasm Chicago Group (wasmchicago.org) -







What is WebAssembly?

- WebAssembly (abbreviated Wasm) is a safe, portable, compact representation no assumption about languages, or host. - Analogy: "Virtual CPU"



low-level code format designed for efficient execution and

- Safe, sandboxed execution env, "deny-by-default", makes





Cont'd:

- A Compilation Target
- A Virtual Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) -Bytecode binary format - Stack Machine







Wait, what?

- In a broad sense, Wasm is just another architecture -- Key diffs:
 - Virtualized

 - Universal



- Needs a runtime to translate to Machine code





A client-side technology?

- assumption about languages, or host.
- "Cold start" times in nano- to micro-seconds - Universal compilation target
- Wasm != Web && Wasm != Assembly



- Safe, sandboxed execution environment... makes no





Server-side WebAssembly -Cloud Infrastructure's "Penicillin Moment"

 $-VMs \rightarrow Containers \rightarrow WebAssembly$ -smaller, safer, *faster, (much more) universal.







VASI - System Interface

-<u>Started in 2019, initially POSIX Interface for Wasm</u> -Capability-based security -evolving standard: Preview 1, 2, 3 (Future) -is it required ?









- Plugin framework
- Serverless function runtime
- Polyglot programming in the same runtime environment
- written in golang
- Current plugin support for rust, go, typescript





https://scale.sh

Building Python: Assumptions

- Assumptions:
 - Unix
 - Filesystem
 - Dynamic Linking
 - Syscalls/Libc







Pain-points

- Limited number of supported Syscalls
- No pthread APIs
- No socket APIs
- Non-comprehensive signal support
- More Detail: Christian Heimes' Wasm Day Talk









Container Declaration \rightarrow Wasm Binary (+ runtime) boxer.dev













What is in a (Wasm) Box?

• Base layer VFS + Virtualized Sys Code Stubs • Compiled runtime • User source code • Exports/Imports





HOW?

- libc/syscall Interfaces (wasm-libc, wasi-libc)
- a sandboxed FS (wasm-vfs)
- wizer

 \rightarrow FROM ubuntu:latest \rightarrow RUN mkdir -p /app \rightarrow COPY a.out /app \rightarrow WORKDIR /app \rightarrow CMD ["/app/a.out"]







Wasm-vfs

- Implemented Syscalls
- POSIX semantics
- Key differences with sync/flush/lock and more
- Architecture Patterns
- (code)







Demo







Big) Caveats

- Threads
- Networking
- Native Dependencies, the problem, and what to do - What the benefits Wasm-ifying these does, though
- Future work, current solutions





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Key Python Deployment Metrics

Containers Size: 80 - 900mb Startup Speed: 800ms - ~2s Security Model: Shared Kernel



Boxes Size: 16 mb Startup Speed ~100µs - ~1 ms: Security Model: Virtualized Sandboxed, Machine code execution





The Future

- Full support for Libc + Syscall Interfaces: Import/Exports, runtime host function generation
- Modularize Kernel Stacks 😱
 - Pluggable, Networking stack, etc.
 - Wasm VFS
 - Shims, when needed, modules elsewhere
- A Paradigm-shift: A kernel-free, composable, universal Wasm-based Operating Environment
 - WASI
 - WALI
 - Baremetal Runtimes + Unikernel, etc.
- Unprecedented, True Isomorphism













Thanks!











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