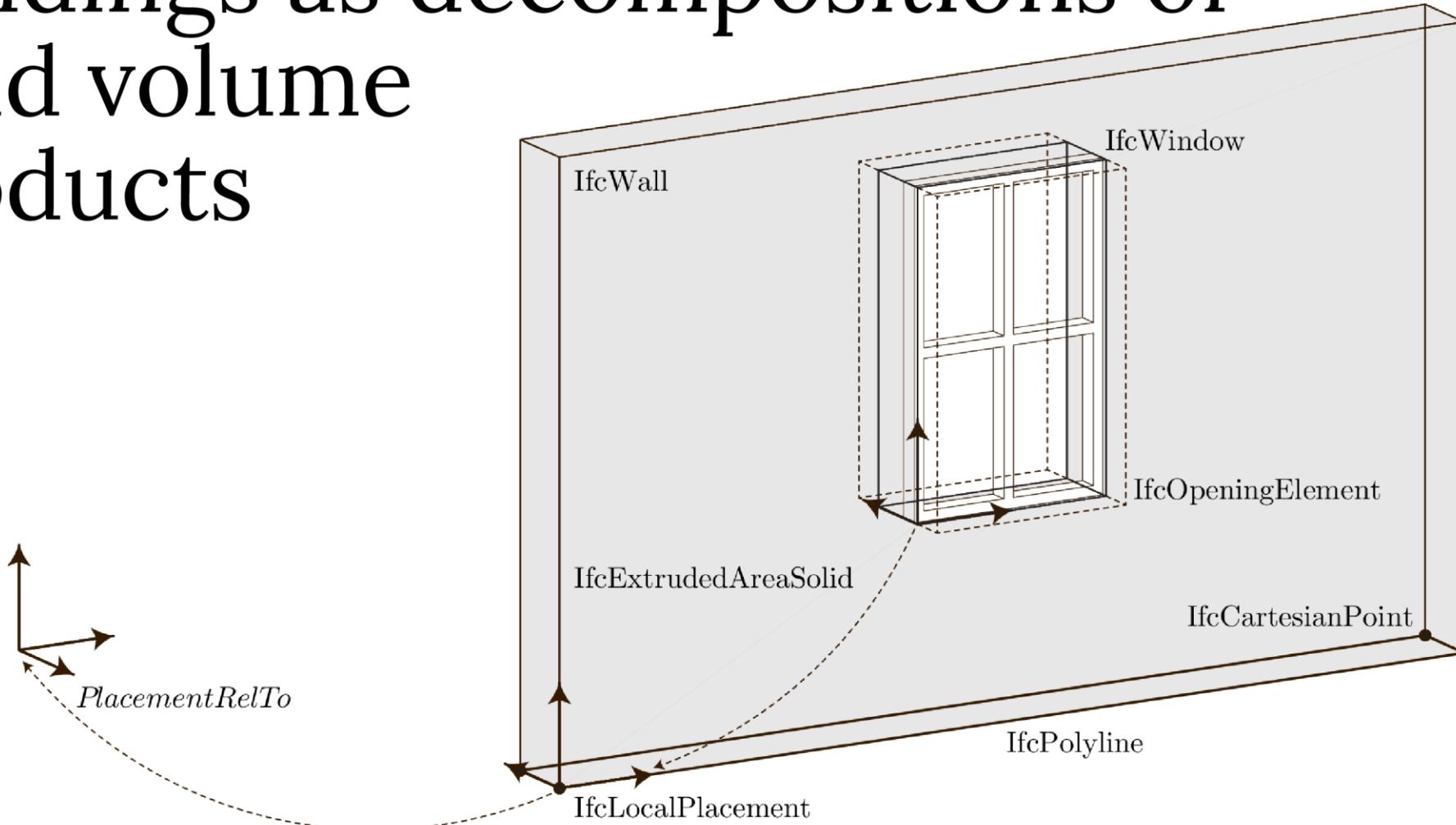


Multi-disciplinary geometry (libraries) in BIM and the IfcOpenShell software library

Thomas Krijnen

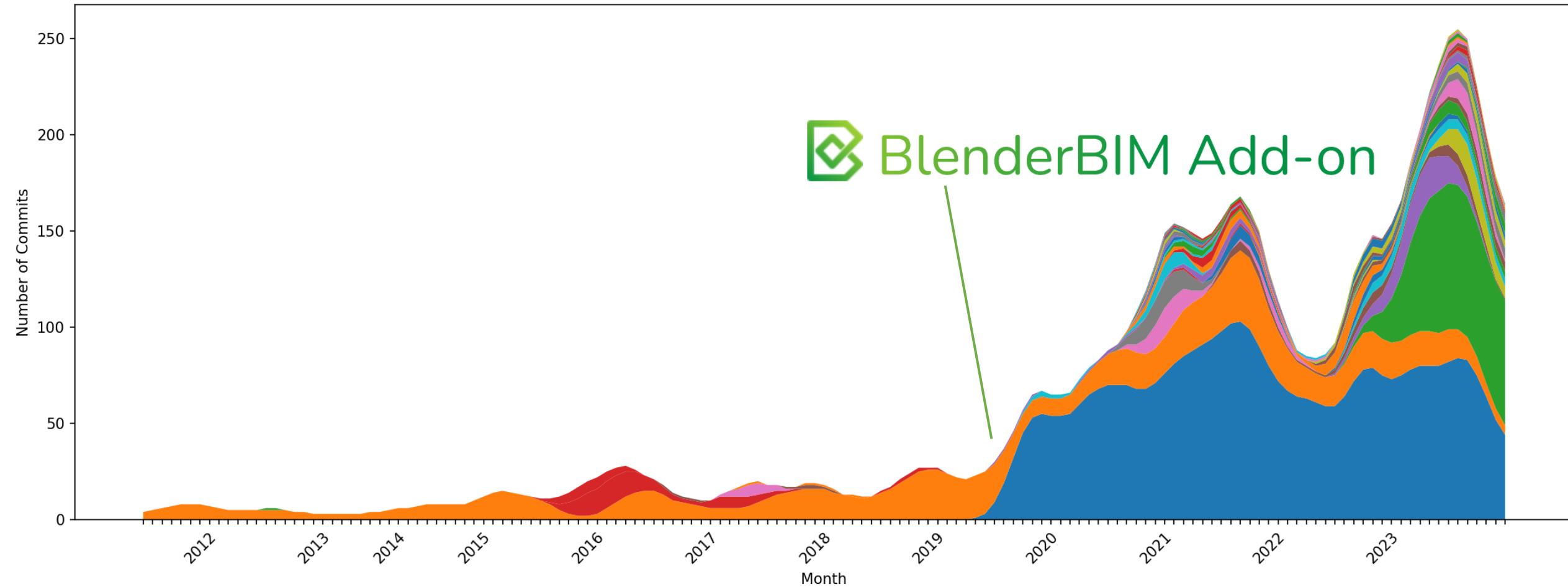
Buildings as decompositions of solid volume products



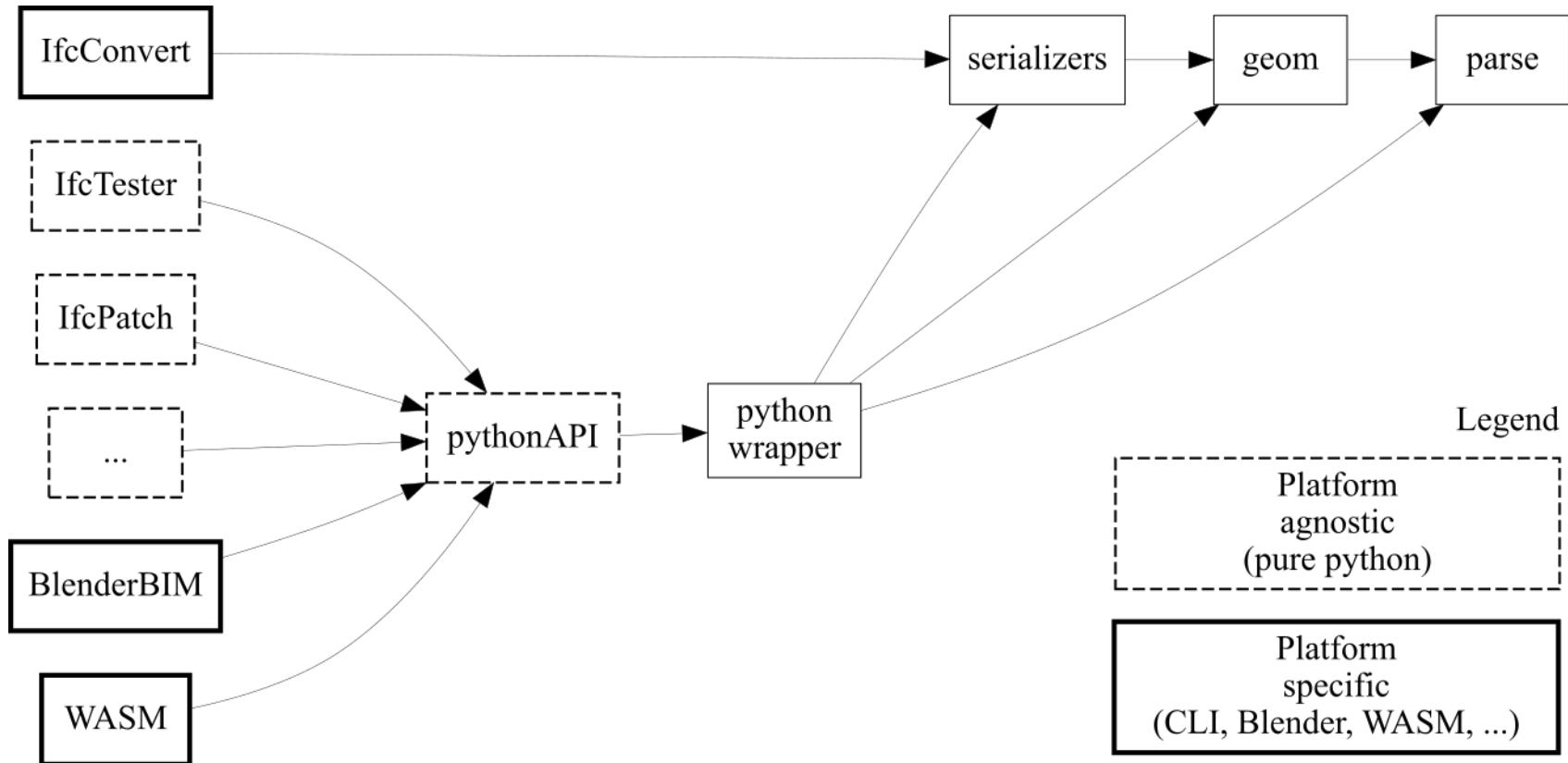
source: (Pauwels, Krijnen, Terkaj & Beetz 2016)

IfcOpenShell: contributors

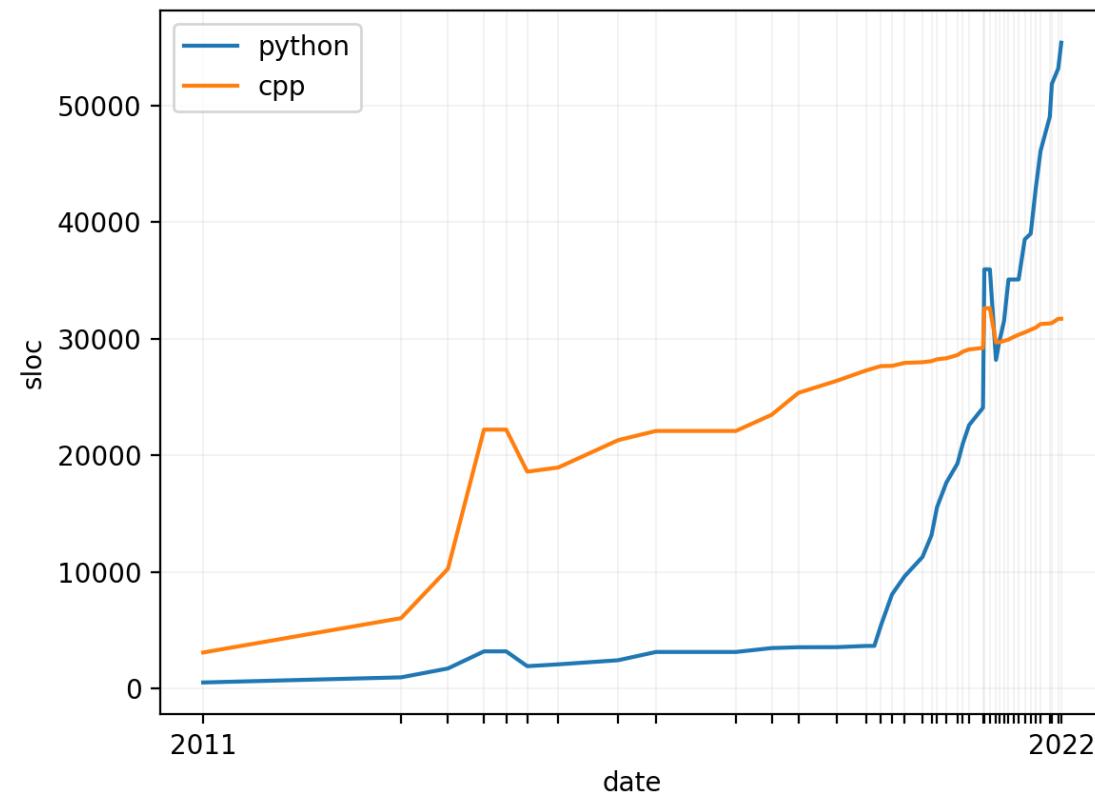
IfcOpenShell Contributions Over Time by Author



IfcOpenShell: modules



IfcOpenShell: language



The aim: automation on BIM

Derive higher level geometric concepts in BIM

ex: an efficient manifold representation of the facade

A digital twin that can be updated over the operation phase of a building

ex: add a wall that splits a space in two, or the reverse

Multi-disciplinary challenges

Geometric analysis

Solar potential

Building code compliance

Zoning regulations

Efficient visualization

Light weight models for mutation

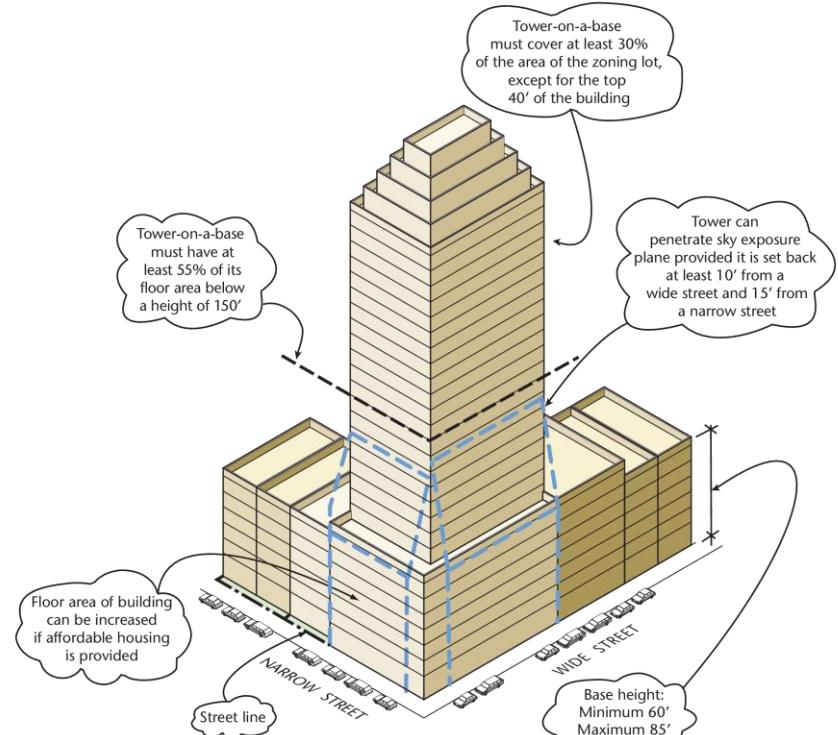
Simulations

thermal

acoustics

light

[https://www.nyc.gov/assets/planning/download/
pdf/zoning/districts-tools/r10_tower.pdf](https://www.nyc.gov/assets/planning/download/pdf/zoning/districts-tools/r10_tower.pdf)



R10 General Residence District: Tower-on-a-Base				
R10 ¹	FAR (max)	Base Height (min/max)	Tower Lot Coverage (min/max)	Required Parking ⁴ (min)
	10.0 ²	60-85 ft	30%-40% ³	40% of dwelling units ⁵

¹ Commercial districts with an R10 residential district equivalent are C1-9, C2-8, C4-6, C4-7, C5, C6-4, C6-5, C6-6, C6-7, C6-8 and C6-9

² Up to 12.0 FAR with Inclusionary Housing Program bonus

³ Up to 50% for a zoning lot smaller than 20,000 square feet

⁴ Waived in Manhattan Core and Long Island City

⁵ 20% if zoning lot is between 10,001 and 15,000; waived if zoning lot is 10,000 square feet or less, or if 15 or fewer spaces required

Multi-disciplinary challenges

Heat dissipation among
spaces with
thermal interfaces

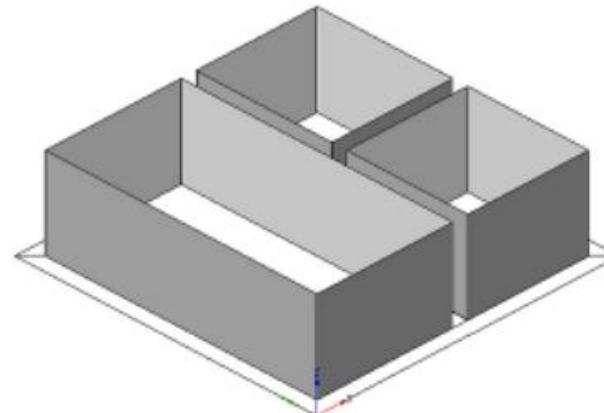


Figure 176 — Space boundary at first level

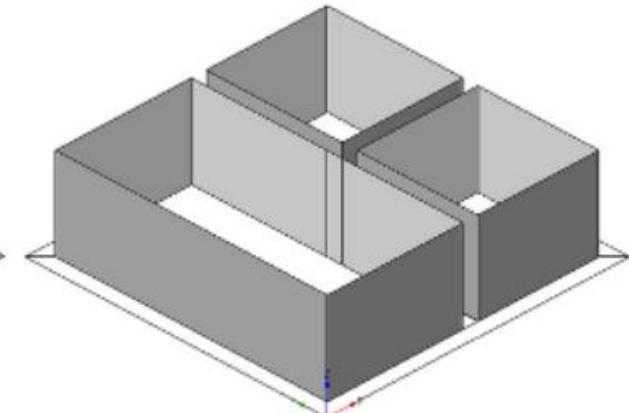


Figure 177 — Space boundary at second level

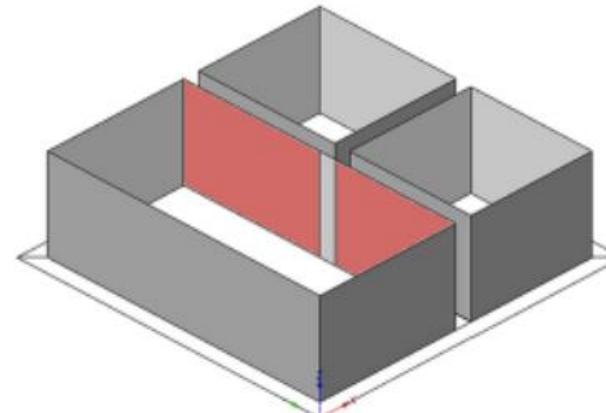


Figure 178 — Space boundary at second level type A

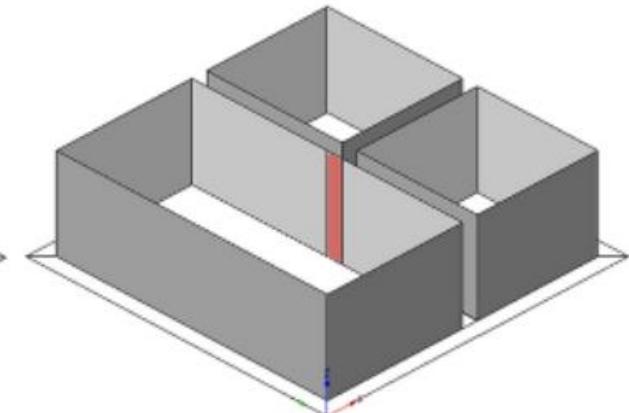
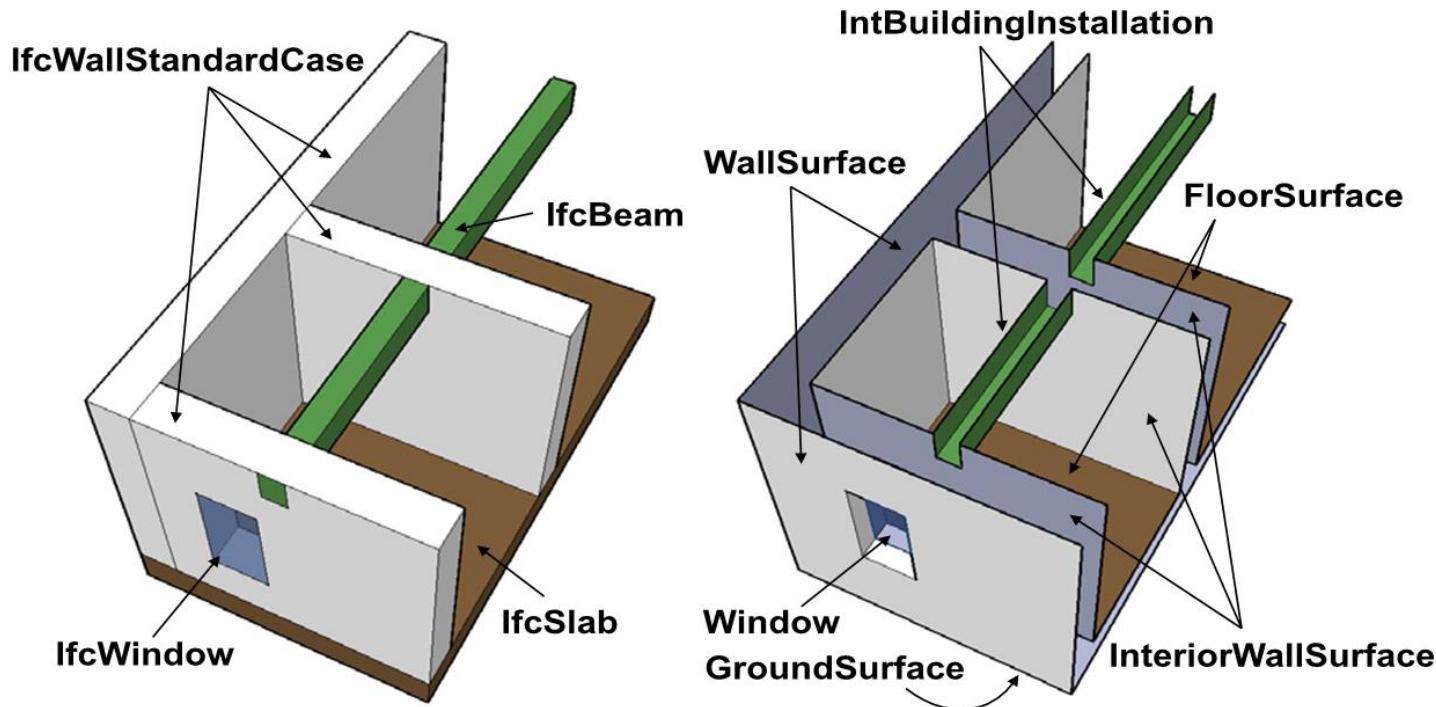


Figure 179 — Space boundary at second level type B

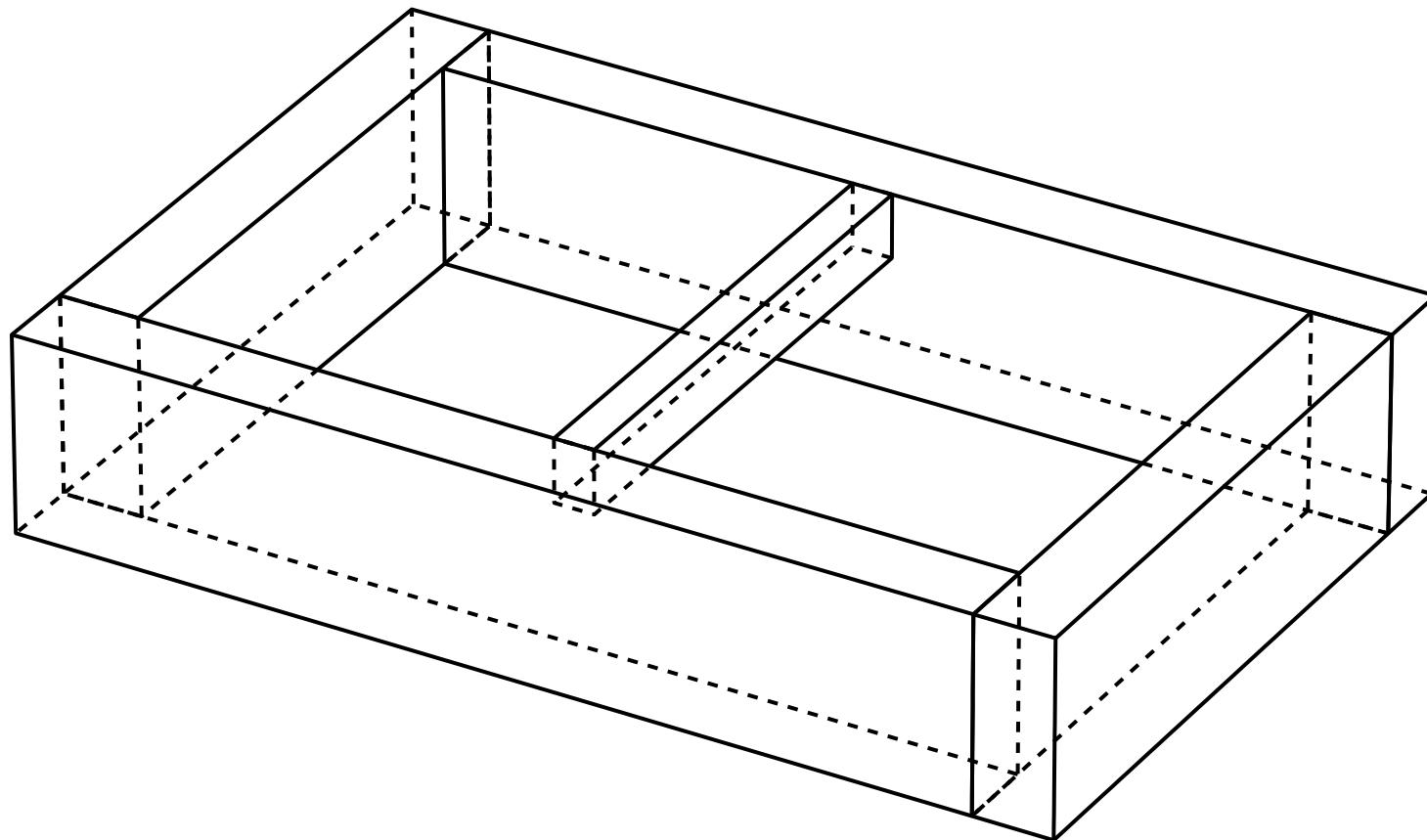
Multi-disciplinary challenges

Observable content in geospatial information

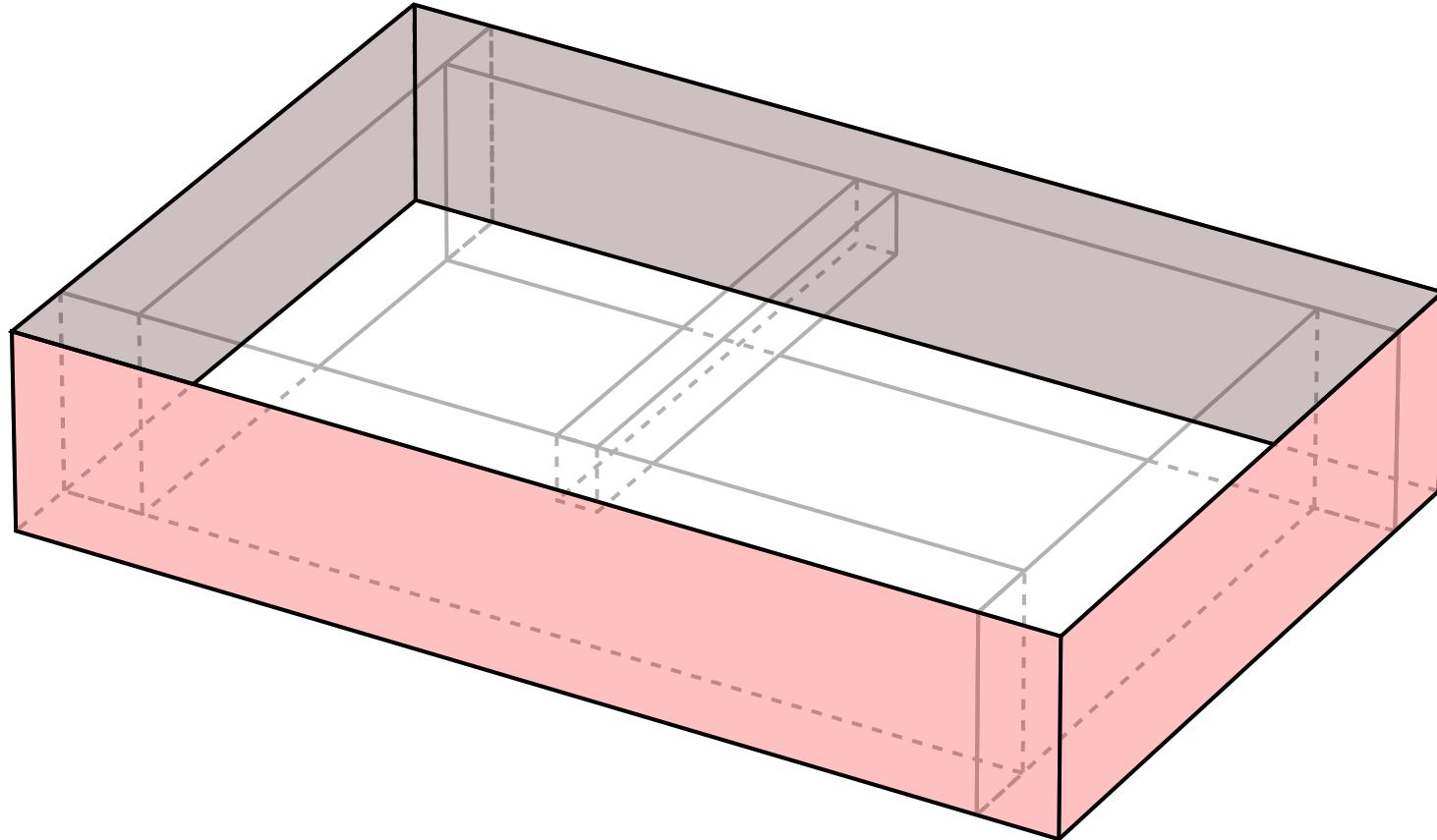


Nagel, Stadler, and Kolbe (2009)

Disjoint geometries



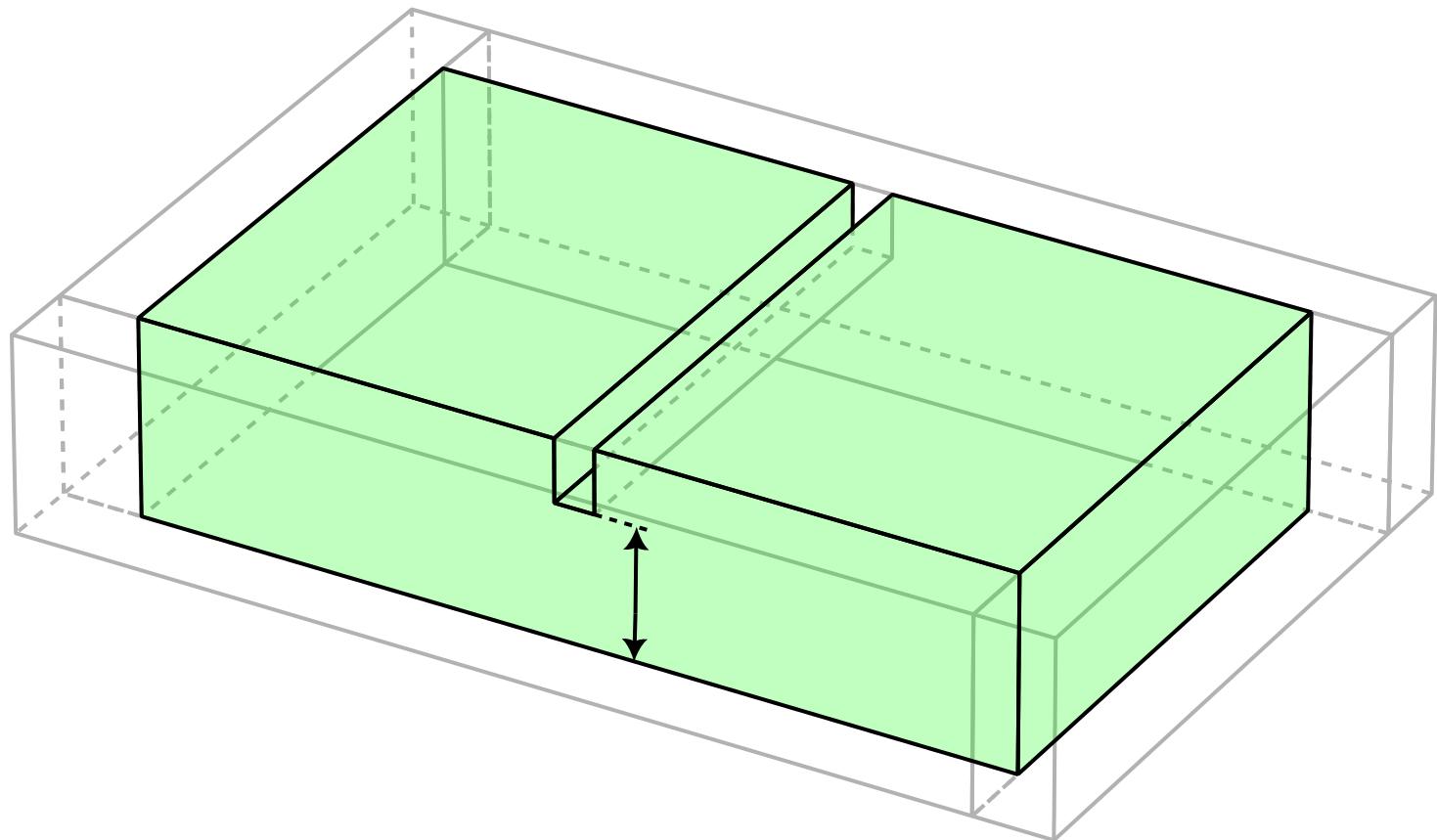
Aim: Manifold exterior shell of the building facade



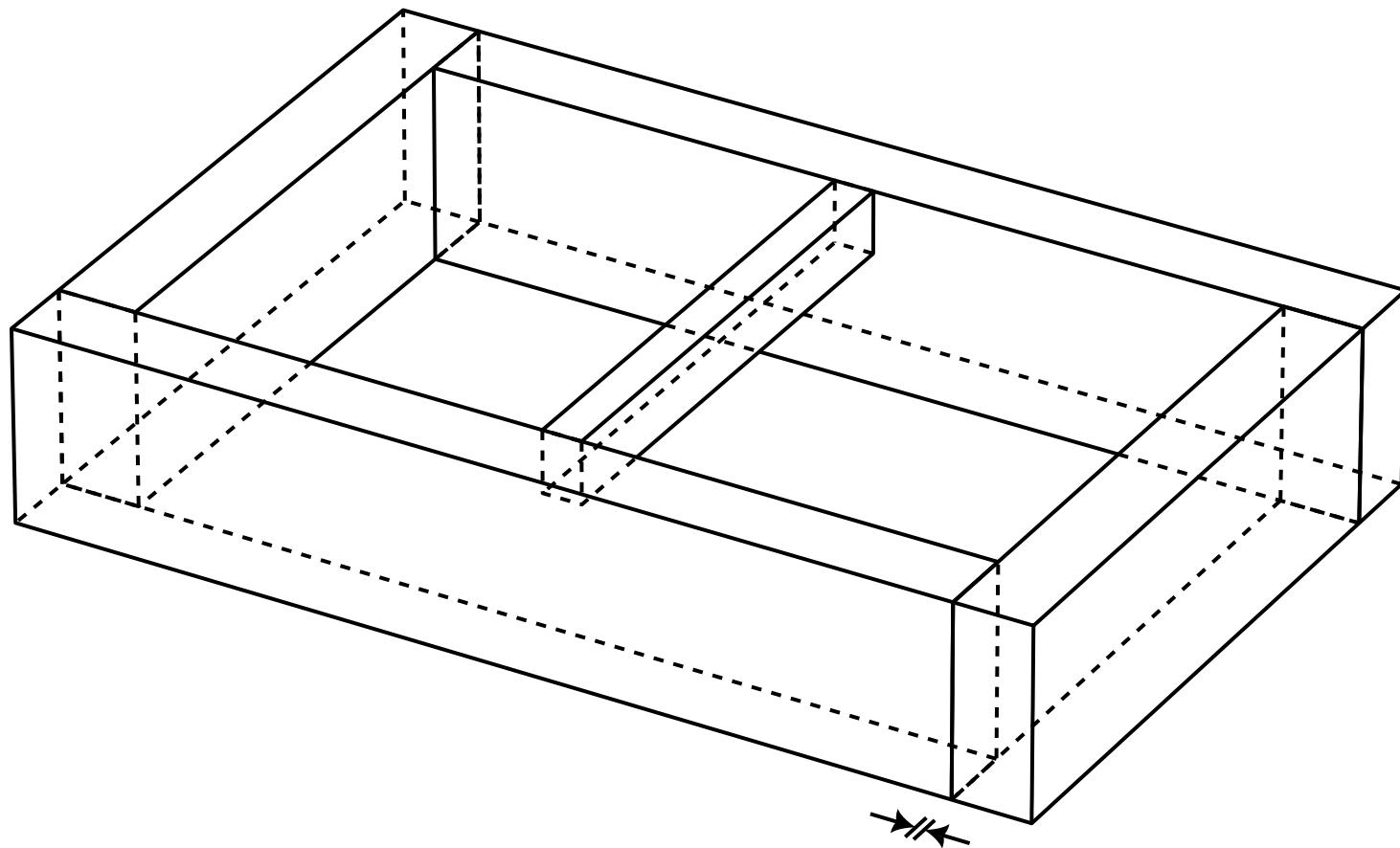
A problem

Data comes from heterogenous sources, cannot rely on a single authoring tool to construct such secondary representations

Aim: Interior space with interior elements imprinted



A problem: geometric imprecision

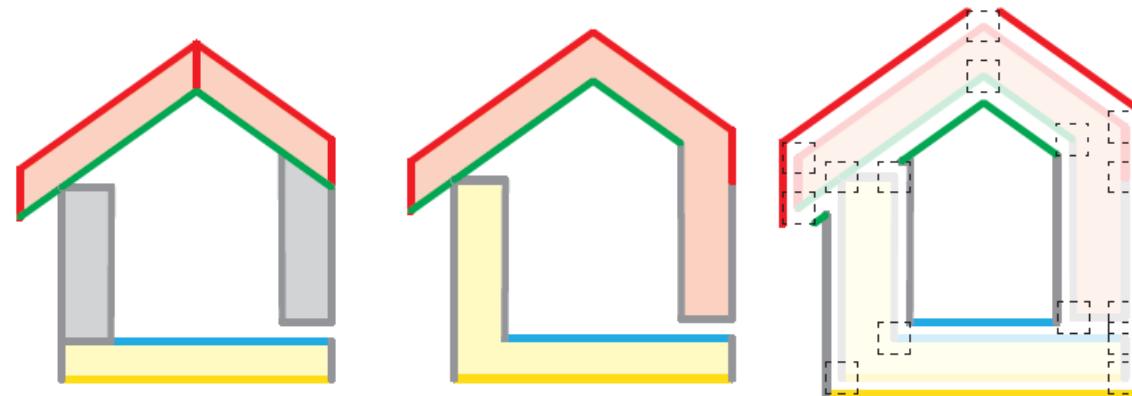


A problem:

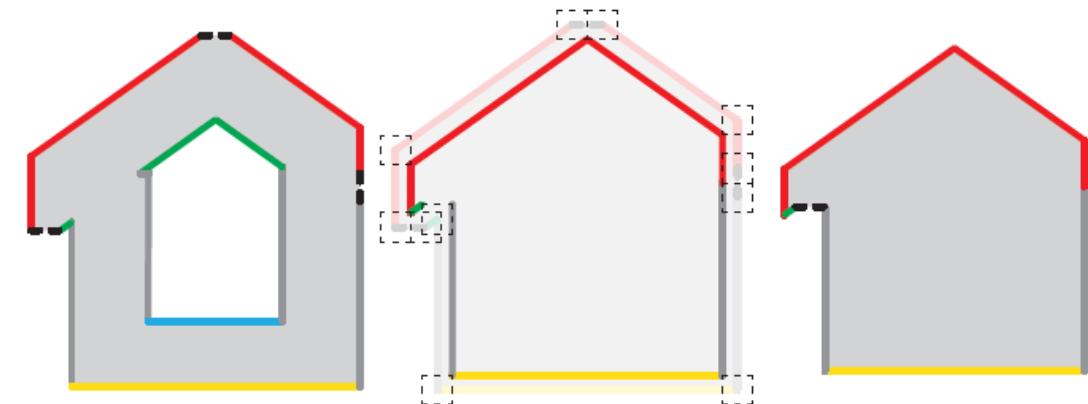
Computational challenges

- ‘Fuzzy’ boolean operations have limited robustness
- ‘Exact’ boolean operations do not ‘fuse’ disjoint elements

Earlier attempt



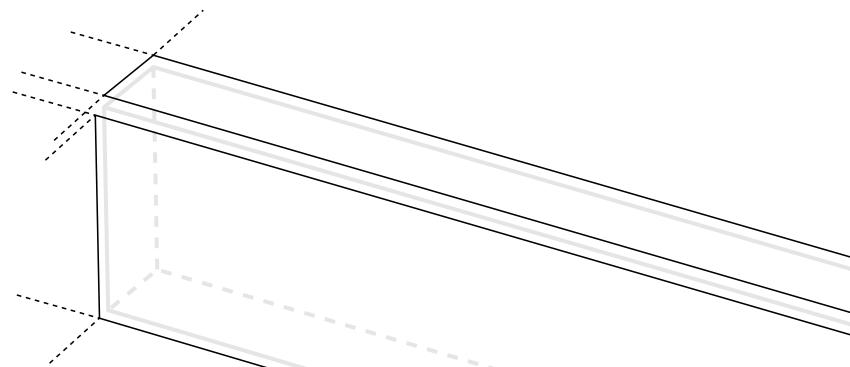
(A) Model with gaps before transformation (B) Boolean union fails at extracting the exterior shell (C) Dilation using a cubical structuring element



(D) Dilation result from which the interior geometry can be removed (E) Erosion using the same structuring element (F) The closed exterior shell with most semantics and geometries intact

FIGURE 3.9: Visualisation of the exterior shell extraction with closing

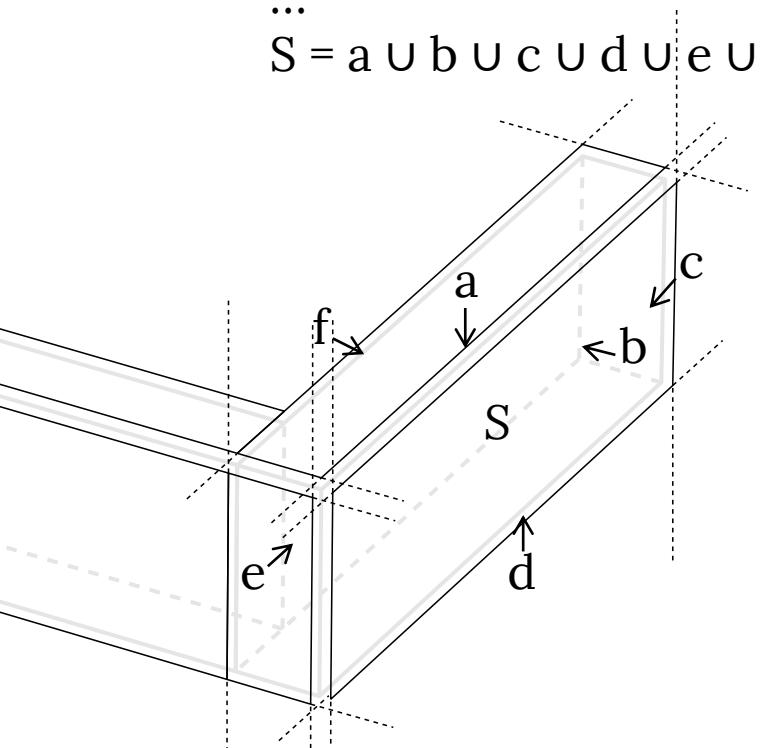
Decompose into - and align - halfspaces



CGAL

- halfspace boolean ops
- IfcOpenShell
 - ifc parsing and mapping to polyhedra
- python
 - glue language
 - vector math
- numpy
- scipy
- igraph
- C++
 - kdtree for spatial lookup
 - connected components
 - main implementation
 - language

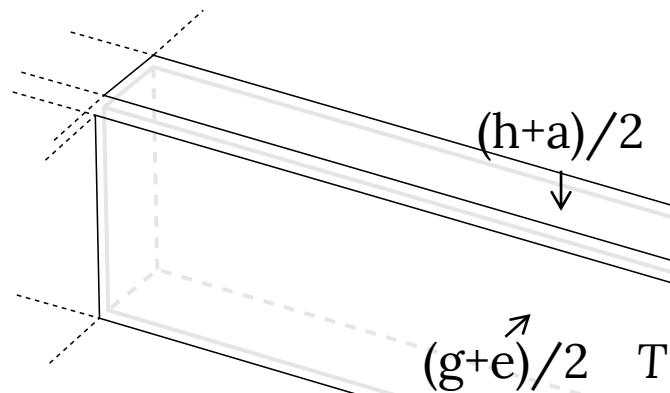
$$\begin{aligned} a &= ax + by + cz + d \\ b &= \dots \\ \dots \\ S &= a \cup b \cup c \cup d \cup e \cup f \end{aligned}$$



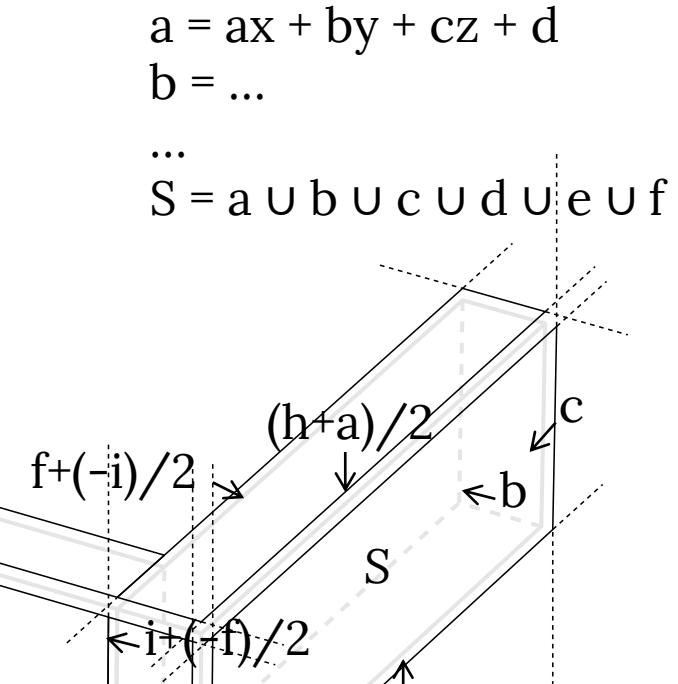
<https://cesium.com/blog/2023/07/26/ecosystem-grant-recipients-summer-2023/>



Decompose into - and align - halfspaces



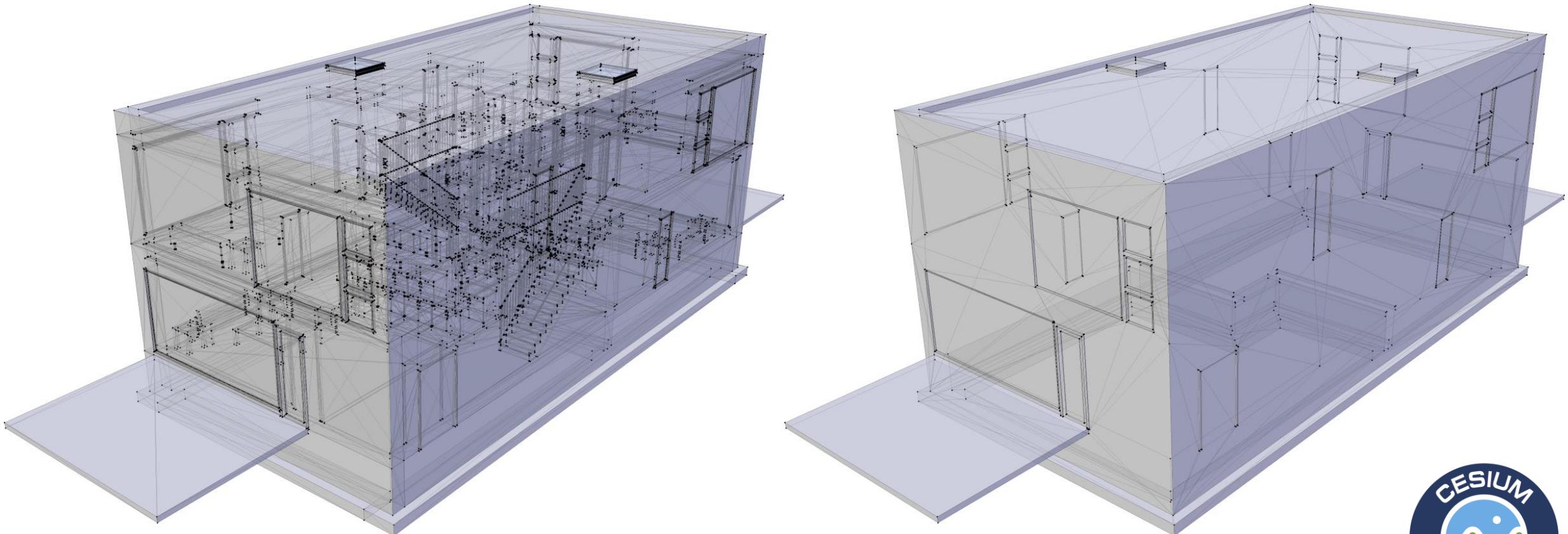
CGAL
IfcOpenShell
python
numpy
scipy
igraph
C++
- halfspace boolean ops
- ifc parsing and mapping
to polyhedra
- glue language
- vector math
- kdtree for spatial lookup
- connected components
- main implementation
language



[https://cesium.com/blog/2023/07/26/
ecosystem-grant-recipients-summer-2023/](https://cesium.com/blog/2023/07/26/ecosystem-grant-recipients-summer-2023/)



The result



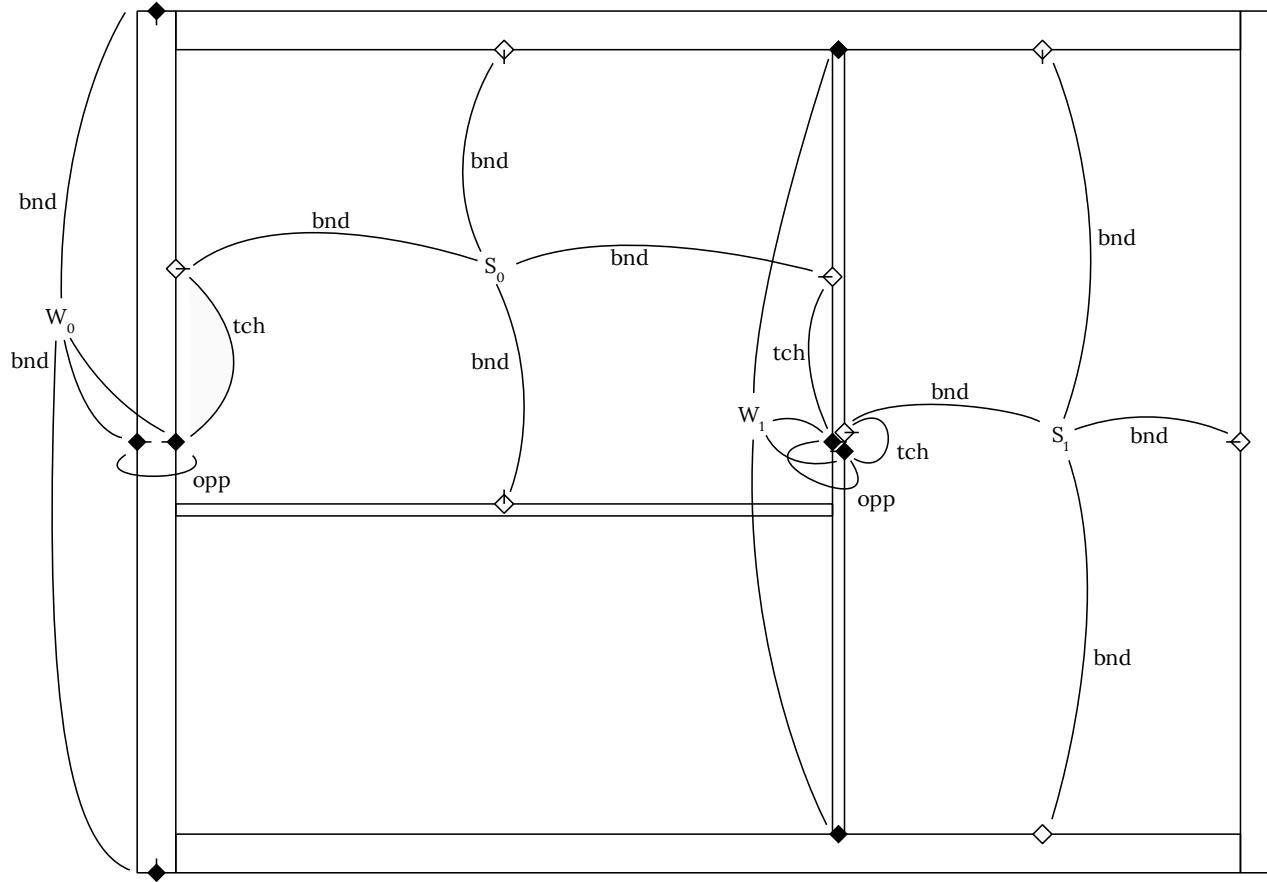
[https://cesium.com/blog/2023/07/26/
cesium-ecosystem-grant-recipients-summer-2023/](https://cesium.com/blog/2023/07/26/cesium-ecosystem-grant-recipients-summer-2023/)



From spaces to zones using halfspaces

W_0	- wall
s_0	- space
opp	- opposite halfspace within solid
bnd	- boundary halfspace of solid
tch	- opposite halfspaces touching

CGAL - halfspace boolean ops
IfcOpenShell - ifc parsing and mapping to
 polyhedra
rdfLib - RDF querying
python - glue language
C++ - main implementation
 language



From spaces to zones using halfspaces

```
select ?i1 ?i2 ?e1 ?e2 ?w ?wi1 ?wi2 where {
  ?elem a <http://example.org/classes/Element> .
  ?elem <http://example.org/classes/ifcType> "IfcWall" .
  ?elem <http://example.org/classes/Loadbearing> FALSE .

  ?elem <http://example.org/classes/boundedBy> ?p1 .
  ?elem <http://example.org/classes/boundedBy> ?p2 .

  ?p1 <http://example.org/classes/opposite> ?p2 .
  ?p1 <http://example.org/classes/touches> ?q .
  ?p2 <http://example.org/classes/touches> ?r .

  ?sp1 <http://example.org/classes/ifcType> "IfcSpace" .
  ?sp2 <http://example.org/classes/ifcType> "IfcSpace" .
  ?sp1 <http://example.org/classes/boundedBy> ?q .
  ?sp2 <http://example.org/classes/boundedBy> ?r .

  ?q <http://example.org/classes/hasEquation> ?eq1 .
  ?r <http://example.org/classes/hasEquation> ?eq2 .

  ?sp1 <http://example.org/classes/hasIndex> ?i1 .
  ?sp2 <http://example.org/classes/hasIndex> ?i2 .
  ?p1 <http://example.org/classes/hasIndex> ?wi1 .
  ?p2 <http://example.org/classes/hasIndex> ?wi2 .
  ?elem <http://example.org/classes/hasIndex> ?w .
  ?q <http://example.org/classes/hasIndex> ?e1 .
  ?r <http://example.org/classes/hasIndex> ?e2 .

  filter(?p1 != ?p2)
}
```

Embed runtime-queryable semantic filters

From spaces to zones using halfspaces



Gemeente
Rotterdam

Space hierarchy service

Ruimtes en gebieden

> Onderdeel

> Verblijfsgebied

> Buitengebied

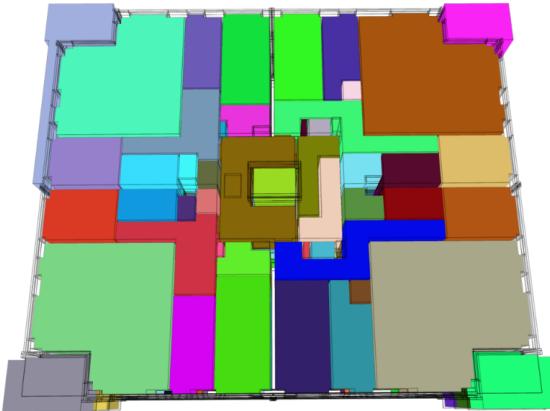
> Netto Vloeroppervlak

> Restgebied

> Gebruiksoppervlak

Notificaties

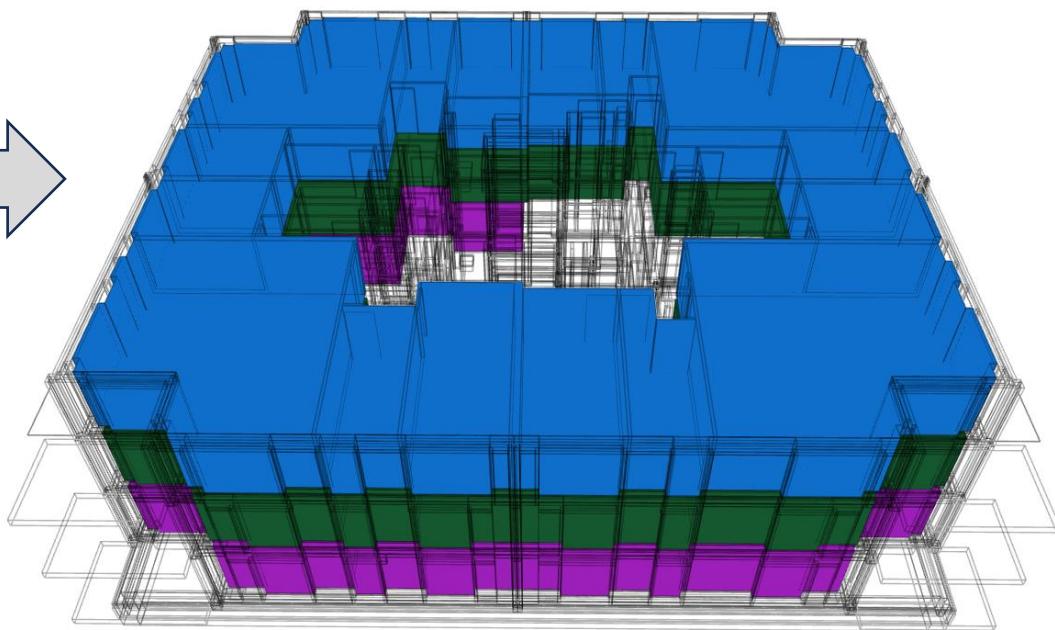
No information present on whether walls are load bearing



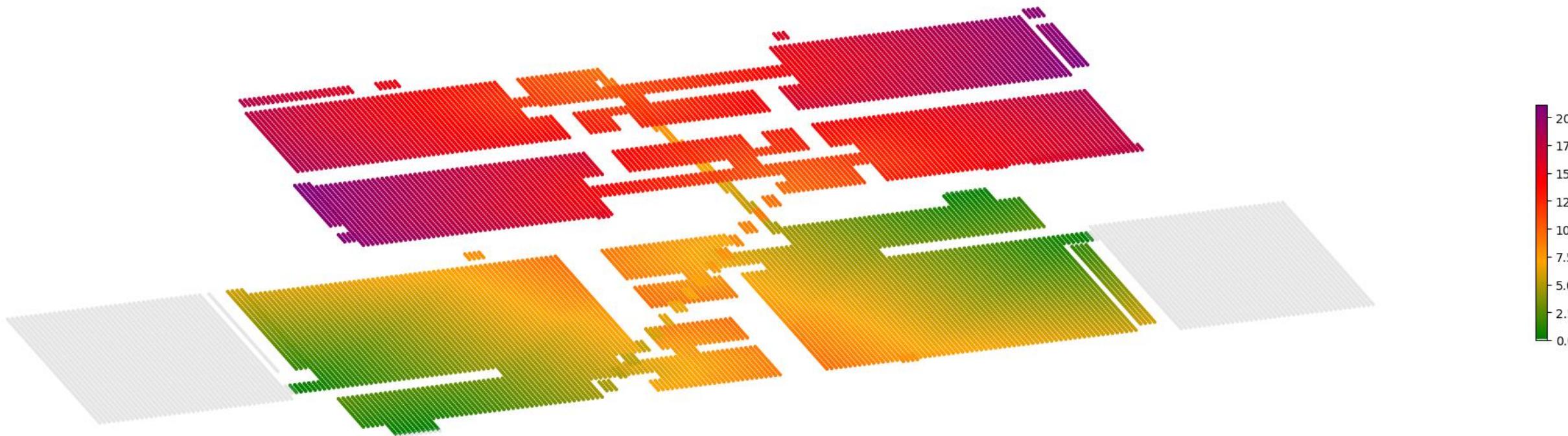
Individual spaces



Aggregated interior spaces joined across non-loadbearing partitions



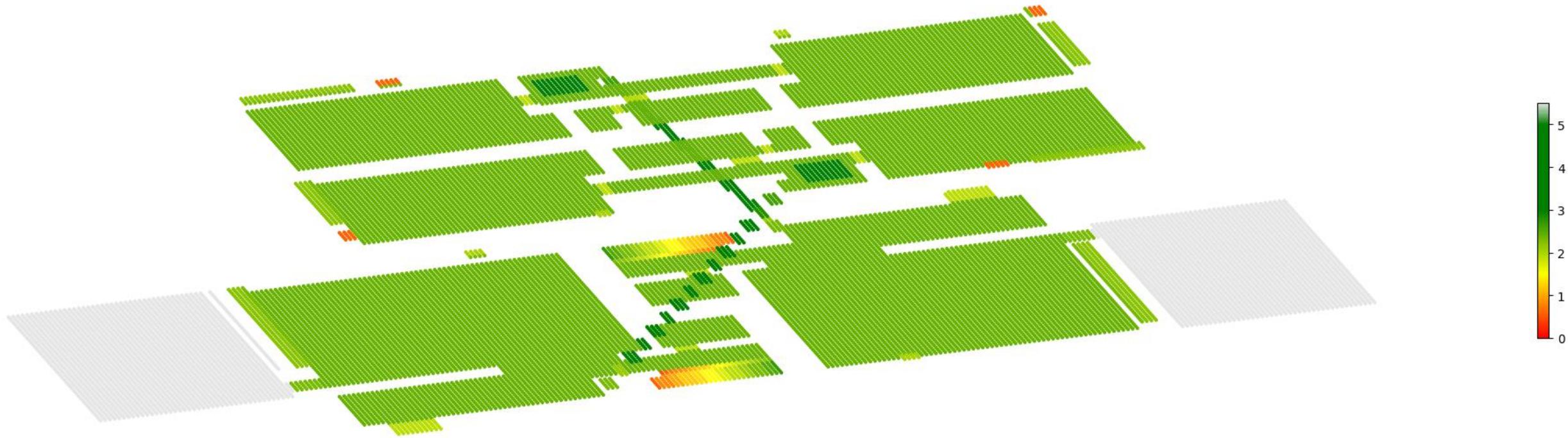
Voxels evacuation analysis



https://github.com/opensourceBIM/voxelization_toolkit

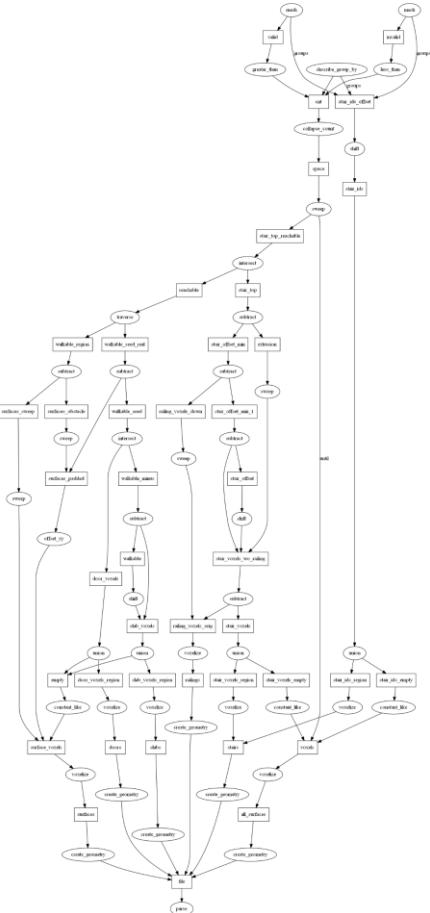
C++ - main implementation language
python - data visualization

Voxels headroom analysis



https://github.com/opensourceBIM/voxelization_toolkit

voxel analysis implementation language



```
file = parse("*.ifc")
all_surfaces = create_geometry(file, exclude={"IfcSpace", "IfcOpeningElement", ...})
voxels = voxelize(all_surfaces)

stairs = create_geometry(file, include={"IfcStair"})
stair_ids_region = voxelize(stairs, type="uint", method="surface")
stair_ids_empty = constant_like(voxels, 0, type="uint")
stair_ids = union(stair_ids_region, stair_ids_empty)
stair_ids_offset = shift(stair_ids, dx=0, dy=0, dz=1)

stair_voxels_region = voxelize(stairs)
stair_voxels_empty = constant_like(voxels, 0)
stair_voxels = union(stair_voxels_region, stair_voxels_empty)

railings = create_geometry(file, include={"IfcRailing"}, optional=1)
railing_voxels_orig = voxelize(railings)
railing_voxels_down = sweep(railing_voxels_orig, dx=0.0, dy=0.0, dz=-1.0)
stair_voxels_wo_railing = subtract(stair_voxels, railing_voxels_orig)

stair_offset = shift(stair_voxels_wo_railing, dx=0, dy=0, dz=1)
stair_offset_min_1 = subtract(stair_offset, stair_voxels_wo_railing)
stair_offset_min = subtract(stair_offset_min_1, railing_voxels_down)
extrusion = sweep(stair_voxels_wo_railing, dx=0.0, dy=0.0, dz=-0.4)
stair_top = subtract(stair_offset_min, extrusion)

surfaces = create_geometry(file, exclude={"IfcOpeningElement", "IfcDoor", "IfcSpace", ...})
...
```

voxelization

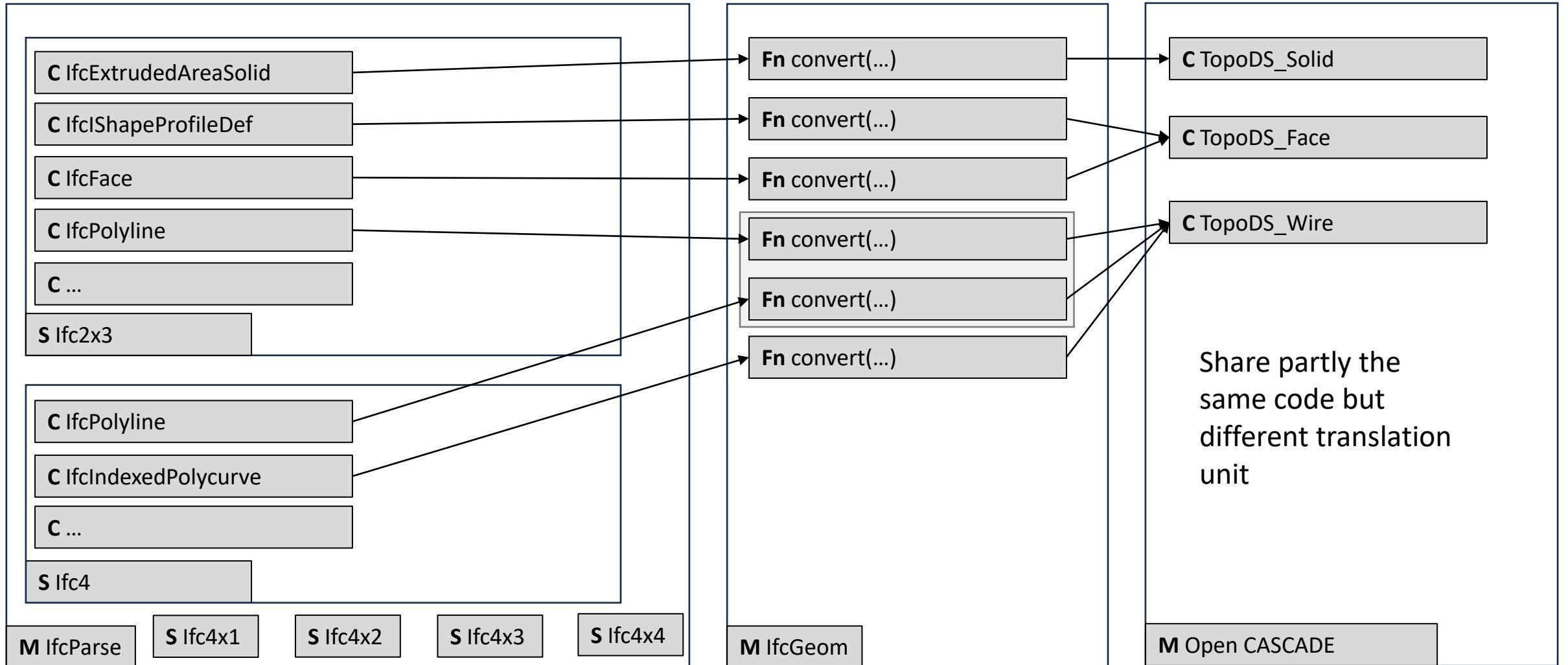
scalar/vector fields

robust and trivial boolean operations

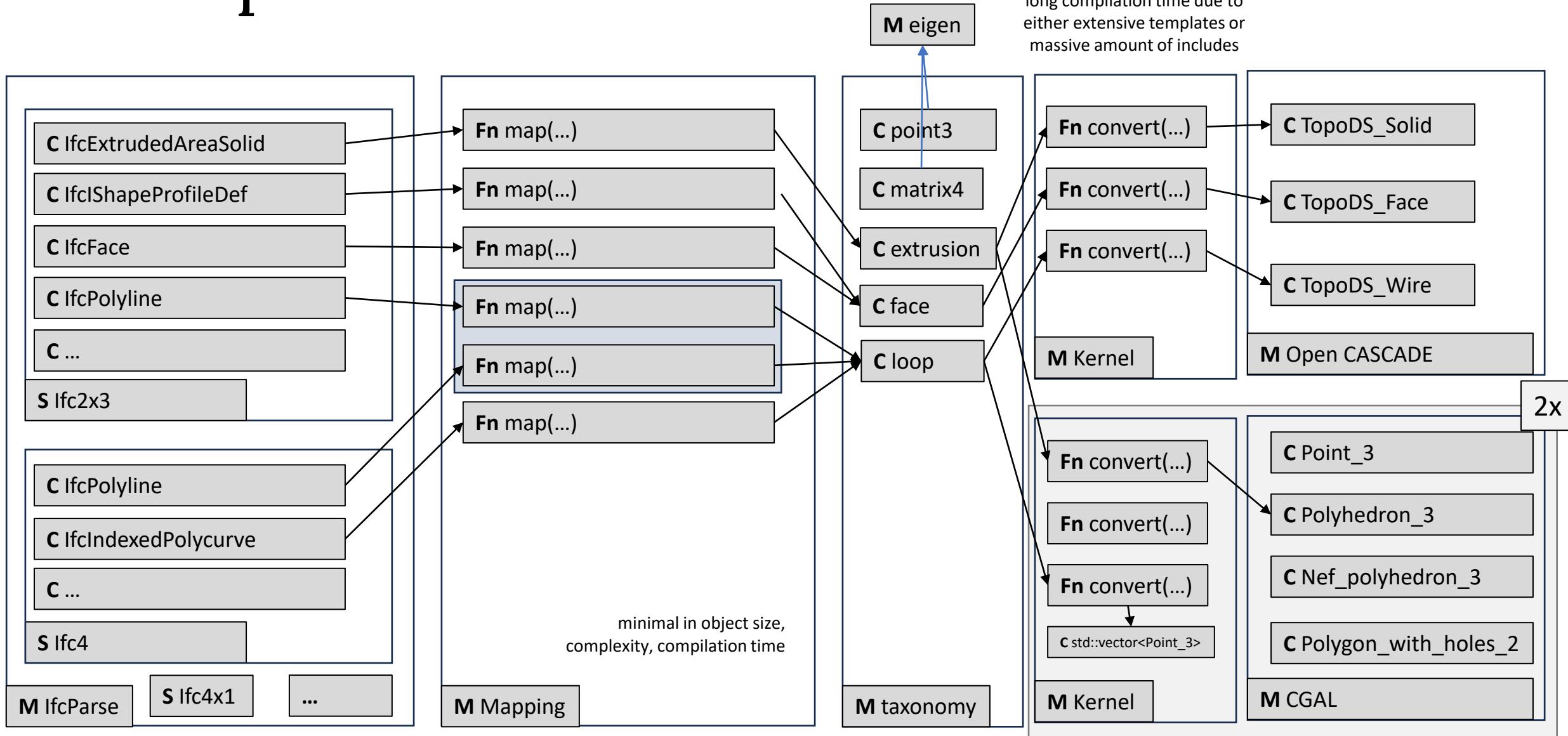
efficient and trivial distance calculation on superimposed grids

closes gaps due to modelling issues, precision issues or intentional gaps

IfcOpenShell: architecture v0.7



IfcOpenShell: architecture v0.8



CGAL

Predominantly only polyhedra
Exact rational number type
Machine native interval for performance, fallback to exact when uncertain
Friendly documentation, but chaotic packages
Rather academic, not a focus on CAD

Open CASCADE

BRep data model
Cryptic, but consistent API and data model
Tolerance and fuzziness
Many CAD operations implemented

Multi-disciplinary geometry (libraries) in BIM and the IfcOpenShell software library

Thomas Krijnen