From Manul to Kitten: 4 years of AlmaLinux development evolution

Andrew Lukoshko AlmaLinux OS Lead Architect FOSDEM 2025





Andrew Lukoshko

- 23 years of Linux experience
- 13 years of building RHEL based products
- 5 years in HPC
- 5 years in Enterprise
- 5 years in Cloud Provider

AlmaLinux OS Lead Architect from Day 1



On Feb 01, 2025, we celebrated 4 years since the release of the very first public release of AlmaLinux, 8.3 beta, codenamed **Purple Manul**

So this is how we started:

- Release took 55 days since Red Hat announced CentOS Linux 8 EOL
- Only 1 architecture was available x86_64 (Intel/AMD)
- Exact RHEL clone
- No Secure Boot support
- No mirrors
- No Errata or OpenSCAP support (CentOS Linux never had them either)

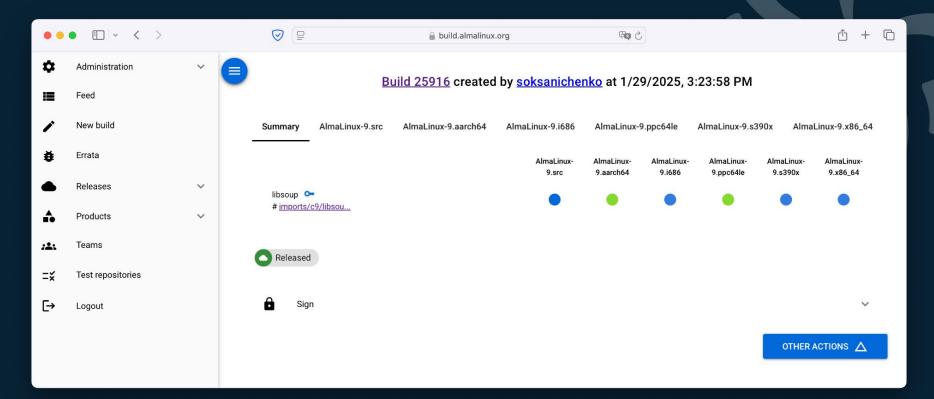


Agenda

- 1. AlmaLinux Build System our way to build RPM packages for 7 architectures
- 2. How we maintain dozens of images in easy and transparent way
- 3. How we unlocked major version upgrades in EL ecosystem
- 4. Why we decided to stop being RHEL clone
- 5. How we bring back support for 140+ devices disabled upstream
- 6. How we decided to support older CPUs than upstream does
- 7. Future of AlmaLinux



AlmaLinux Build System





Build system components

AlmaLinux Build System core components:

- 1. Web-Server https://github.com/AlmaLinux/albs-web-server
- 2. Frontend https://github.com/AlmaLinux/albs-frontend
- 3. Build Node https://github.com/AlmaLinux/albs-node
- 4. Sign Node <u>https://github.com/AlmaLinux/albs-sign-node</u>
- 5. Sign File https://github.com/AlmaLinux/albs-sign-file





What is Pulp?

Pulp is an open-source platform designed to manage repositories of software packages and to distribute content across large numbers of systems. It allows users to fetch software from various sources, organize it into repositories, and then make it available to a wide range of consumers. Pulp supports a variety of content types, including RPMs, Python packages, and more, through its plugin architecture.

Used by Red Hat Satellite/Katello and Fedora COPR. And by AlmaLinux Build System.





Why own build system?

Build System SIG members have 10+ years of experience in developing build system, so we just have own vision how we should do that.

AlmaLinux Build System can:

- Build RPM packages from any git repository or direct src.rpm URL for 7 architectures: x86_64, x86_64_v2, i686, aarch64, ppc64le, s390x, riscv64.
- Build DNF modules (necessary for AlmaLinux 8 and 9)
- Sign bootloader and kernel packages for Secure Boot (Intel and ARM)
- Release RPMs to internal Pulp repos and export them to filesystem
- Collect security advisories from Red Hat's public sources
- Create our own advisories (sometimes we fix CVEs too fast <a>c)



How we release updates

AlmaLinux

••	• • < >		$\overline{\otimes}$		🔒 build.almalir	ux.org	(A Q	Ċ	ŵ -	+ ©
\$	Administration	~		Delesses						
≔	Feed		-	Releases					Q	
i	New build			Releaser	Created at	Product	Status	Packages		
Ŭ	Errata			andrewlukoshko	1/25/2025, 8:03:39 PM	AlmaLinux	Completed	kernel #5.14.0-503.22.1.el9_5	0	
	Releases	~		eabdullin1	1/24/2025, 9:51:56 AM	AlmaLinux	Completed	python-jinja2 #2.11.3-7.el9_5 git-lfs #3.4.1-4.el9_5	0	
A	Products	~		eabdullin1	1/23/2025, 1:41:44 PM	AlmaLinux	Completed	java-21-openjdk #21.0.6.0.7-1.el8	0	
:1 :	Teams			eabdullin1	1/23/2025, 1:22:53 PM	AlmaLinux	Completed	java-21-openjdk #21.0.6.0.7-1.el9.alma.1	0	
=¥	Test repositories			andrewlukoshko	1/23/2025, 1:06:39 PM	AlmaLinux	Completed	almalinux-logos #100.3-2.el10	0	
[→	Logout			andrewlukoshko	1/23/2025, 1:04:20 PM	AlmaLinux	Completed	almalinux-backgrounds-extras #100.0-1.el10	0	
				eabdullin1	1/23/2025, 11:03:43 AM	AlmaLinux	Completed	j <u>ava-1.8.0-openjdk</u> #1.8.0.442.b06-2.el8 j <u>ava-17-openjdk</u> #17.0.14.0.7-3.el8	0	
				eabdullin1	1/23/2025, 11:02:40 AM	AlmaLinux	Completed	j <u>ava-1.8.0-openjdk</u> #1.8.0.442.b06-2.el9 j <u>ava-17-openjdk</u> #17.0.14.0.7-2.el9.alma.1	0	
				andrewlukoshko	1/22/2025, 11:12:21 PM	AlmaLinux	Completed	<u>kernel</u> #4.18.0-553.36.1.el8_10 <u>kernel-rt</u> #4.18.0-553.36.1.rt7.377.el8_10	0	
				andrewlukoshko	1/22/2025, 11:09:40 PM	AlmaLinux	Completed	almalinux-release-raspberrypi #10-3.el10	0	
						I< <	1/281 > >I			

We don't have to regenerate repositories after every package update

How we release updates

ImaLinux

	• • < >					Qip	0						Û	+	G	
¢ ≡	Administration Feed	~	Package location selector				Sear	rch		Q	a 🛛	SAVE	сомм	ШТ		
1	New build		NEVRA	Destination(s)	Force	Trustness	src	i686	x86_64	aarch64	ppc64le	s390x				
ŧ	Errata		C 0:libsoup-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.src	almalinux-9-appstream			•						+	Î		
▲	Releases Products	~ ~	C 0:libsoup-doc-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.noarch	almalinux-9-devel		•		•	•	•	•	•	+	Î		
2 2 1 =x	Teams Test repositories		GD 0:libsoup-devel-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.i686	almalinux-9-appstream 🔹				•	•				+	Î		
-^ E→	Logout		C 0:libsoup-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.i686	almalinux-9-appstream		•		•	•				+	Î		
			C 0:libsoup-debuginfo-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.i686	almalinux-9-appstream-debuginfo 👻		•		•	•				+	Î		
			C 0:libsoup-debugsource-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.i686	almalinux-9-appstream-debuginfo 💌		•		•	•				+	Î		
			← 0:libsoup-devel-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.aarch64	almalinux-9-appstream		•				•			+	Î		
			C 0:libsoup-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.aarch64	almalinux-9-appstream 👻						•			+	Î		
			C 0:libsoup-debuginfo-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.aarch64	almalinux-9-appstream-debuginfo 💌		•				•			+	Î		
			CD 0:libsoup-debugsource-2.72.0-8.el9_5.3.aarch64	almalinux-9-appstream-debuginfo 💌						•			+	Î		



Packages are released to repos according to their current placement in AlmaLinux and CentOS Stream



Red Hat Security Data is publicly available under Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License

Data is available in several ways:

- Security Data API
- OVAL feed (deprecated)
- CSAF/VEX documents
- RSS feed

Data contains:

- Advisory id (RHSA-YYYY-NNNN)
- Description
- CVE and Red Hat bugzilla references
- Package names and versions

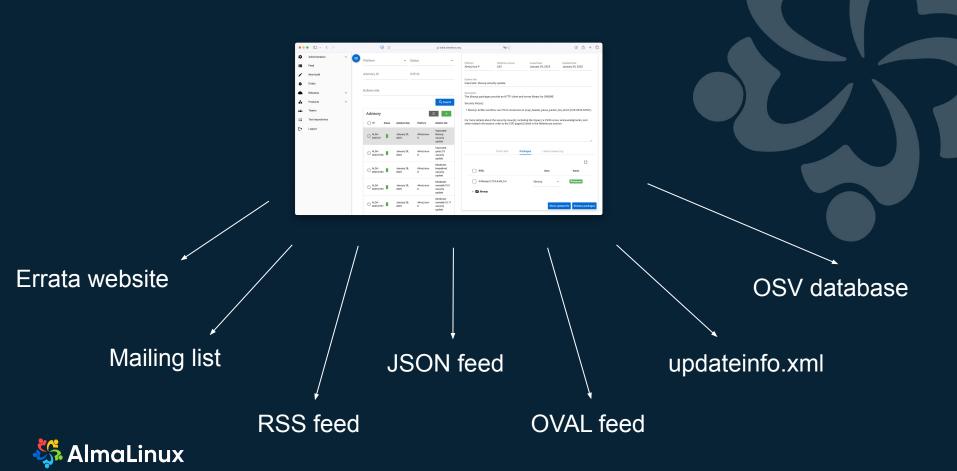


••• • • •					🔒 build.almalinux.org	1	ି କାହ		⊕ ₫ +
Administration	~	Platform	▼ S	tatus	•	Platform AlmaLinux-9	Definitive version 635	Issued Date January 29, 2025	Updated Date January 29, 2025
New build		Advisory ID	C	VEID		Bulletin title		January 29, 2025	January 29, 2025
 Errata Releases 	~	Bulletin title				Important: libsoup se	curity update		
Products	~				Q Search		s provide an HTTP client and	server library for GNOME.	
Z: Teams		Advisory			ð +			n soup_header_parse_param.	
⊥ X Test repositories ↓ Logout		D ID Status	Updated date	Platform	Bulletin title			ding the impact, a CVSS scor) listed in the References sec	
		□ ALSA- 2025:07	January 29, 2025	AlmaLinux- 9	Important: libsoup security update				
		□ ALSA- 2025:0746	January 28, 2025	AlmaLinux- 8	Important: gimp:2.8 security update		Patch Info Pa	ckages Latest releas	e log
		□ ALSA- 2025:0743	January 28, 2025	AlmaLinux- 8	Moderate: keepalived security update	RHEL		Alma	[] Status
		□ ALSA- 2025:0739	January 28, 2025	AlmaLinux- 8	Moderate: mariadb:10.5 security update	0:libsoup-2libsoup	2.72.0-8.el9_5.3	libsoup	Released
		□ ALSA- 2025:0737	January 28, 2025	AlmaLinux- 8	Moderate: mariadb:10.11 security update			Show	updateinfo Release packa

🐝 AlmaLinux

••• •	< > ⊘(build.almalinux.org	(S 🕬		⊕ ₫	+ ©			
	Create New Advisor	1								
	Platform AlmaLinux-9	ALSA-2025:A002	Issued Date 01/27/2025	Updated Date 01/27/2025						
	Module Can be empty. When provided, it sh									
	Severity				•					
	Bulletin title									
	i.e.: 'vim security update', 'squid:4 s Description									
					4					
	References				+					
	Title No References									







ISO Images

AlmaLinux supports 4 architectures:

- x86_64
- aarch64
- ppc64le
- s390x

Download ISO from mirrors

\bigcirc Cloud Images

AlmaLinux provides official images for cloud providers:

Amazon AWS Generic Cloud Google Cloud Microsoft Azure OpenNebula Oracle Cloud Infrastructure

Container Images

AlmaLinux provides official OCI, Docker and UBI compatible images.

Get Docker Image Get OCI Image from Quay.io Get OCI Image from GitHub

Live Media

AlmaLinux builds Live Media images for GNOME, GNOME Mini, KDE, XFCE and MATE options.

Get Live Media Image

💓 Vagrant Boxes

AlmaLinux provides official images for Vagrant:

- Libvirt
- VirtualBox
- Hyper-V
- VMWare
- Parallels

Get AlmaLinux on HCP Vagrant Registry

Incus and LXC

AlmaLinux images are available for Incus and LXC.

Get Incus and LXC Images

👸 Raspberry Pi

AlmaLinux builds Raspberry Pi images, and also with GNOME desktop environment.

Get Raspberry Pi Image



Run the AlmaLinux terminal environment on Windows.

Get AlmaLinux for WSL



ISO images:

Pungi tool is patched to build ISO images and repos without koji: <u>https://git.almalinux.org/almalinux/pungi</u> (this requires to have a local mirror of AlmaLinux repos we're building from)

Configuration files: <u>https://git.almalinux.org/almalinux/pungi-almalinux</u>

Guide: <u>https://wiki.almalinux.org/development/building-almalinux-iso-locally</u>



Container images:

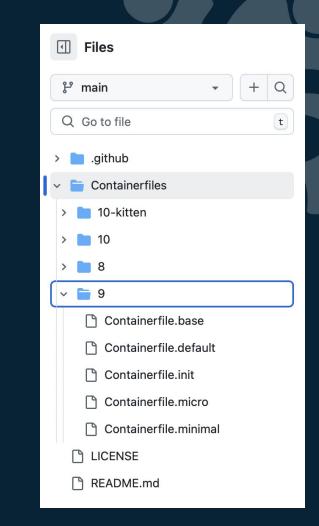
GitHub repo: https://github.com/AlmaLinux/container-images

GitHub Actions pipeline is used to:

- Build containers for all supported architectures:
 - o x86_64
 - o aarch64
 - o ppc64le
 - o s390x

naLinux

- Push to Docker Hub, Quay.io, GitHub Packages
- Create PR to Docker Hub Official Library

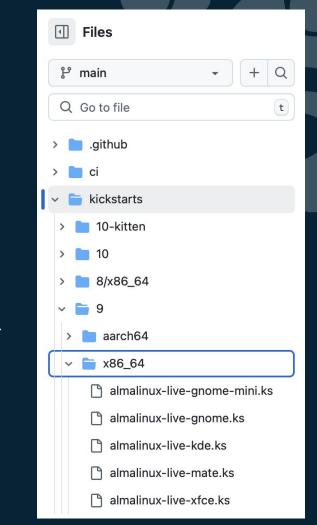


Live Media images:

GitHub repo: https://github.com/AlmaLinux/sig-livemedia

GitHub Actions pipeline is used to:

- Run AlmaLinux vagrant box
- Build for x86_64 and aarch64 with livemedia-creator
- Upload ISOs and logs to Amazon S3 bucket
- Notify in SIG/LiveMedia chat channel



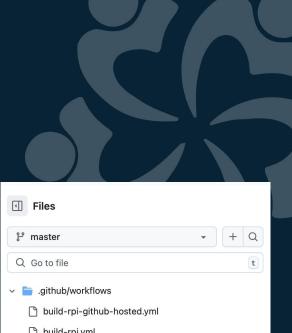


Raspberry Pi images:

GitHub repo: https://github.com/AlmaLinux/raspberry-pi

GitHub Actions pipeline is used to:

- Run AlmaLinux aarch64 container
- Build images with appliance-creator
- Upload images and logs to Amazon S3 bucket
- Notify in SIG/AltArch chat channel



Q Go to file
✓
🗋 build-rpi-github-hosted.yml
🗅 build-rpi.yml
> 🛅 ci
🗸 盲 kickstart
AlmaLinux-8-RaspberryPi-console-mbr.aarch64.ks
AlmaLinux-8-RaspberryPi-gnome-mbr.aarch64.ks
AlmaLinux-9-RaspberryPi-console-gpt.aarch64.ks
AlmaLinux-9-RaspberryPi-console-mbr.aarch64.ks
🗋 AlmaLinux-9-RaspberryPi-gnome-gpt.aarch64.ks
AlmaLinux-9-RaspberryPi-gnome-mbr.aarch64.ks



How we build images Cloud and Vagrant images:

GitHub repo: https://github.com/AlmaLinux/cloud-images

We use Packer + Ansible to produce images for:

- OpenStack
- OpenNebula
- Azure
- AWS
- Oracle OCI
- Vagrant



You can contribute in automation!



🗋 almalinux-8-azure.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-8-digitalocean.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-8-gencloud.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-8-oci.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-8-opennebula.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-8-vagrant.pkr.hcl
almalinux-9-azure.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-9-digitalocean.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-9-gencloud.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-9-oci.pkr.hcl
almalinux-9-opennebula.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux-9-vagrant.pkr.hcl
🗋 almalinux_8_ami.pkr.hcl
almalinux_8_gencloud_s390x.xml.tmpl
🗋 almalinux_9_ami.pkr.hcl
almalinux_9_gencloud_s390x.xml.tmpl

How to switch to AlmaLinux

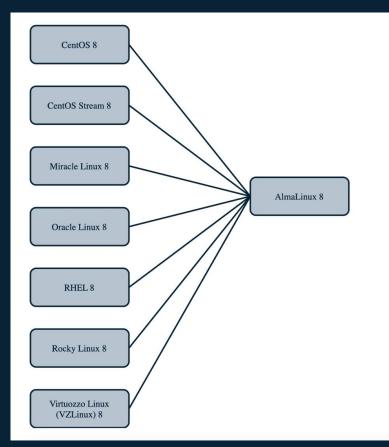
We started our project with CentOS Linux 8 EOL in mind, so one of the first tools we developed was **almalinux-deploy**, a tool for online migration of already existing systems to AlmaLinux.

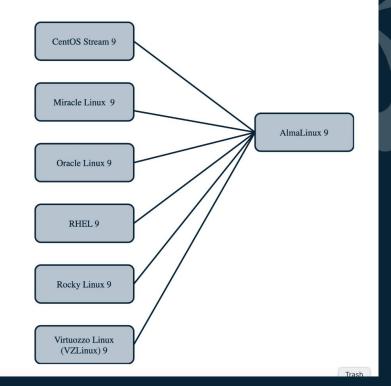
GitHub Repository: https://github.com/AlmaLinux/almalinux-deploy

Migration guide: <u>https://wiki.almalinux.org/documentation/migration-guide.html</u>



How to switch to AlmaLinux







In 2021 we started the ELevate project: <u>https://almalinux.org/elevate/</u>

It unlocks upgrades to next major versions which is unsupported in RHEL derivatives, and has become especially popular after CentOS Linux 7 EOL.

Based on Red Hat's Leapp framework: <u>https://github.com/oamg/leapp</u> <u>https://github.com/oamg/leapp-repository</u>

ELevate is developed in a distribution agnostic way and is built as a tool for the whole ecosystem, not just AlmaLinux!

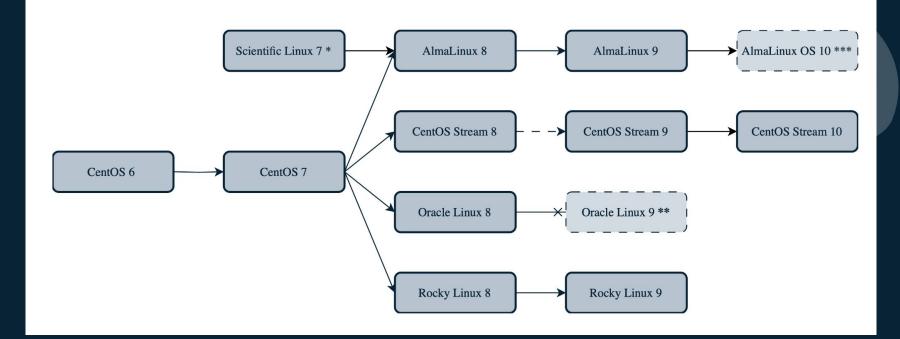


We maintain soft fork of <u>https://github.com/oamg/leapp-repository</u> repo to add the following features:

- Support for non-RHEL distributions
- Support for popular 3rd party repositories like:
 - EPEL (!)
 - Docker CE
 - MariaDB
 - Microsoft Linux Package Repositories
 - nginx
 - PostgreSQL
 - Imunify
 - KernelCare



Supported operating systems:





How to contribute to ELevate?

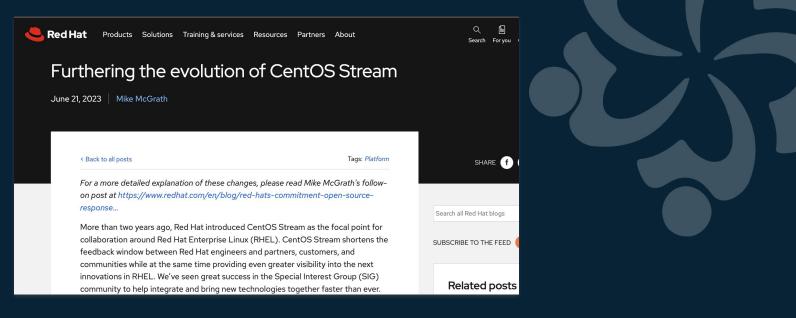
GitHub repository with Leapp soft fork: <u>https://github.com/AlmaLinux/leapp-repository</u>

GitHub repository with OS and 3rd party repos configuration: <u>https://github.com/AlmaLinux/leapp-data</u>

Contribution guide: <u>https://wiki.almalinux.org/elevate/Contribution-guide.html</u>



How we now build AlmaLinux from various sources





Red Hat stopped uploading sources to CentOS git since June 21, 2023

Downloading Red Hat sources to use them for your product is **Red Hat Subscription Agreement violation!**



How we now build AlmaLinux from various sources

AlmaLinux Blog Wiki Resources Shop Get Support The Future of AlmaLinux is Bright



benny Vasquez Chair of the Board, AlmaLinux OS Foundation

🗖 Thu Jul 13, 2023

The Future of AlmaLinux is Bright





Download

ŽA -

Getting sources legally



Red Hat Universal Base Image (UBI) https://cdn-ubi.redhat.com/content/public/ubi/dist/

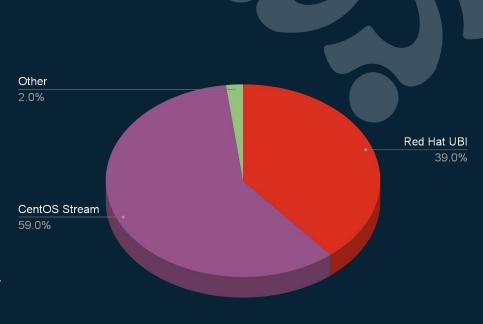
- RHEL sources in public, updated daily
- Limited set of packages



CentOS Stream

https://gitlab.com/redhat/centos-stream/rpms/

- Future RHEL packages
- We pick only specific package versions
- Not all packages are the same as RHEL





Why is it great not to be a RHEL clone?

- AlmaLinux team can release bugfixes requested by our community without waiting for RHEL updates. Moreover, we send fixes to CentOS Stream ourselves!
- AlmaLinux team can fix vulnerabilities earlier than Red Hat. As a distribution vendor we're subscribed to <u>distros@vs.openwall.org</u> mailing list and can obtain info about vulnerabilities and fixes much earlier they become available for public, so we can independently prepare and release updates same day.
- AlmaLinux derivatives can request to include some changes specific to them to avoid maintaining the package fork, but only if such changes don't affect AlmaLinux users.
- AlmaLinux can include device drivers that were removed from RHEL for non-technical reasons.



Why is it great not to be a RHEL clone? Bugfixes

Mark Wielaard, **bzip2** developer, contacted us on Nov 12 and informed us that recent AlmaLinux 8 security update for CVE-2019-12900 breaks upstream **bzip2** data integrity tests so basically updated **bzip2** may fail on some archives. He recommended us to apply additional upstream patch to fix this behaviour.

AlmaLinux update for **bzip2** was released Nov 15. Also we informed Red Hat about this issue and sent pull requests to CentOS Stream 8 and 9:

https://issues.redhat.com/browse/RHEL-67824

https://gitlab.com/redhat/centos-stream/rpms/bzip2/-/merge_requests/7 https://gitlab.com/redhat/centos-stream/rpms/bzip2/-/merge_requests/8

RHEL8 got this fix January 28, 2025



Why is it great not to be a RHEL clone? Security

On July 24, 2023 AMD published CVE-2023-20593 "**Zenbleed**" vulnerability. We immediately started intensive public testing for **linux-firmware** package update and published it to AlmaLinux 8 and 9 repos on July 27. Same security update for RHEL 8 and 9 was released September 12 and 19 respectively.

On July 01, 2024 high severity **openssh** vulnerability CVE-2024-6387 "**regreSSHion**" was published. Thanks to **distros@vs.openwall.org** mailing list we knew about this vulnerability several days earlier than it became public. So we was able to build and test the fix internally in advance and just release it to AlmaLinux repos same day the vulnerability was published. Red Hat released this fix 2 days later.



Why is it great not to be a RHEL clone? Derivatives

We're very satisfied when other organizations decide to use AlmaLinux as foundation for their software or even hardware projects. And we're here to help them with that.

The most popular AlmaLinux derivative is CloudLinux, operating system for hosting industry, which is based on AlmaLinux since version 8.5 and uses AlmaLinux public mirrors infrastructure.

They decided to rebase on AlmaLinux to not duplicate efforts in rebuilding upstream packages but better focus on their own packages set that makes CloudLinux unique.

For example, to reduce this packages set they contributed CloudLinux support to AlmaLinux's **cloud-init** package. So AlmaLinux team applies patch for both AlmaLinux and CloudLinux support to reduce amount of packages for derivative to maintain.



How we support additional hardware

CentOS 7 EOL happened June 30, 2024 and since 2023 many users started upgrading to AlmaLinux 8 and have found that many of their storage and network devices are not supported anymore and basically don't work because upstream decided to drop support to hardware they considering outdated.

We decided to bring this removed devices support back to kernel, it's **more than 140 devices** covered by the following drivers:

- aacraid Dell PERC2, 2/Si, 3/Si, 3/Di, Adaptec Advanced Raid Products, HP NetRAID-4M, IBM ServeRAID & ICP SCSI
- **be2iscsi** Emulex OneConnectOpen-iSCSI for BladeEngine 2 and 3 adapters
- **be2net** Emulex BladeEngine 2 and 3 adapters
- hpsa HP Smart Array Controller
- **Ipfc** Emulex LightPulse Fibre Channel SCSI
- megaraid_sas Broadcom MegaRAID SAS
- **mlx4_core** Mellanox Gen2 and ConnectX-2 adapters
- mpt3sas LSI MPT Fusion SAS 3.0
- mptsas Fusion MPT SAS Host
- **qla2xxx** QLogic Fibre Channel HBA
- **qla4xxx** QLogic iSCSI HBA

🐝 AlmaLinux

The ELRepo Project

How we support additional hardware

Global patch to move all "disabled" pci ids to "unmaintained" list: 0001-Enable-all-disabled-pci-devices-by-moving-to-unmaint.patch

Per-driver patches:

0002-Bring-back-deprecated-pci-ids-to-mptsas-mptspi-drive.patch 0003-Bring-back-deprecated-pci-ids-to-hpsa-driver.patch 0004-Bring-back-deprecated-pci-ids-to-qla2xxx-driver.patch 0005-Bring-back-deprecated-pci-ids-to-lpfc-driver.patch 0006-Bring-back-deprecated-pci-ids-to-qla4xxx-driver.patch

https://git.almalinux.org/rpms/kernel





How to become even more special?

Our experience of the last 1.5 years shows that the new path we've chosen is successful. We're able to reliably maintain 100% ABI compatibility with RHEL using legal only sources and even can bring minor improvements to our users.

But what about major changes? How to bring them? How to make community test them? How to prepare our infrastructure for next major AlmaLinux version?

The answer is...



How to become even more special?

Our experience of the last 1.5 years shows that the new path we've chosen is successful. We're able to reliably maintain 100% ABI compatibility with RHEL using legal only sources and even can bring minor improvements to our users.

But what about major changes? How to bring them? How to make community test them? How to prepare our infrastructure for next major AlmaLinux version?

The answer is...

AlmaLinux Kitten



How to become even more special?

AlmaLinux Kitten

- No minor versions
- Based on CentOS Stream 10 sources
- Supported for at least 5 years
- Foundation for AlmaLinux 10 Beta
- Will allow to get AlmaLinux 10 updates earlier

Since Day 1 has the following changes compared CentOS Stream:

- Compiled with Frame Pointers enabled to improve profiling and debugging
- Secure Boot is supported for both Intel and ARM
- **SPICE** protocol support for virtualization environments (dropped since RHEL9)
- KVM virtualization support on IBM Power platform (dropped since RHEL9)
- Even more devices supported that were dropped from RHEL
- Has additional **x86_64_v2** architecture option to support older Intel/AMD CPUs (since 2008)

Firefox and Thunderbird are included



How to add x86_64_v2 (_v3,_v4) architecture to EL?

RPM supports x86_64 levels as architectures since 4.19.0

But it's still necessary to patch:

- dnf
- libdnf
- efi-rpm-macros
- libsolv
- lorax
- pesign
- python-productmd
- ...

For full packages list with v2 patches applied go to: <u>https://wiki.almalinux.org/development/Modified-packages.html</u>



How to add x86_64_v2 (_v3,_v4) architecture to EL?

RPM supports x86_64 levels as architectures since 4.19.0

Surprisingly, we still need to patch RPM as well because of this:

%ifarch x86_64
some genius code
%endif

maLinux

%ifarch %{x86_64} # some genius code %endif

So we treat x86_64_v2 as x86_64 in architecture checks now

What's next?

Plans for 2025:

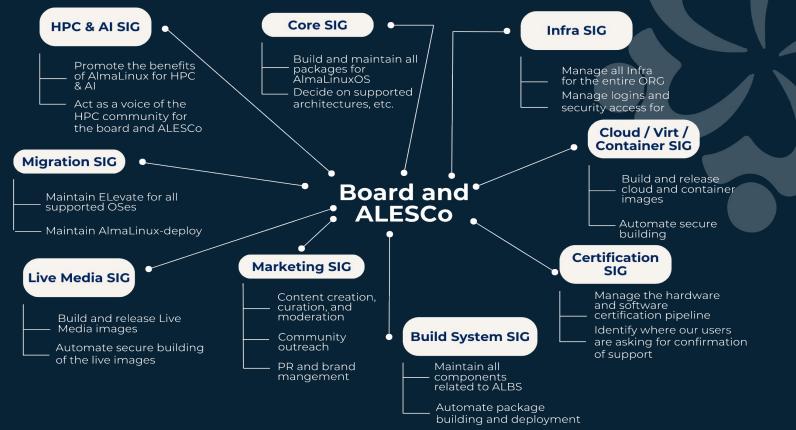
- AlmaLinux 10 stable release in May
- AlmaLinux 10 for RISC-V
- EPEL 10 for x86_64_v2 (<u>https://github.com/AlmaLinux/ALESCo/pull/2</u>)
- Automation, automation, automation
- Improve contributor experience



No drama, IUST LINUX.



AlmaLinux Special Interest Groups (SIGs)



🖧 AlmaLinux 🛛

https://wiki.almalinux.org/sigs/

Thank you! Q&A time!

