

Managing Vulnerabilities in Open Source Dependencies


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FOSDEM

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Self Intro

- Product Security Engineering Lead @ Mattermost 
- Previously, Principal Product Security Engineer at Auth0 & Okta
- Based in Athens, Greece

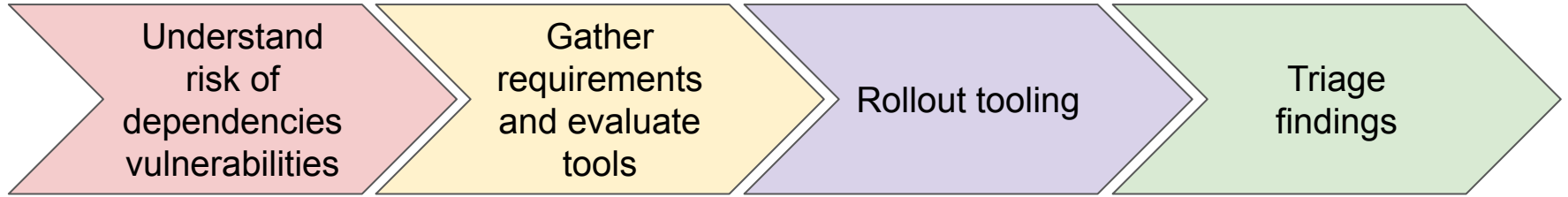
More info: <https://evasar.io>

Agenda

- Why 3rd Party Dependencies Vulnerabilities Matter
- Evaluating SCA Tools
- SCA Tool Rollout
- Triaging Findings

**SCA: Software Composition Analysis*

Dependency Management Journey



Why 3rd Party Dependencies Vulnerabilities Matter

- Software composition: In-house code 50% + third-party dependencies 50%
- Increased Attack Surface
- Lack of Control



Dependency Management Goals

Proactivity

No more vulnerable dependencies added to the project/product

Reactivity

Address vulnerabilities in open source dependencies

Step 1: Evaluating SCA tools

- Define and document your own set of requirements
- For each, define the level of need: **MUST HAVE** **NICE TO HAVE**
- Search for SCA tools to evaluate
 - Compare your requirements with their docs
 - Pick max 3 tools for further evaluation

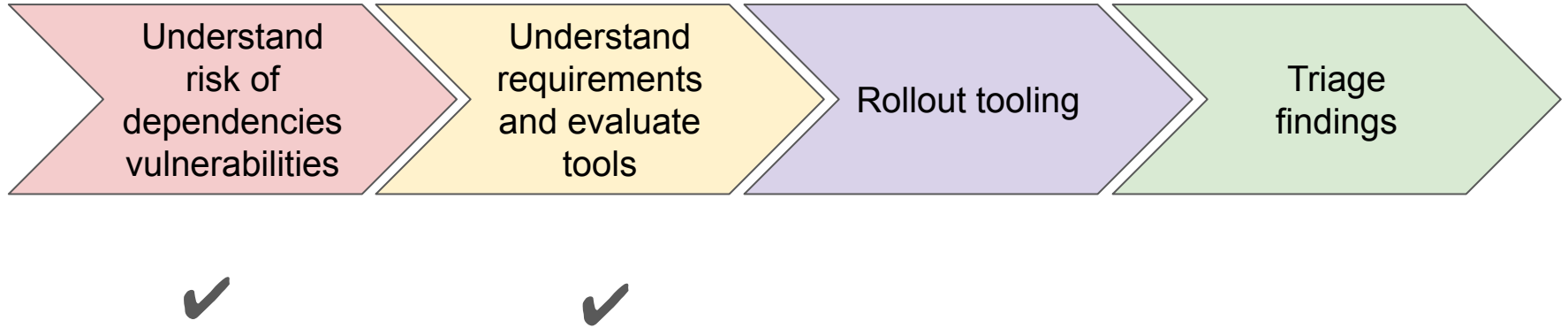
Requirement		Need
General		
Dependency scanning for both direct and transitive dependencies		Must Have ▼
Continuous monitoring of any newly disclosed CVEs		▼
Zero to minimal findings inconsistencies		▼
Suggestions for vulnerability mitigations		▼
Support for incremental scanning		▼
Ability to automatically create SBOMs from projects		Nice To Have ▼
Reporting capabilities		▼
Languages / Package Managers		
Golang	Go Modules	▼
Javascript	NPM	▼
Java	Maven + Gradle (without pom.xml files)	▼
	build.gradle	▼
Kotlin	Maven + Gradle (without pom.xml files)	▼
Swift	Cocoapods	▼



Policy Management		
Ability to create policies based on a number of severity, exploitability, fixability, dependency reachability, and function reachability		▼
Ability to break builds/fail PR when certain policies are met		▼
Ability to warn (not break/fail) when a policy is met		▼
Integrations		
GitHub Actions (PR comments, checks failing)		▼
Jira		▼
SSO (via SAML or OIDC)		▼
Webhooks		▼
Public API		▼
Support for Reachability		
(code calls vulnerability in open source component)		
Golang	Direct dependencies	▼
	Transitive dependencies	
	At the method/function level	



Dependency Management Journey



Step 2: SCA Tool Rollout

Option 1 - Rollout all at once

- Integrate the SCA tool with all the repos
- Start triaging findings

Step 2: SCA Tool Rollout

Option 2 - Phased Rollout

- Make a list of your most important repos (max 5)
- t=0: repo X is integrated in the SCA tool
- t+15d:
 - repo Y is integrated in the SCA tool
 - Critical/High findings of repo X are mitigated
- t+30d:
 - repo Z is integrated in the SCA tool
 - Critical/High findings of repo Y are mitigated



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Step 2: SCA Tool Rollout

Factors to consider when deciding options

- Are different teams responsible for the repositories to be added to the SCA tool?
- How many vulnerable dependencies does each repository have?
- How many repositories will be integrated?
- What is the teams' current capacity and workload?

Dependency Management Goals - SCA Rollout

Proactivity

Once you integrate a repo:

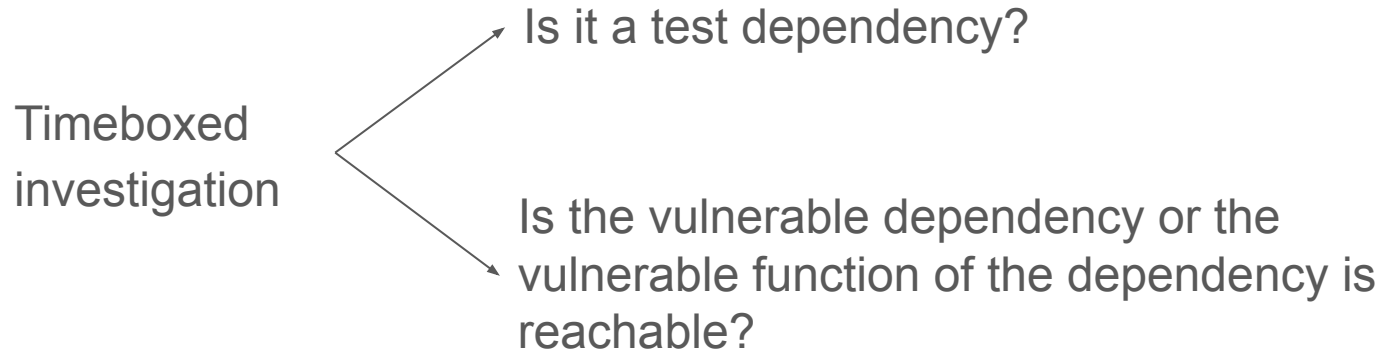
- Make sure that new PRs introducing dependencies are scanned

Reactivity

Risk-based approach:

- Address Critical/High vulnerabilities in the repos that get integrated into the SCA solution.
- Medium/Lows to follow

Step 3: Triaging Findings



Balance between the time spent for investigation and the time spent to update the dependency

Step 3: Triaging Findings

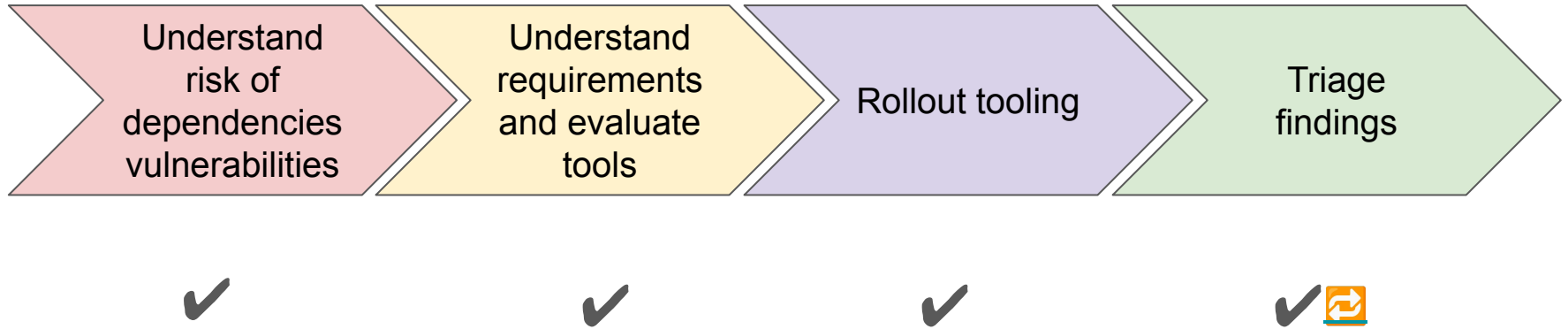
Updating the dependency isn't always an option, if no fix is available

- Notify the maintainer
- Contribute by addressing the issue in the repository
- Explore alternative dependencies with similar functionality

Sustaining Dependency Management Efforts

- Track the resolution of vulnerable dependencies using existing workflows like GitHub issues or Jira for consistency
- Anticipate future vulnerabilities in existing dependencies
- Establish a regular maintenance schedule to proactively update dependencies

Dependency Management Journey



Key Takeaways

- Choose your SCA tool wisely
- Roll out SCA with a clear strategy for addressing findings and implementing a proactive approach.
- Mitigating vulnerabilities in 3rd party dependencies is an org wide effort
 - Get agreement from Engineering leadership

Thank you!

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