

Container Storage Interface Addons: Extending CSI specification to provide

#### advanced storage operations

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# Agenda

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#### **Container & Container Orchestration**





#### • Container:

- A container is a standard unit of software that packages up code and all its dependencies so the application runs quickly and reliably from one computing environment to another.
- They are portable, lightweight, secure and widely used.

#### • Container Orchestration:

- Container orchestration automates the deployment, management, scaling, and networking of containers.
- networking of containers.
  Popular Container Orchestration Platforms: 377
  - Kubernetes
  - Docker Swarm
  - Apache Mesos
  - Nomad

### **In-Tree Storage Drivers**



- Container Orchestrators realised the need for persistent storage for stateful applications.
- **Storage Drivers** were used to provide access to persistent storage for containers.
- These **Storage Drivers** were **"in-tree"**, they were part of each CO's codebase and shipped with the core CO's binaries.
- This had a lot of disadvantages:
  - **Storage Vendors (SV)** had to write different volume plugins for each CO.
  - **SVs** were forced to align with the CO's release process even for bug fixes.
  - Third-party storage code caused reliability and security issues in core CO's binaries.
  - It was often difficult (and in some cases impossible) for CO's maintainers to test and maintain plugin code.



#### CSI

- **Container Storage Interface** (CSI) was proposed as a solution to problems faced by in-tree volume plugins.
- CSI Specification defines APIs (RPCs) to enable:
  - Dynamic provisioning and deprovisioning of a volume.
  - $\circ~$  Mounting/unmounting a volume from a node.
  - Creating and deleting a snapshot.
  - Provisioning a new volume from a snapshot.
- SVs now had to develop only a single CSI Driver and it would work across a number of container orchestration (CO) systems.





### **CSI Deployment**

A CSI Driver Consists of :

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- Provisioner Deployment :
  - For Volume/Snapshot Creation, Expansion and Deletion.
  - It contains CSI Driver, external provisioner, external snapshotter, external attacher and external resizer containers.
  - Usually deployed with count two and leader election enabled for HA.

#### Nodeplugin Daemonset :

- For Volume Mounting and Unmounting.
- It contains CSI Driver and node driver registrar containers.
- Deployed one per node.

### **CSI Deployment**



### **CSI-Addons**

CSI-Addons hosts the extensions to the CSI specification that provides advanced storage operations.

Various components involved:

- CSI-Addons Specification
  - $\circ~$  Defines APIs (RPCs) to provide:
    - Identity service
    - Reclaim Space service
    - Network Fence service
    - Volume Replication service
- CSI-Addons Controller
  - $\circ\;$  Watches and responds to Custom Resources.
  - $\circ~$  Connects to Sidecar and sends operation requests.
- CSI-Addons Sidecar
  - $\circ\;$  Advertises its presence to the controller.
  - $\circ~$  Relays requests from Controller to the CSI Driver.





### **CSI-Addons Deployment**



# **CSI-Addons: Reclaim Space Operation**



- Reclaim Space operation executes
  - **ONLINE operation:** This operation is run from **CSI Driver** on the node where the volume is mounted. For example: **`fstrim`** on filesystem mode volumes.
  - OFFLINE operation: This operation is forwarded to the leader CSI Driver which supports it and can be executed regardless of volume is mounted or not. For example: `rbd sparsify` run on a rbd volume.
- This enables storage admins to have accurate view of storage consumption in a cluster.

## **CSI-Addons: Network Fence Operations**



- **Network Fence** operation provides an API for blocking a list of given CIDR IP ranges.
- This plays a critical role in **Metro Disaster Recovery** and **Node-Loss** scenarios.







# CSI-Addons: Volume Replication Operation

#### **Volume Replication Operation**

- Volume Replication operation provides common and reusable APIs for storage disaster recovery.
- It allows enabling/disabling mirroring and changing state(primary/secondary) of rbd mirrored images.
- The volume replication operation automates rbd-mirroring, allowing **promote**, **demote**, **resync** and get volume replication information operations on rbd images.
- This plays a critical role in **Regional Disaster Recovery**.



## **CSI-Addons: Future Roadmap**



- Rotation of Key Encryption Keys(KEKs) for encrypted volumes.
- Volume Group Replication.
- Repairing corrupted Filesystem.

#### References



- Container Storage Interface (CSI) Specification.
- <u>CSI-Addons · GitHub</u>
- <u>GitHub csi-addons/spec: Storage Provider extensions to the CSI Specification</u>
- <u>CSI-Addons implementation and APIs for Kubernetes</u>
- CSI driver for Ceph
- <u>GitHub rook/rook: Storage Orchestration for Kubernetes</u>