

Arm Solutions at Lightspeed

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Supporting Confidential Computing on Arm

With Open Source Software



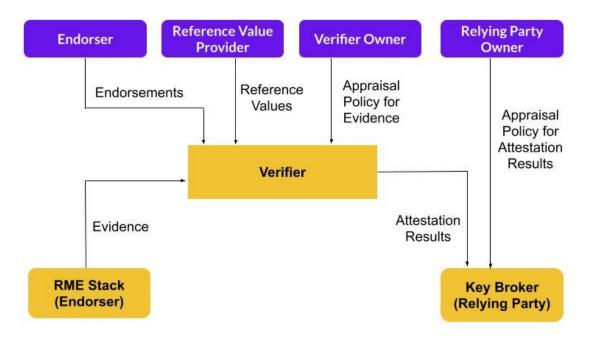
CCA End-to-End Scenario?

The content herein is a join effort between Linaro, Arm and the Linaro Data Center Group members

Goal \rightarrow Support All Elements of a Confidential Computing Solution on Arm platforms

All the links to the projects and demonstration software are on the last slide

RATS Architecture



CCA-Aware Reference Software Stack

Non-Secure (normal) Realm(s) VMM: QEMU Kvmtool Container Container Cloud Hypervisor **Kubernetes** VM VM Attestation Agent* Kata agent **Attestation Agents:** Key Broker Service Linux Attestation tools VMM* VMM VMM Linux/KVM **TF-RMM** EDK2 Trusted Firmware A (Monitor) QEMU (Virt and SBSA) **FVP Model** Real Hardware

Verifier

Built with project Veraison

"Provides software components that can be used to build an Attestation Verification service"

Verifier can run in a local infrastructure

Linaro provides a cloud based instance publicly available

- → <u>http://veraison.test.linaro.org:8443/.well-known/veraison/verification</u>
- \rightarrow Pre-populated with an attestation token that matches the TF-A

Key Broker Demonstration

Part of project Veraison

Built to exercise an end-to-end confidential computing scenario

Key broker server:

- \rightarrow Runs in a local infrastructure
- \rightarrow Pre-configured to use the public Linaro verifier
- \rightarrow Can be configured to use a local verifier instance

Key broker application:

- \rightarrow Already included in the rootfs of the CCA aware reference software stack
- \rightarrow Can run without the stack with using a built-in RIM

Noteworthy Tools

CCA workload attestation:

- \rightarrow Proof of concept for initial interaction with a verifier
- \rightarrow Integrated to the reference stack rootfs
- \rightarrow Useful to output the CCA attestation token to the command line
- \rightarrow Enacts the "passport" model of <u>RFC9334</u>

CCA realm measurement tool:

- \rightarrow Part of project Veraison
- \rightarrow Computes the RIM and REM of a secure VM
 - **RIM: Realm Initial Measurement**
 - **REM: Realm Extended Measurement**

CCA End-to-End Scenario?

CCA aware reference software stack

- \rightarrow Runs on QEMU (Virt Machine + SBSA) and FVP
- \rightarrow Entirely composed of open source components
- \rightarrow User space applications for appraisal of evidence

A Verifier running in the cloud

- \rightarrow Based on project Veraison
- \rightarrow Publicly available for test purposes

Key Broker

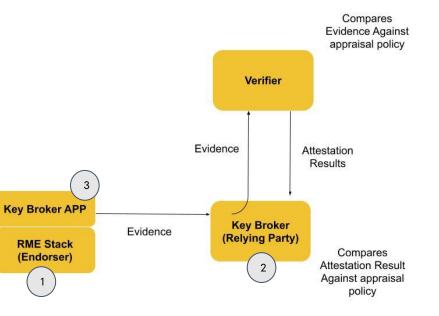
- \rightarrow Runs on your local machine
- \rightarrow Integrated with the stack and verifier

All Open Source No Black Boxes No Magic Binary Blobs

Putting It All Together

RATS Architecture - Background-Check Model

- 1) Start a Realm VM
- 2) Start the key broker service
- 3) Ask for a secret payload



Putting It All Together - Step 1

Acquire, build and run the CCA reference stack

 \rightarrow All instructions are <u>here</u>

Once in a Realm VM, extract the CCA attestation token and look for the RIM:



Putting It All Together - Step 2

Acquire and build the key broker server

 \rightarrow All instructions are <u>here</u>

Start the key broker service locally with the Realm's RIM:

\$ target/debug/keybroker-server -v -a 10.0.0.176 -m --reference-values <(echo '{ "reference-values": [
"9nSQYqu2D7qDXxCnt0ljRWs0Yb0yIXsVTiQWB4pQWu9gxy0NW7ZL47L8I0z3pqiByyUVvozhxHHA5rgZu15usQ=="] }')</pre>

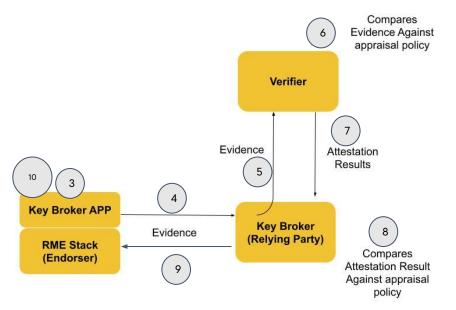
Putting It All Together - Step 3

Back in the Realm VM, ask for secret payload "skywalker" from the key broker:

- 3 INFO Challenge (64 bytes) = [6e, 86, d6, d9, 7c, c7, 13, bc, 6d, d4, 3d, bc, e4, 91, a6, b4, 03, 11, c0, 27, a8, bf, 85, a3, 9d, a6, 3e, 9c, e4, 4c, 13, 2a, 8a, 11, 9d, 29, 6f, ae, 6a, 69, 99, e9, bf, 3e, 44, 71, b0, ce, 01, 24, 5d, 88, 94, 24, c3, 1e, 89, 79, 3b, 3b, 1d, 6b, 15, 04]
- 4 INFO Submitting evidence to URL http://10.0.0.176:8088/keys/v1/evidence/2005747571
- 5 INFO Attestation success :-) ! The key returned from the keybroker is 'May the force be with you.'

Understanding What Happened

RATS Architecture - Background-Check Model



3. Key broker App retrieves the CCA attestation token from "/sys/kernel/config/tsm"

4. The attestation token and a wrapping key are sent out to the Key Broker

5. The attestation token is forwarded to the verifier

6. The verifier verifies the platform token against appraisal policies

7. The verifier sends an attestation results

8. The key broker verifies the Realm token that contains the RIM against appraisal policies

9. Payload "skywalker" is encrypted with the wrapping key and sent back to the requester

10. The payload is decrypted and the content revealed

Links

CCA-Aware reference stack: <u>https://tinyurl.com/2anaptkn</u>

Project Veraison: <u>https://github.com/veraison</u>

Remote Attestation Procedures (RATS) Architecture: <u>https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc9334.html</u>

Key Broker Demonstration: <u>https://github.com/veraison/keybroker-demo</u>

CCA workload attestation PoC: https://tinyurl.com/25oba4cq

CCA realm measurement tool: <u>https://github.com/veraison/cca-realm-measurements</u>

Too Much Information, Too Little Time

Questions?