



The Past, Present and Future of EXPLAIN

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MySQL Optimizer Team

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Agenda

1. EXPLAIN features
2. How EXPLAIN works
3. Predicting the future



EXPLAIN features

```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

EXPLAIN [ANALYZE] [FORMAT= *format*] [INTO @*var*] [FOR SCHEMA *schema*] *statement* ;

↑
SELECT
INSERT
UPDATE
DELETE
REPLACE
TABLE

```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

↑
TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

↑
SELECT
INSERT
UPDATE
DELETE
REPLACE
TABLE

EXPLAIN [ANALYZE] [FORMAT= `< format >`] [INTO @var] [FOR SCHEMA `< schema >`] `< statement >` ;

↑
TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

↑
SELECT
INSERT
UPDATE
DELETE
REPLACE
TABLE

```
mysql> EXPLAIN FORMAT=TRADITIONAL SELECT Name FROM country WHERE Code Like 'A%';
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | select_type | table | partitions | type | possible_keys | key | key_len | ref | rows | filtered | Extra |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | SIMPLE | country | NULL | range | PRIMARY | PRIMARY | 12 | NULL | 17 | 100.00 | Using where |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```



EXPLAIN [ANALYZE] [FORMAT= `< format >`] [INTO @*var*] [FOR SCHEMA `< schema >`] `< statement >` ;

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TRADITIONAL
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| id | select_type | table | partitions | type | possible_keys | key | key_len | ref | rows | filtered | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | SIMPLE | country | NULL | range | PRIMARY | PRIMARY | 12 | NULL | 17 | 100.00 | Using where |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> EXPLAIN FORMAT=TREE SELECT Name FROM country WHERE Code LIKE 'A%';
+-----+-----+
| EXPLAIN |
+-----+-----+
-> Filter: (country.`Code` like 'A%') (cost=3.67 rows=17)
-> Index range scan on country using PRIMARY over ('A' <= Code <= 'A????????') (cost=3.67 rows=17) |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```




```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

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```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

↑
TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

↑
SELECT
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```
SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_format = [ DEFAULT | TRADITIONAL | JSON | TREE ] ;
```

```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

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TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

↑
SELECT
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```
SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_format = [ DEFAULT | TRADITIONAL | JSON | TREE ] ;
```



```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
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JSON
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TABLE

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [1 | 2] ;

 New in 8.3.0



```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

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JSON
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↑
SELECT
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SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [**1** | 2] ;

★ ★ ★ New in 8.3.0



```
mysql> EXPLAIN FORMAT=JSON SELECT Name FROM country WHERE Code LIKE 'A%';
```

```
+-----+
| EXPLAIN |
+-----+
| {
  "query_block": {
    "select_id": 1,
    "cost_info": {
      "query_cost": "3.67"
    },
    "table": {
      "table_name": "country",
      "access_type": "range",
      "possible_keys": [
        "PRIMARY"
      ],
      "key": "PRIMARY",
      "used_key_parts": [
        "Code"
      ],
      "key_length": "12",
      "rows_examined_per_scan": 17,
      "rows_produced_per_join": 17,
      "filtered": "100.00",
      "cost_info": {
        "read_cost": "1.97",
        "eval_cost": "1.70",
        "prefix_cost": "3.67",
        "data_read_per_join": "16K"
      },
      "used_columns": [
        "Code",
        "Name"
      ],
      "attached_condition": "(`world`.`country`.`Code` like 'A%')"
    }
  }
}
+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

```
@var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

↑
SELECT
INSERT
UPDATE
DELETE
REPLACE
TABLE

LT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

```
SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_json_format_version = [ 1 | 2 ] ,
```

★ ★ ★ New in 8.3.0

```
mysql> EXPLAIN FORMAT=JSON SELECT Name FROM country WHERE Code LIKE 'A%';
```

```
+-----+
| EXPLAIN |
+-----+
| {
  "query_block": {
    "select_id": 1,
    "cost_info": {
      "query_cost": "3.67"
    },
    "table": {
      "table_name": "country",
      "access_type": "range",
      "possible_keys": [
        "PRIMARY"
      ],
      "key": "PRIMARY",
      "used_key_parts": [
        "Code"
      ],
      "key_length": "12",
      "rows_examined_per_scan": 17,
      "rows_produced_per_join": 17,
      "filtered": "100.00",
      "cost_info": {
        "read_cost": "1.97",
        "eval_cost": "1.70",
        "prefix_cost": "3.67",
        "data_read_per_join": "16K"
      },
      "used_columns": [
        "Code",
        "Name"
      ],
      "attached_condition": "(`world`.`country`.`Code` like 'A%')"
    }
  }
}
+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

@v

```
mysql> EXPLAIN FORMAT=JSON SELECT Name FROM country WHERE Code LIKE 'A%\G
```

```
EXPLAIN: {
  "query": "/*select#1 */select `world`.`country`.`Name` AS `Name` from `world`.`country` where (`world`.`country`.`Code` like 'A%')",
  "query_plan": {
    "inputs": [
      {
        "ranges": [
          "('A' <= Code <= 'A?????????')"
        ],
        "covering": false,
        "operation": "Index range scan on country using PRIMARY over ('A' <= Code <= 'A?????????')",
        "index_name": "PRIMARY",
        "table_name": "country",
        "access_type": "index",
        "key_columns": [
          "Code"
        ],
        "schema_name": "world",
        "used_columns": [
          "Code",
          "Name"
        ],
        "estimated_rows": 17.0,
        "index_access_type": "index_range_scan",
        "estimated_total_cost": 3.668778400708174
      }
    ],
    "condition": "(country.`Code` like 'A%')",
    "operation": "Filter: (country.`Code` like 'A%')",
    "access_type": "filter",
    "estimated_rows": 17.0,
    "filter_columns": [
      "world.country.`Code`"
    ],
    "estimated_total_cost": 3.668778400708174
  },
  "query_type": "select",
  "json_schema_version": "2.0"
}
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

LT |

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [1 | 2],



```
mysql> EXPLAIN FORMAT=JSON SELECT Name FROM country WHERE Code LIKE 'A%';
```

```
+-----+
| EXPLAIN |
+-----+
| {
  "query_block": {
    "select_id": 1,
    "cost_info": {
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    },
    "table": {
      "table_name": "country",
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      "possible_keys": [
        "PRIMARY"
      ],
      "key": "PRIMARY",
      "used_key_parts": [
        "Code"
      ],
      "key_length": "12",
      "rows_examined_per_scan": 17,
      "rows_produced_per_join": 17,
      "filtered": "100.00",
      "cost_info": {
        "read_cost": "1.97",
        "eval_cost": "1.70",
        "prefix_cost": "3.67",
        "data_read_per_join": "16K"
      },
      "used_columns": [
        "Code",
        "Name"
      ],
      "attached_condition": "(`world`.`country`.`Code` like 'A%')"
    }
  }
}
+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

@v

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mysql> EXPLAIN FORMAT=JSON SELECT Name FROM country WHERE Code LIKE 'A%\G
```

```
EXPLAIN: {
  "query": "/*select#1 */select `world`.`country`.`Name` AS `Name` from `world`.`country` where (`world`.`country`.`Code` like 'A%')",
  "query_plan": {
    "inputs": [
      {
        "ranges": [
          "('A' <= Code <= 'A?????????')"
        ],
        "covering": false,
        "operation": "Index range scan on country using PRIMARY over ('A' <= Code <= 'A?????????')",
        "index_name": "PRIMARY",
        "table_name": "country",
        "access_type": "index",
        "key_columns": [
          "Code"
        ],
        "schema_name": "world",
        "used_columns": [
          "Code",
          "Name"
        ],
        "estimated_rows": 17.0,
        "index_access_type": "index_range_scan",
        "estimated_total_cost": 3.668778400708174
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    ],
    "condition": "(country.`Code` like 'A%')",
    "operation": "Filter: (country.`Code` like 'A%')",
    "access_type": "filter",
    "estimated_rows": 17.0,
    "filter_columns": [
      "world.country.`Code`"
    ],
    "estimated_total_cost": 3.668778400708174
  },
  "query_type": "select",
  "json_schema_version": "2.0"
}
+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.01 sec)
```

 New in 9.2.0

LT |

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [1 | 2],

 New in 8.3.0




```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

↑
TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

↑
SELECT
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UPDATE
DELETE
REPLACE
TABLE

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [1 | 2] ;





```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
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SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_format = [ DEFAULT | TRADITIONAL | JSON | TREE ] ;
```

```
SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_json_format_version = [ 1 | 2 ] ;
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EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
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SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

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```
SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_format = [ DEFAULT | TRADITIONAL | JSON | TREE ] ;
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```
SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_json_format_version = [ 1 | 2 ] ;
```





```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ] ;
```

TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

SELECT
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TABLE

```
SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_format = [ DEFAULT | TRADITIONAL | JSON | TREE ] ;
```

```
SET [ GLOBAL | SESSION ] explain_json_format_version = [ 1 | 2 ] ;
```



```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
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SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

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```
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SELECT
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SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [1 | 2] ;




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EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
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TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

↑
SELECT
INSERT
UPDATE
DELETE
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TABLE

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [1 | 2] ;



```
EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

↑
TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

↑
FOR CONNECTION < id >



SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [**1** | 2] ;



```
EXPLAIN [ANALYZE] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [INTO @var] [FOR SCHEMA < schema >] < statement > ;
```

↑
TRADITIONAL
JSON
TREE

↑
FOR CONNECTION < id >



SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [**1** | 2] ;



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EXPLAIN [ ANALYZE ] [ FORMAT= < format > ] [ INTO @var ] [ FOR SCHEMA < schema > ] < statement > ;
```

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TRADITIONAL
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↑
SELECT
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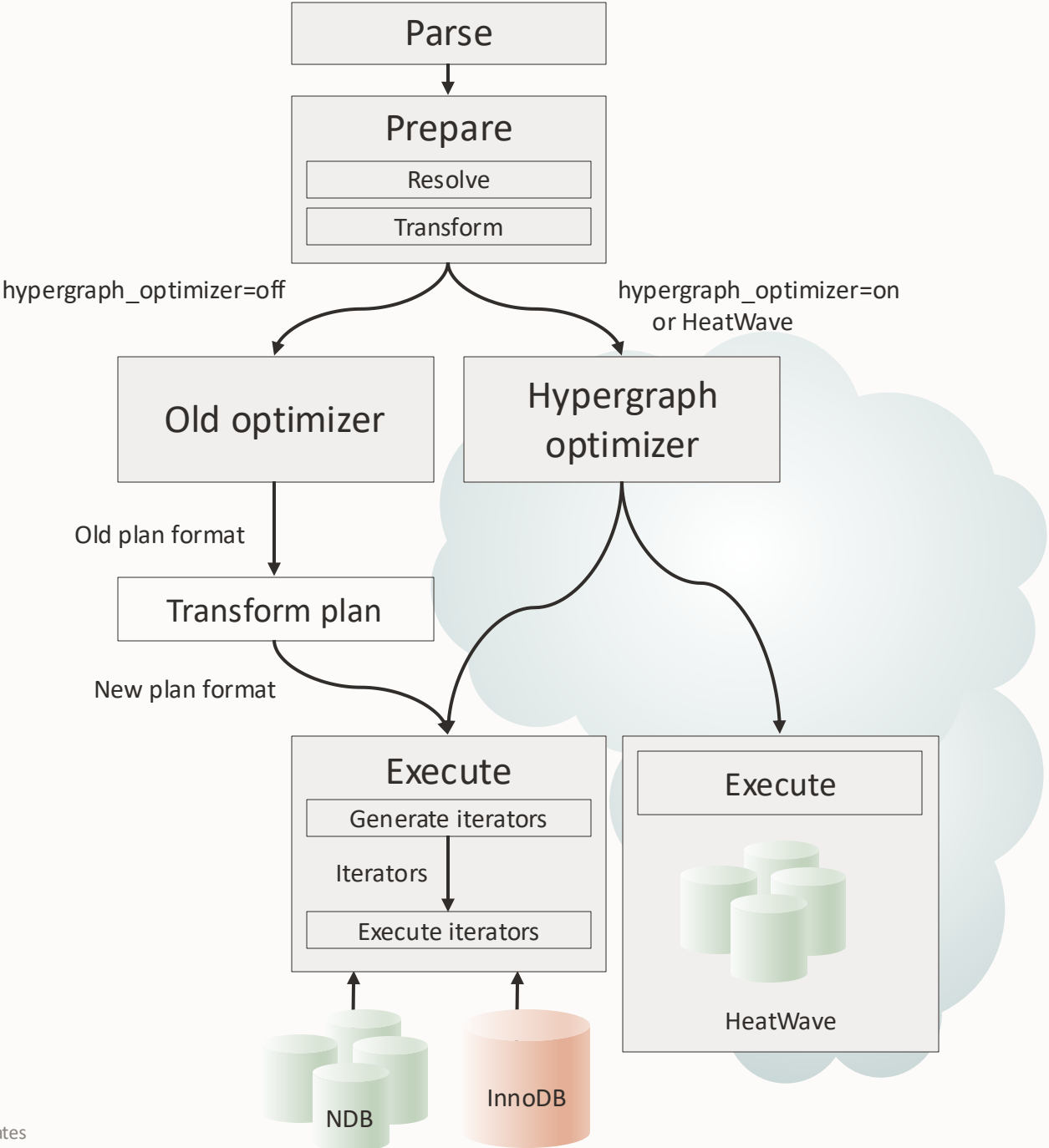
SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_format = [DEFAULT | **TRADITIONAL** | JSON | TREE] ;

SET [GLOBAL | SESSION] explain_json_format_version = [1 | 2] ;

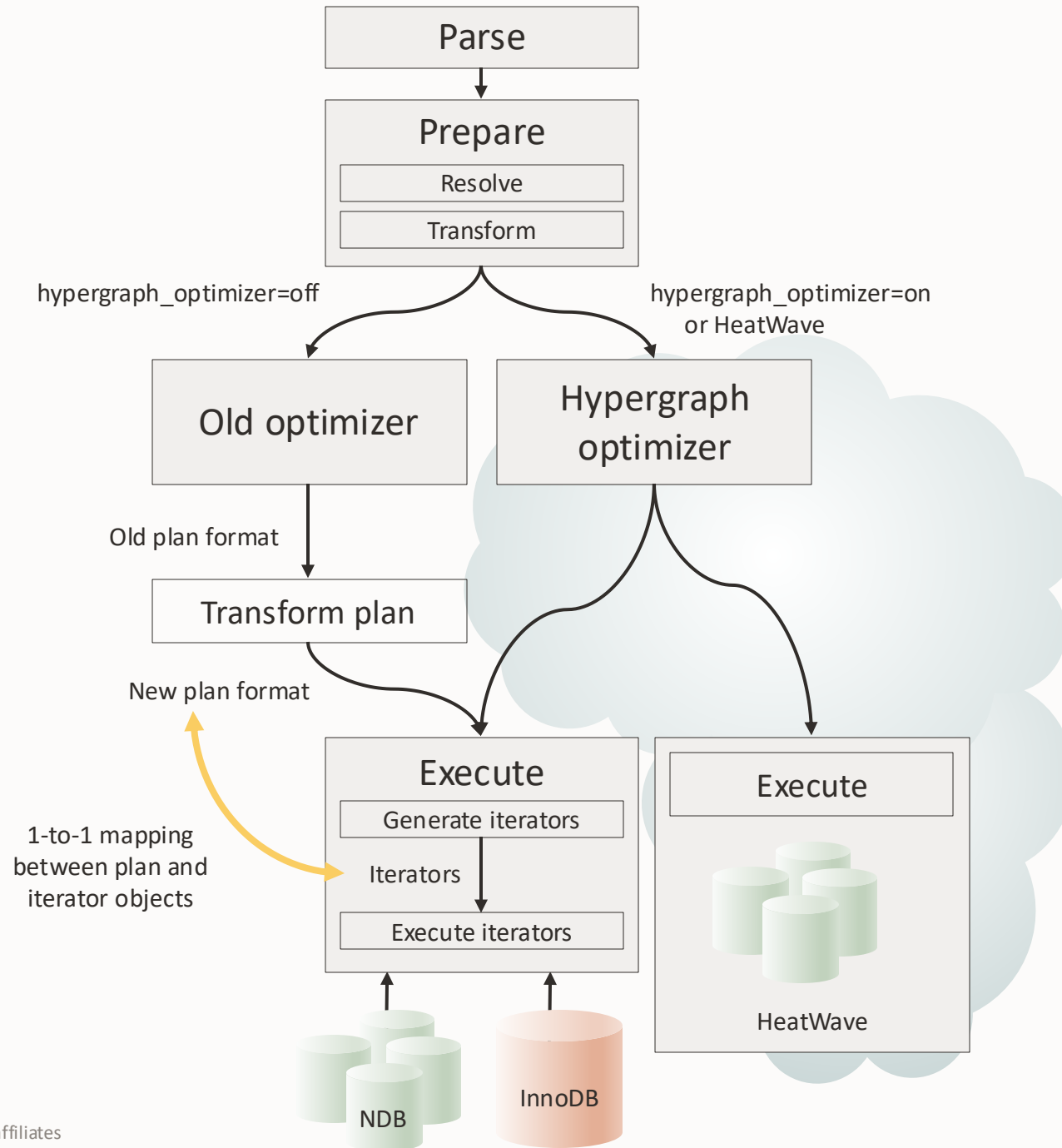


How EXPLAIN works

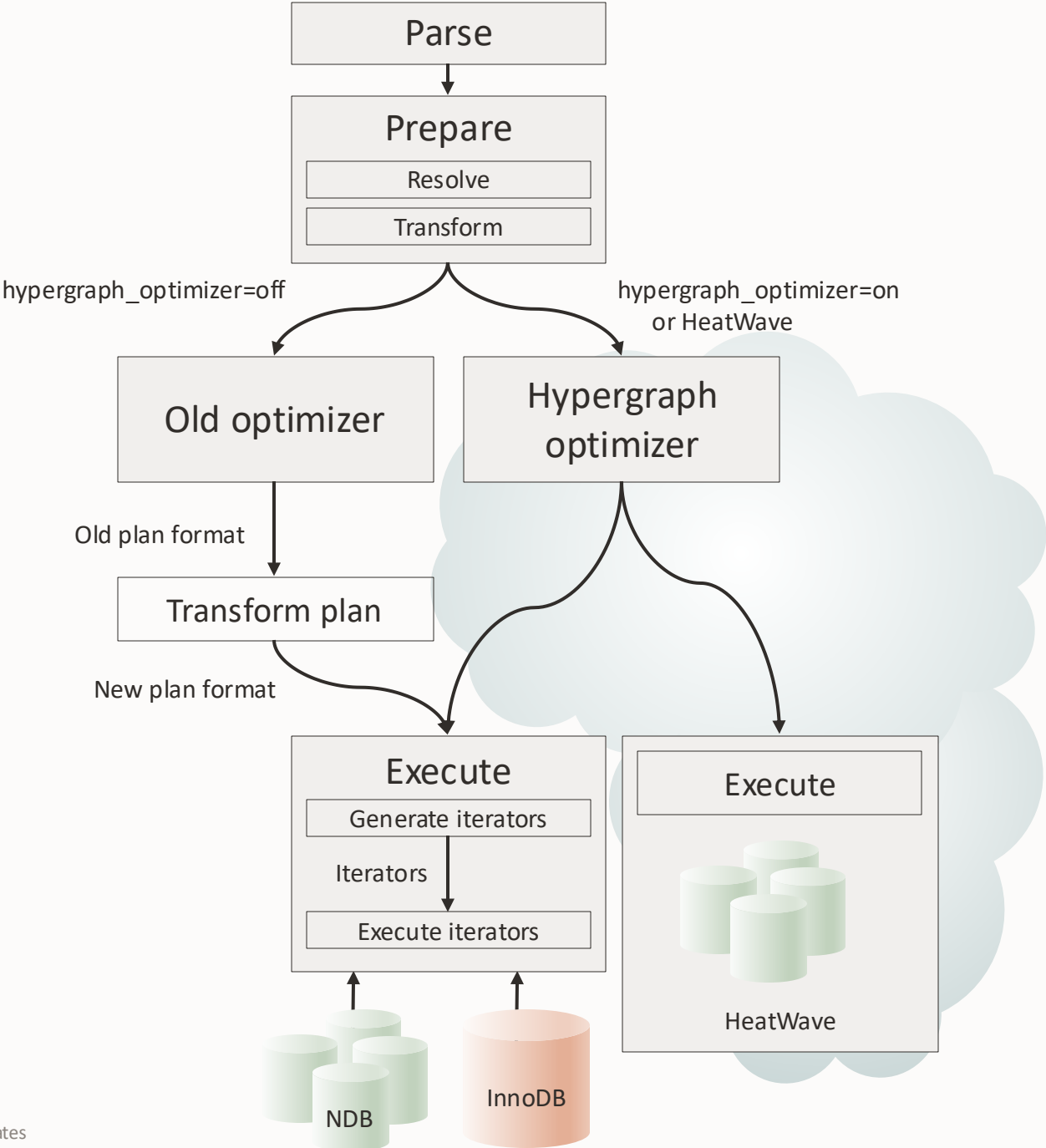
MySQL 9.0+



MySQL 9.0+

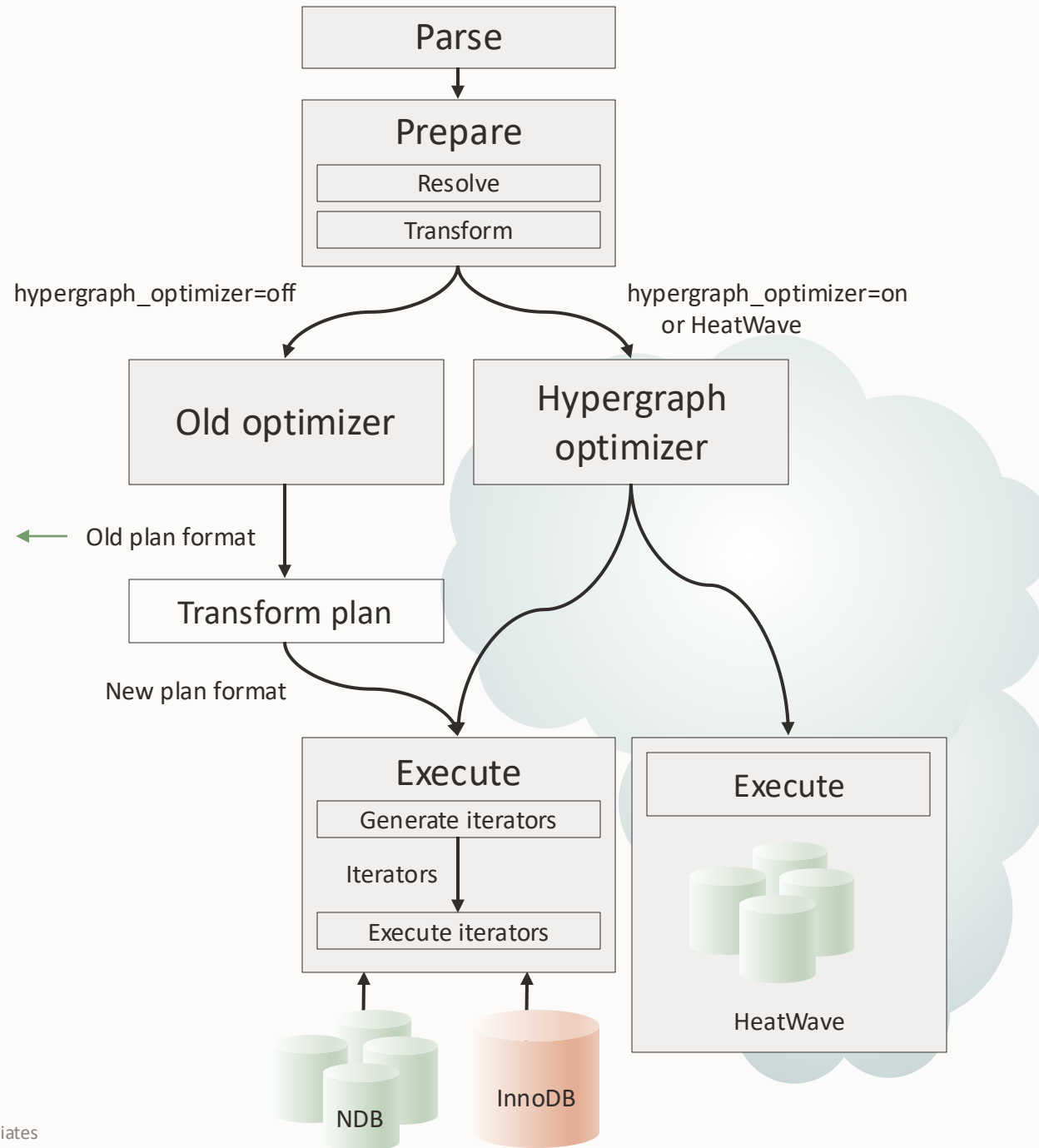


MySQL 9.0+

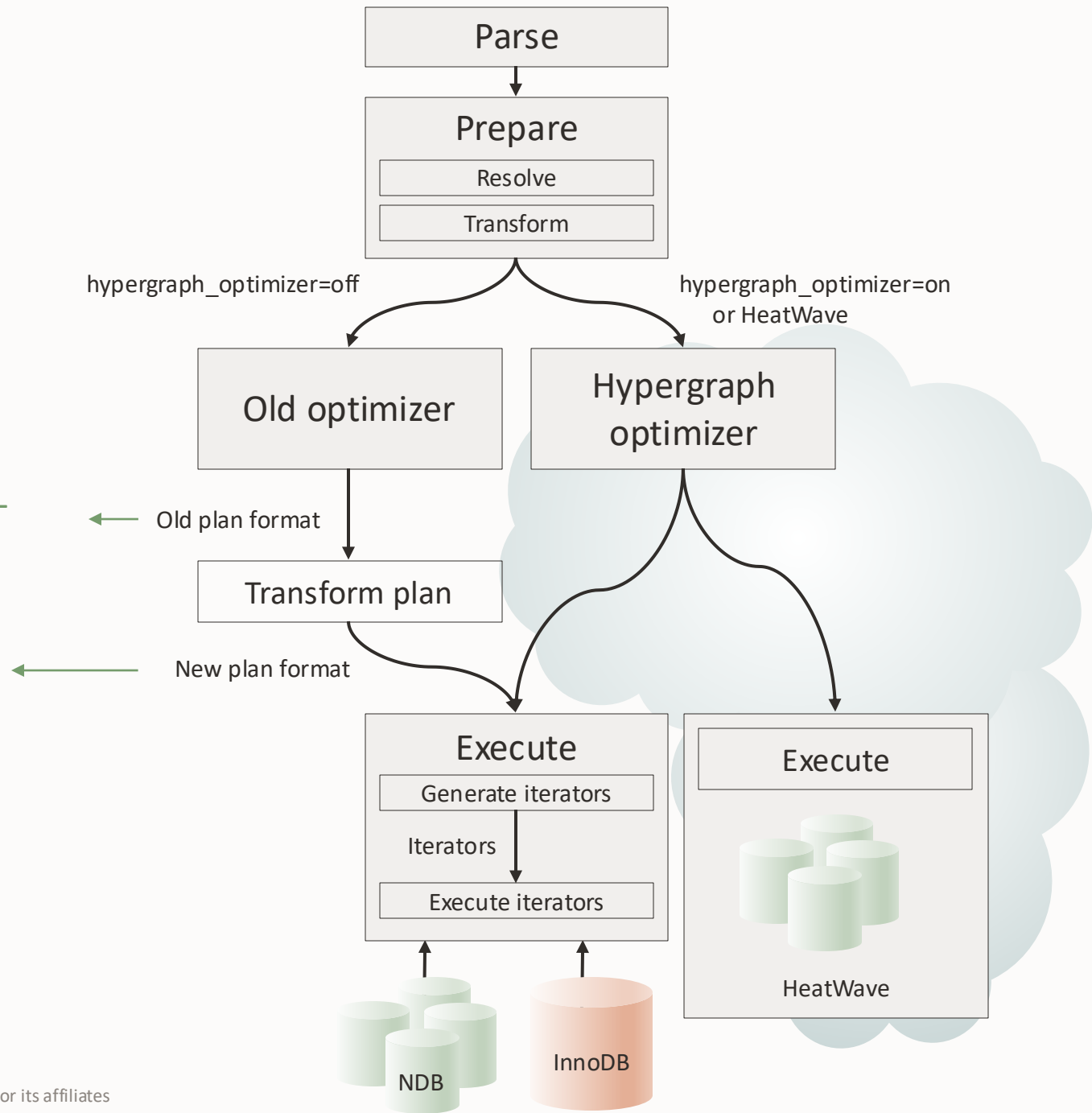


MySQL 9.0+

FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)



MySQL 9.0+

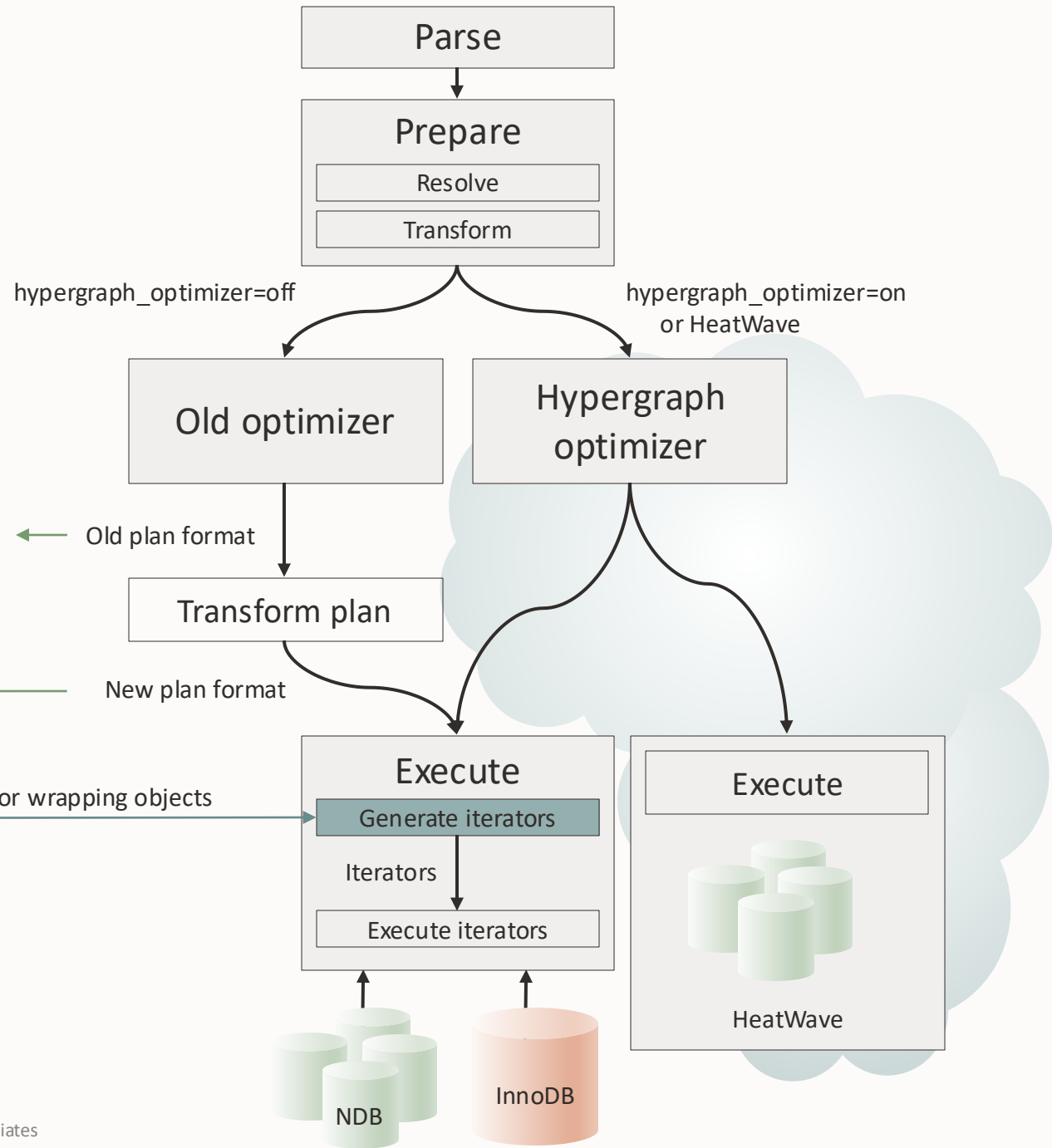


FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE



MySQL 9.0+



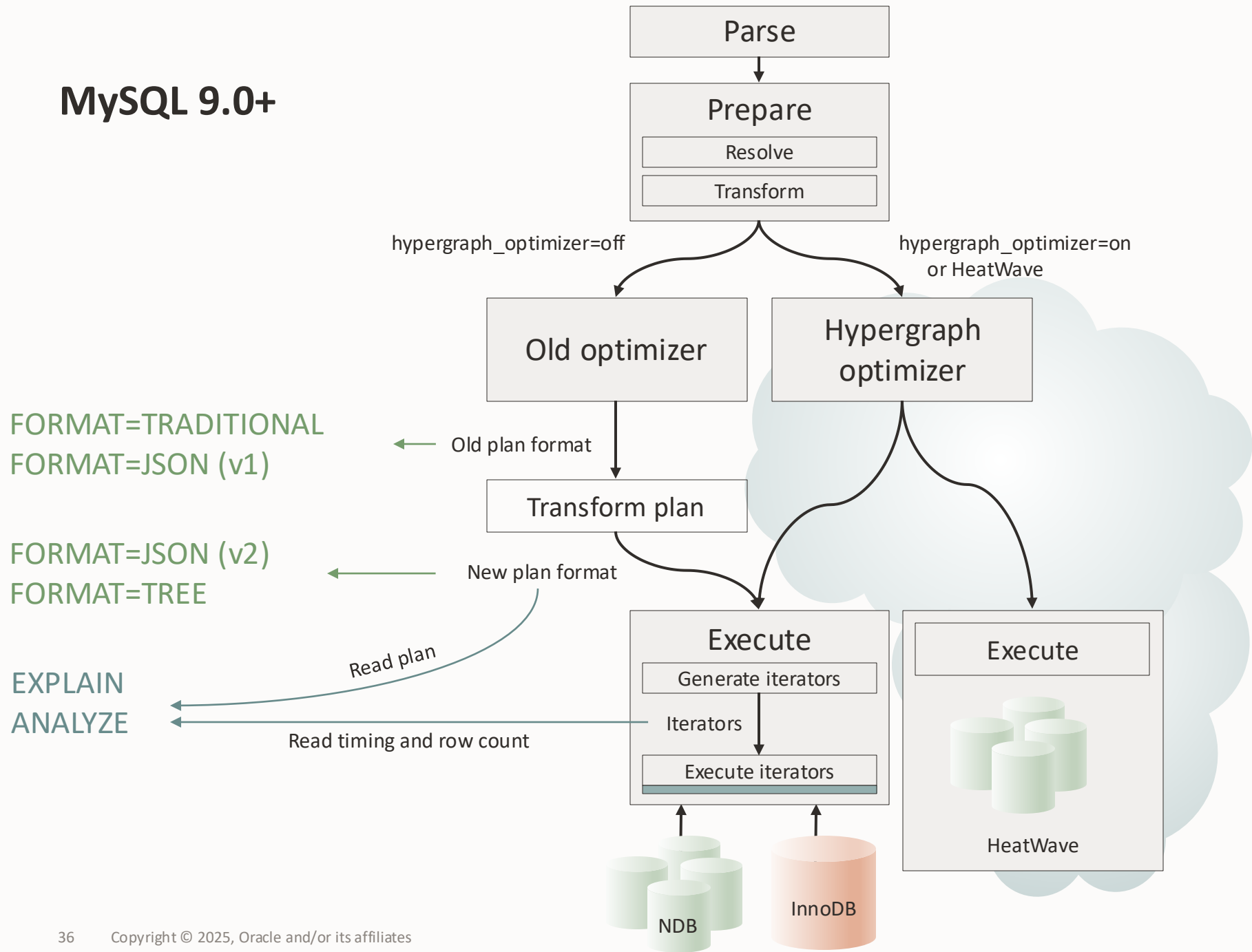
FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE

EXPLAIN
ANALYZE



MySQL 9.0+



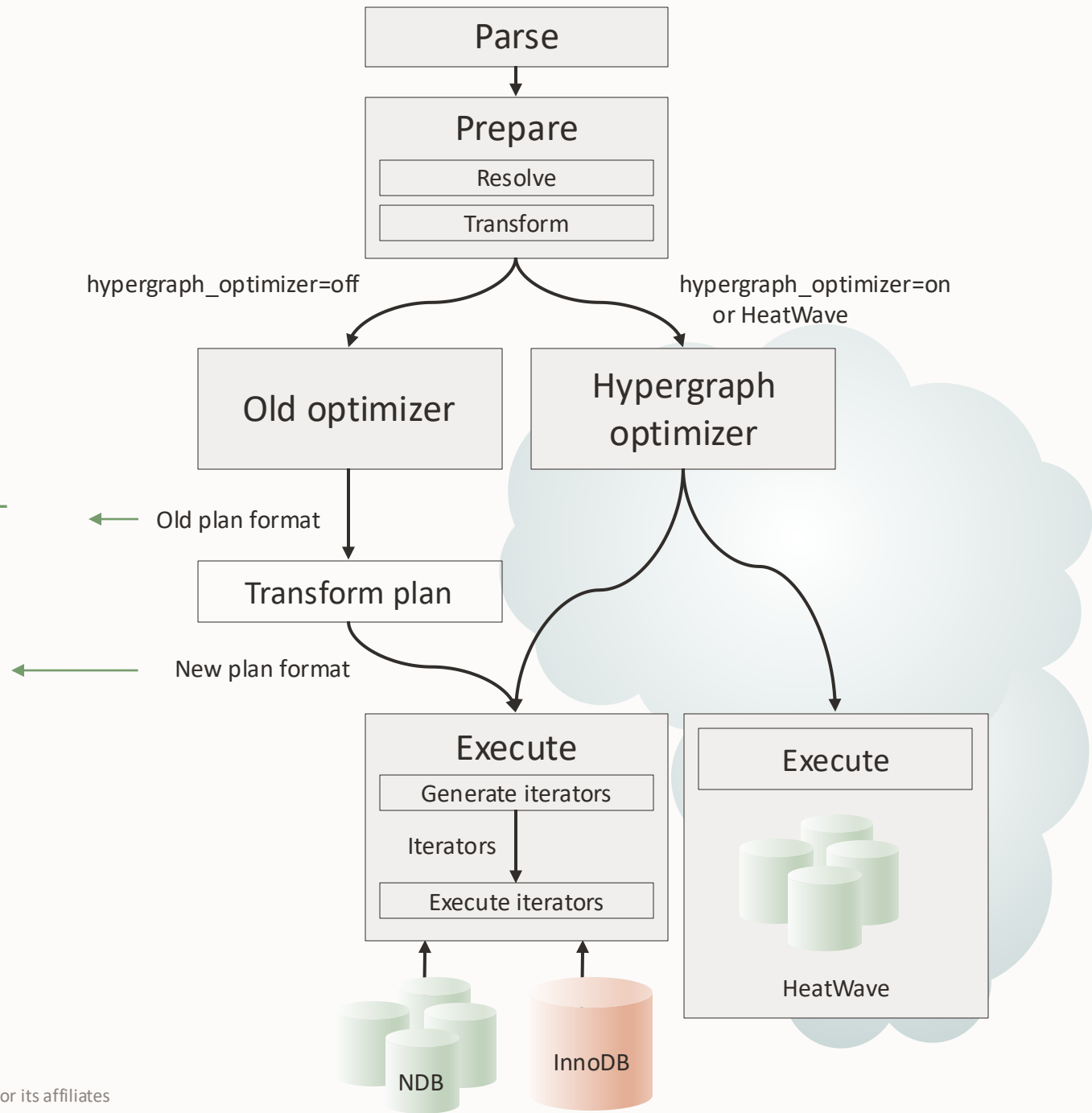
FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE

EXPLAIN
ANALYZE



MySQL 9.0+

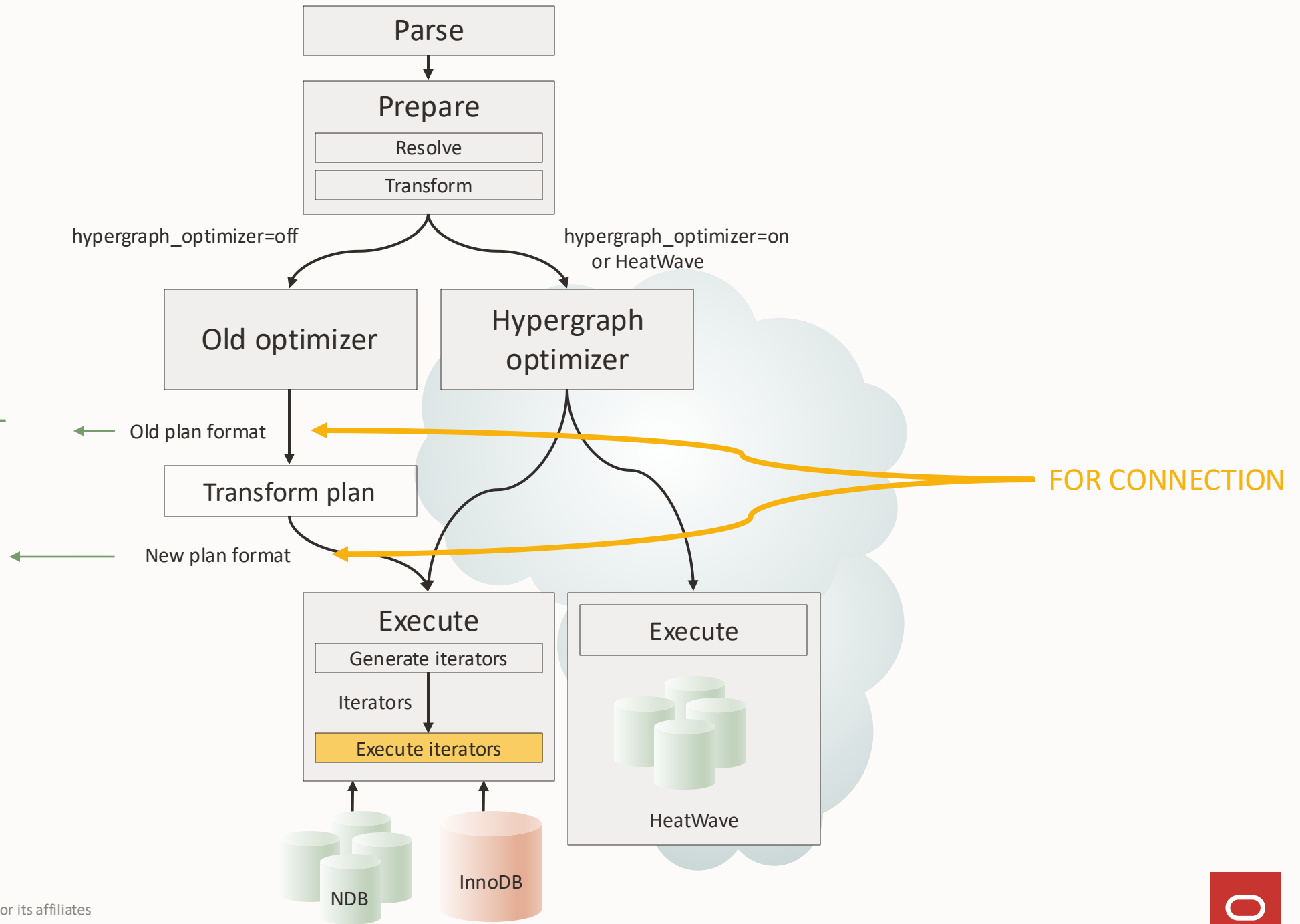


FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE



MySQL 9.0+



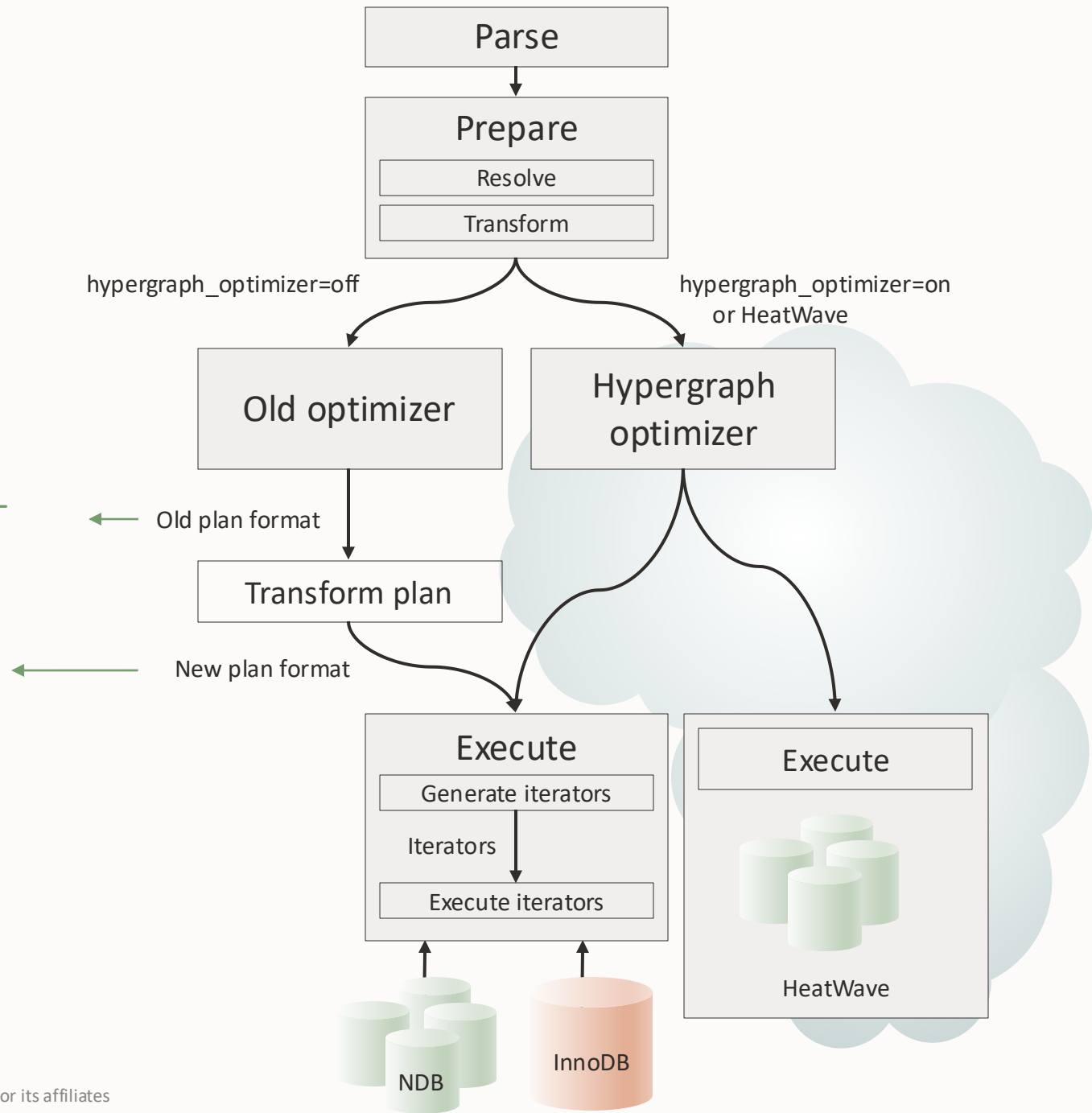
FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE

FOR CONNECTION



MySQL 9.0+



FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE



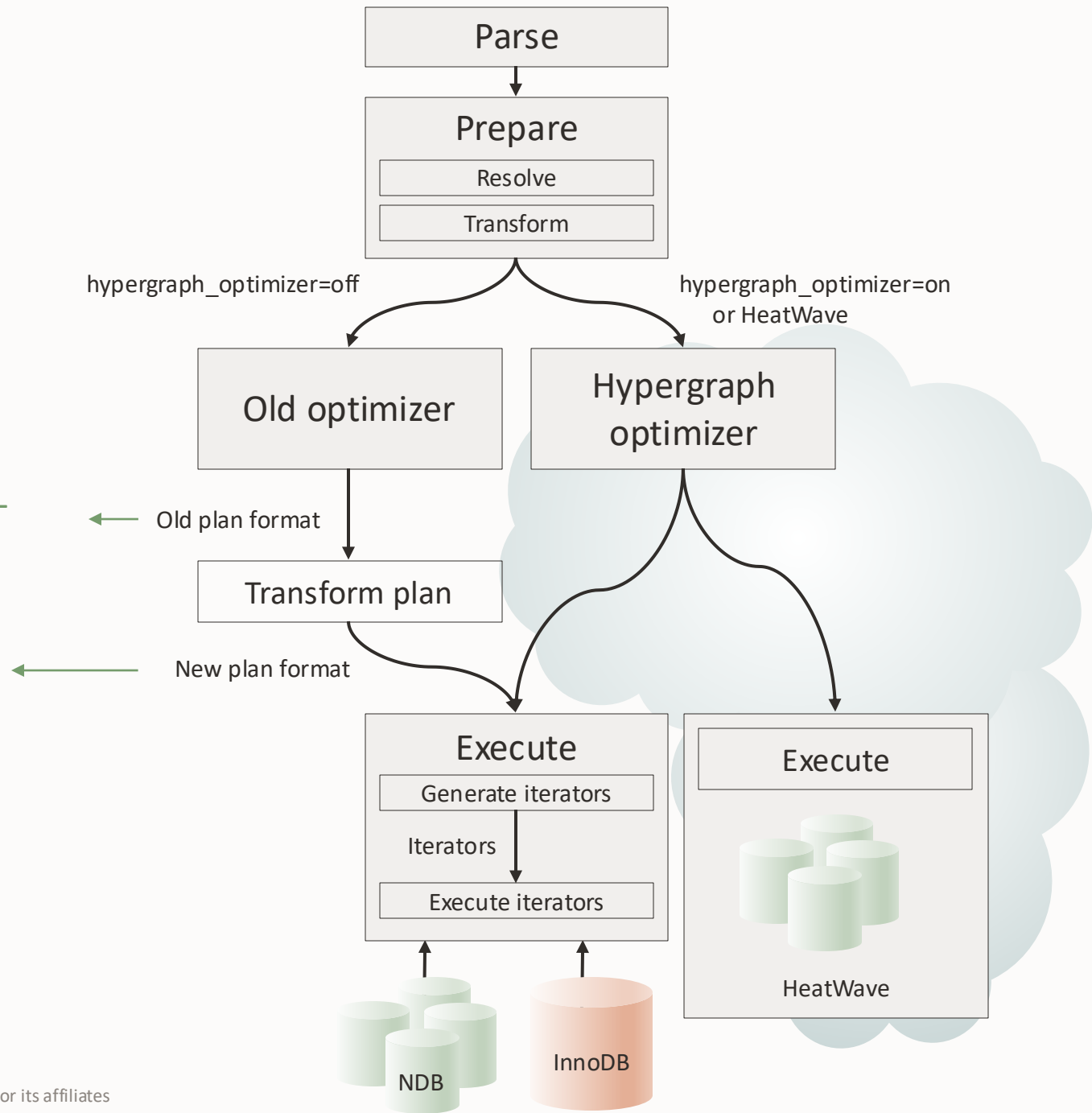
Predicting the future

Safe Harbor Statement

The following is intended to outline our general product direction. It is intended for information purposes only, and may not be incorporated into any contract. It is not a commitment to deliver any material, code, or functionality, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions. The development, release, and timing of any features or functionality described for Oracle's products remains at the sole discretion of Oracle.



MySQL 9.0+

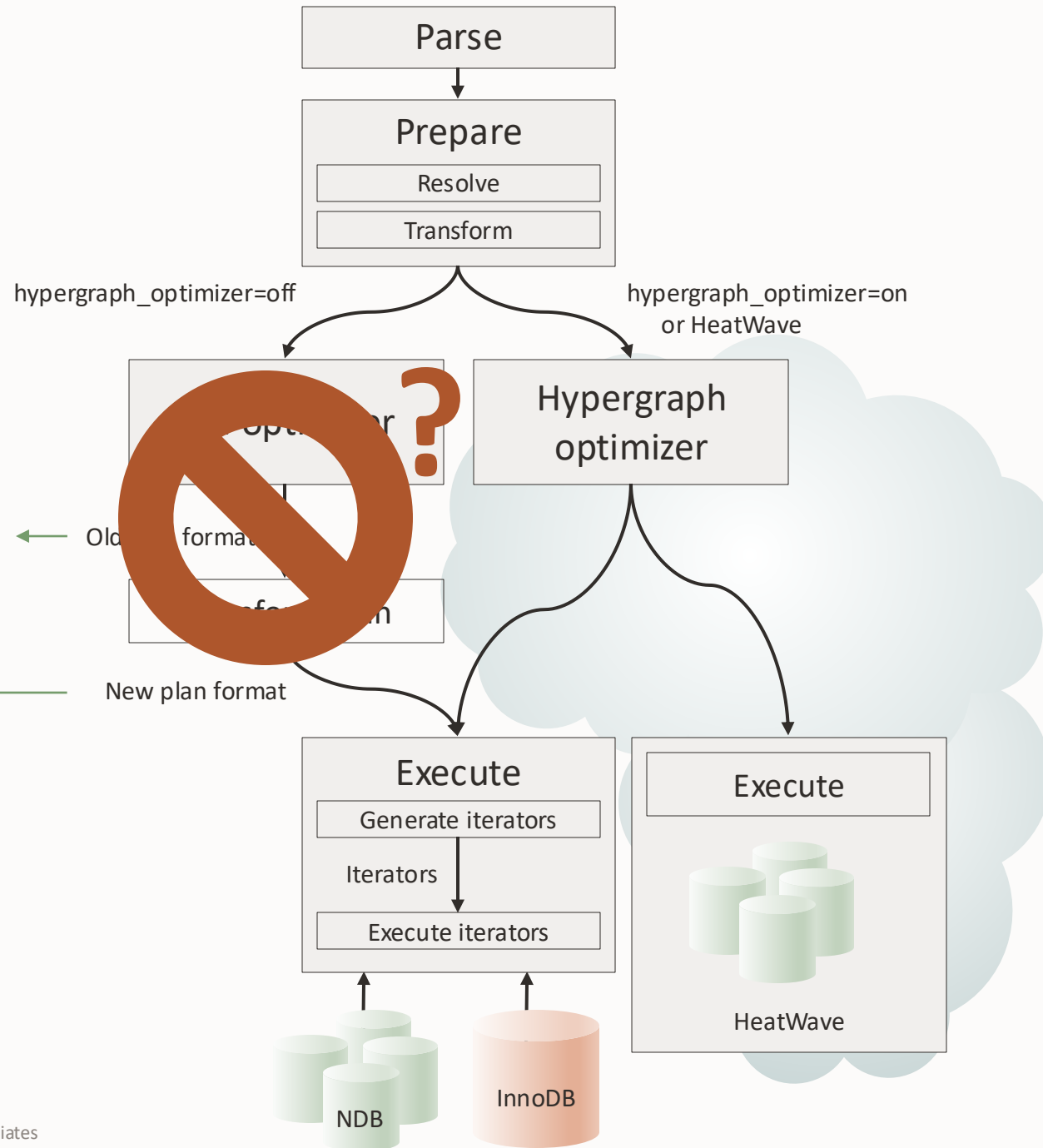


FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE



Future MySQL?

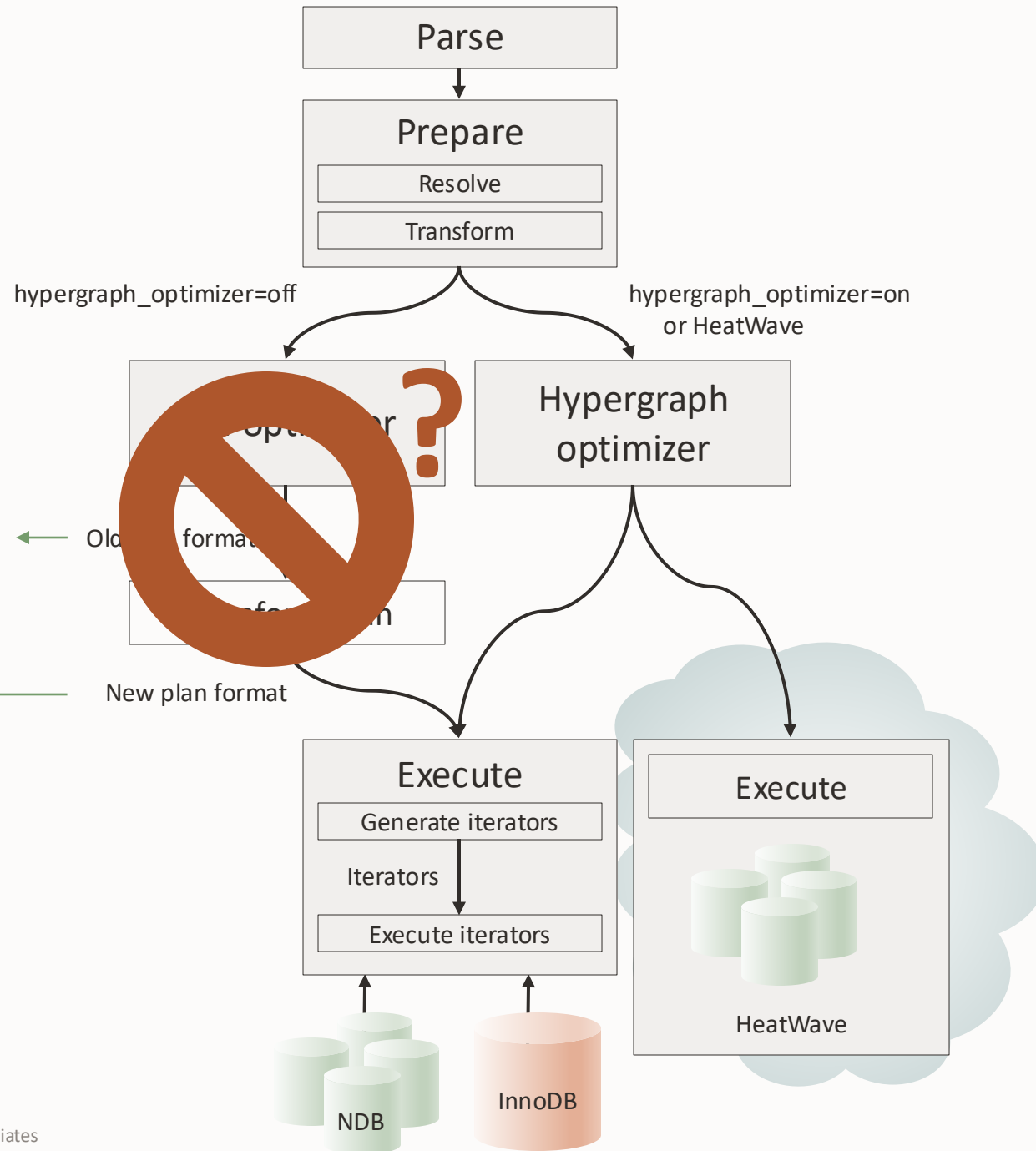


FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE



Future MySQL?



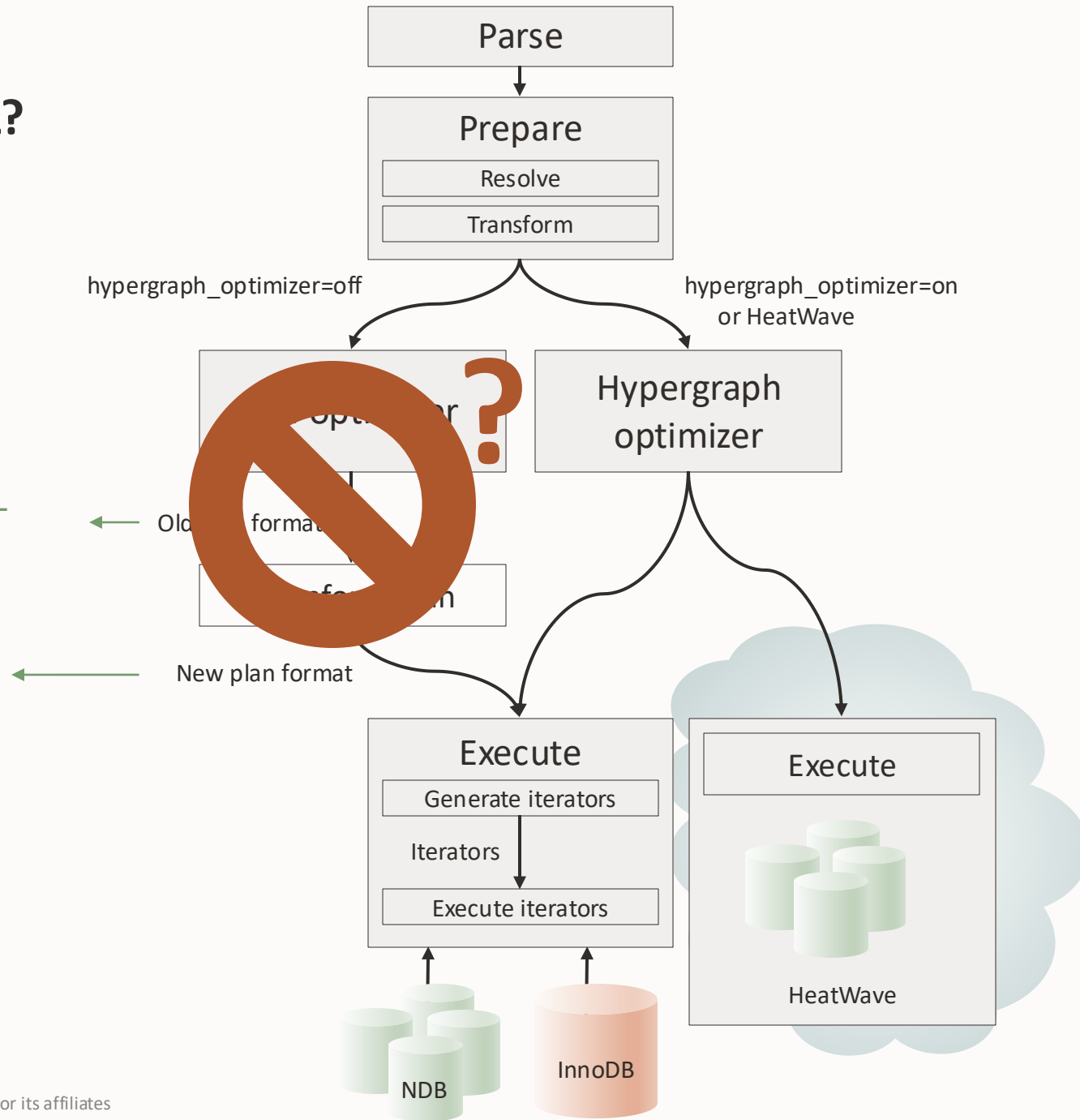
FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)

FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE



Future MySQL?

~~FORMAT=TRADITIONAL
FORMAT=JSON (v1)~~
FORMAT=JSON (v2)
FORMAT=TREE



Predicting the future

- Remove the old optimizer?
 - FORMAT=TRADITIONAL and version 1 of FORMAT=JSON will stop working
 - No plans to remove TRADITIONAL or JSON format version 1 while the old optimizer exists
- Add INTO @var FOR CONNECTION?
 - There's no reason not to
 - Features should be orthogonal if possible
- Add more attributes to version 2 of FORMAT=JSON?
 - Expected in innovation releases
 - Less likely in LTS releases
- Change the JSON format to version 3?
 - Doesn't look very likely in the foreseeable future
- Other formats? (Do we need more?)
- JSON Schema for EXPLAIN output?
- Automatic EXPLAIN in performance_schema for all running queries?



Preparing for the future

- Start using `FORMAT=TREE` for human readable output
 - `FORMAT=TRADITIONAL` only works with the old optimizer
 - `TREE` is often easier to read
 - `TREE` matches the execution better
 - `TREE` works with `ANALYZE`
- Start using `FORMAT=JSON` with `explain_json_format_version=2` for machine readable output
 - Version 1 only works with the old optimizer
 - Version 2 matches the execution better
 - Version 2 works with `ANALYZE`
- Check `json_schema_version`
 - New attributes are being added (minor number bump)
 - Incompatible changes are much less likely (major number bump)



Thank you



ORACLE

Our mission is to help people see data in new ways,
discover insights, unlock endless possibilities.