

The IaC Tooling Face-off for Modern Cloud Native Ops



Ronny Orot

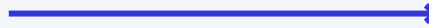
Software Engineer at env0
OpenTofu core team member

Agenda

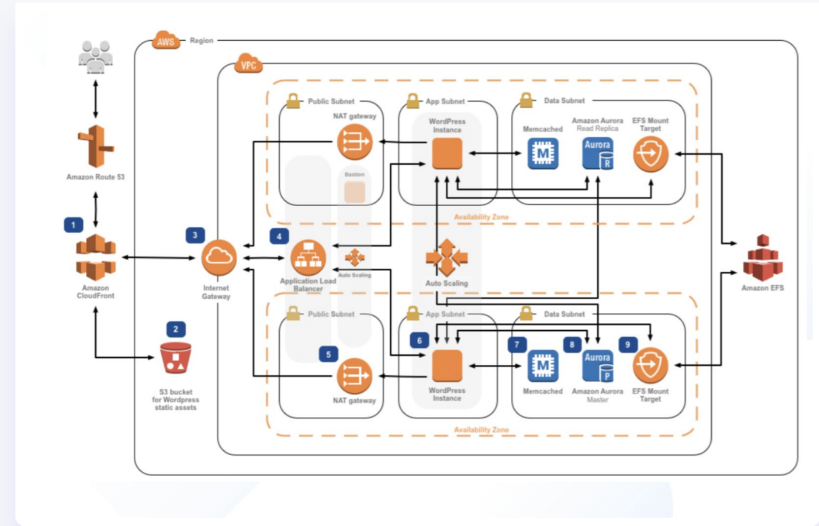
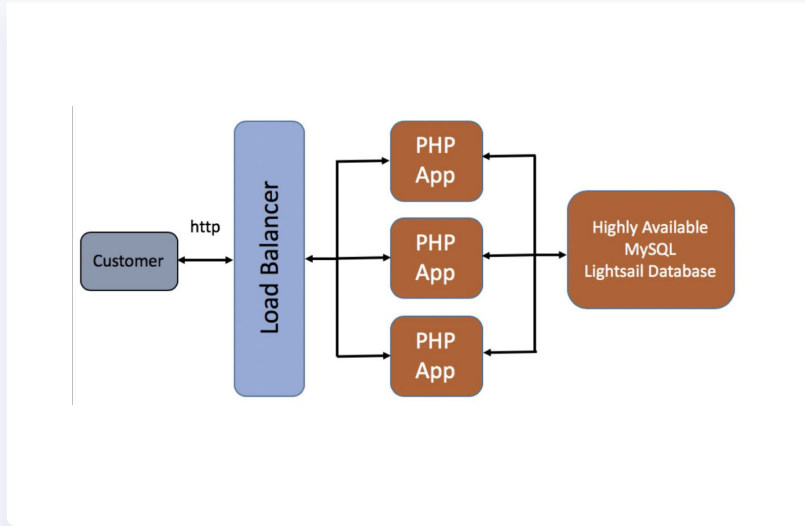
- Why do we need IaC
- How to choose the Right IaC Tool
- Organization's IaC Maturity
- Unified DevOps Process

Application Have Grown More Complex

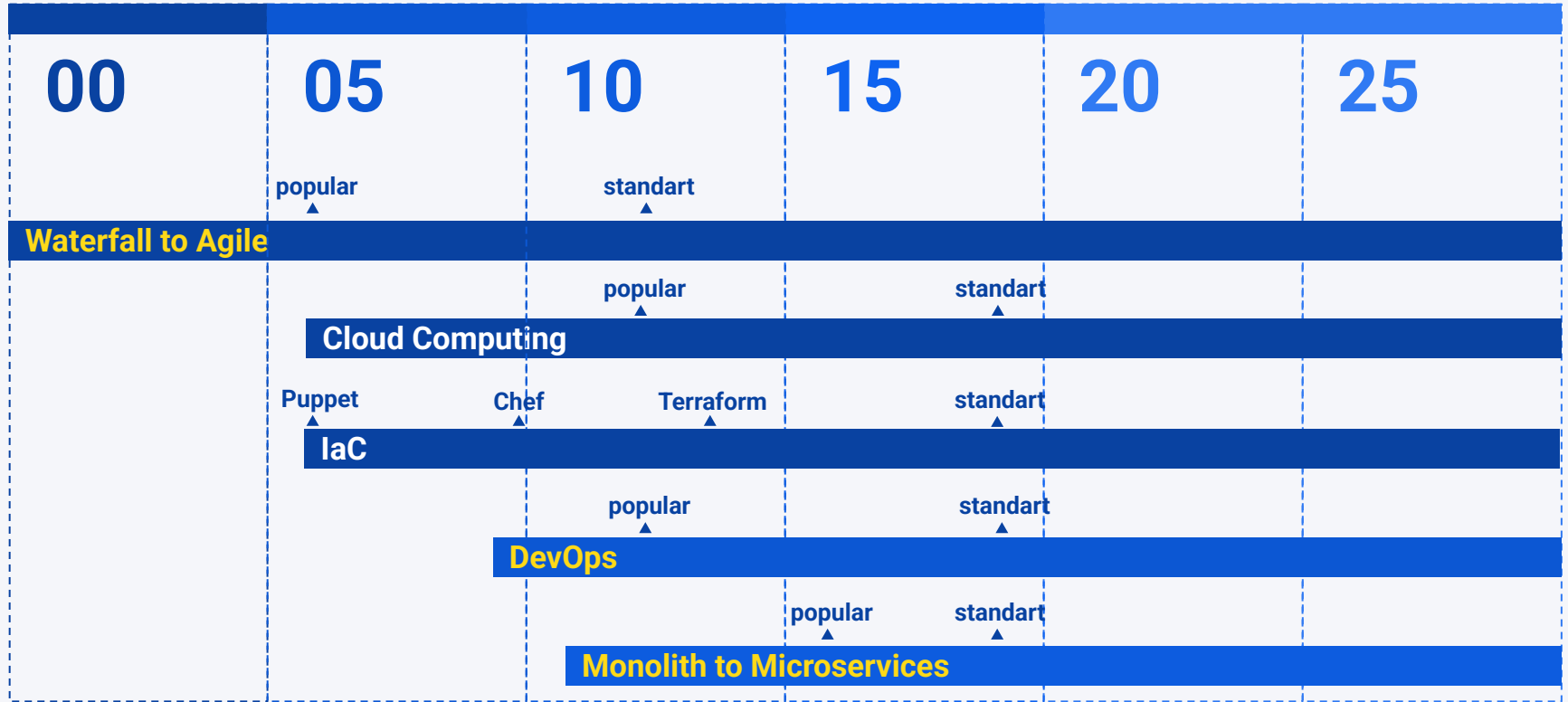
Then



Now

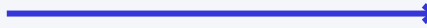


After Y2K



The Rise of IaC

Then



Now

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface. The top navigation bar includes 'AWS', 'Services', 'Edit', and the user profile 'shib-admin/ps1@cornell.edu'. The main content area is titled 'Amazon Web Services' and is organized into several columns of service cards. The 'Compute' column includes EC2, EC2 Container Service, Elastic Beanstalk, and Lambda. The 'Storage & Content Delivery' column includes S3, CloudFront, Elastic File System, Glacier, Snowball, and Storage Gateway. The 'Database' column includes RDS, DynamoDB, ElastiCache, Redshift, and DMS. The 'Developer Tools' column includes CodeCommit, CodeDeploy, CodePipeline, and CloudWatch. The 'Management Tools' column includes CloudFormation, CloudTrail, Config, OpsWorks, Service Catalog, and Trusted Advisor. The 'Security & Identity' column includes Identity & Access Management, Directory Service, Inspector, and IAM. The 'Internet of Things' column includes AWS IoT, Game Development, and Mobile Services. The 'Mobile Services' column includes Mobile Hub, Cognito, Device Farm, Mobile Analytics, and SNS. The 'Application Services' column includes API Gateway, AppStream, CloudSearch, Elastic Transcoder, SES, and SQS. The 'Service Health' section at the bottom right indicates that all services are operating normally, with an update timestamp of May 05 2016 09:09:00 GMT-0400.

```
provider "aws" {
  region = "us-west-2"
}

data "aws_ami" "ubuntu" {
  most_recent = true

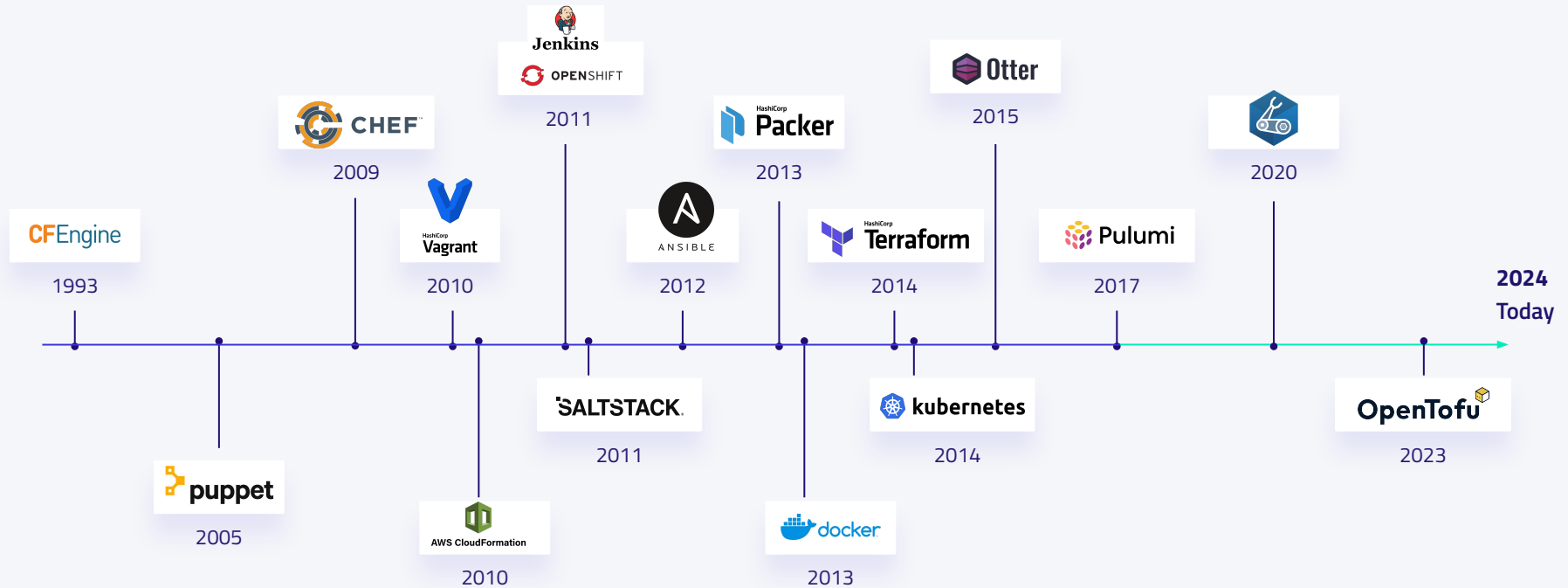
  filter {
    name   = "virtualization-type"
    values = ["hvm"]
  }

  owners = ["099720109477"] # Canonical
}

resource "aws_instance" "web" {
  ami           = data.aws_ami.ubuntu.id
  instance_type = "t3.micro"

  tags = {
    Name = "HelloWorld"
  }
}
```

The IaC Tooling Challenge



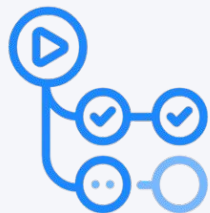
Choosing the Right IaC Tool

- Security and Compliance
- Scale and Performance
- Learning Curve and Adoption

IaC Battleground



IaC Battleground



GitHub Actions



ANSIBLE



TerraGrunt



Jenkins

OpenTofu³



HashiCorp

Terraform



aws

Cloud
Development
Kit



IaC Battleground - Round 1



HashiCorp

Terraform

- Industry standard
- Cloud agnostic
- Large community and ecosystem
- Modular & reusable
- DSL declarative language (HCL/JSON)
- Performance & scalability
- State file management
- Vendor lock-in to HashiCorp

A graphic featuring a large white lightning bolt on a dark blue background. In the center of the lightning bolt is a blue circle containing the white text 'VS'. The lightning bolt is surrounded by concentric circles of varying shades of blue, creating a sense of energy and focus.

VS

IaC Battleground - Round 1



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VS



AWS CloudFormation

- Maintained by vendor
- No state management
- Built in Drift Detection and GitOps flows
- Verbose Syntax (JSON/YAML)
- Performance & scalability
- AWS lock-in
- Limited modularity

IaC Battleground - Round 2



Pulumi

- Cloud-agnostic
- State management options
- Code reusability & modularity
- Language familiarity (TypeScript, Python, Go & more)
- Community size and support
- Performance on large deployments
- Easy to over complex your IaC



VS

IaC Battleground - Round 2



Pulumi

- Cloud-agnostic
- State management options
- Code reusability & modularity
- Language familiarity (TypeScript, Python, Go & more)
- Community size and support
- Performance on large deployments
- Easy to over complex your IaC

VS

OpenTofu³

- Drop-in replacement for Terraform
- True open source by Linux Foundation
- Extensive ecosystem
- State handling capabilities
- DSL declarative language (HCL/JSON)
- Performance & scalability
- Relatively new and smaller (but growing) community

IaC Battleground - Round 3



ANSIBLE

- Configuration using YAML
- Agentless
- Large community & prebuilt roles
- No state management

VS

IaC Battleground - Round 3



ANSIBLE

- Configuration using YAML
- Agentless
- Large community & prebuilt roles
- No state management

VS

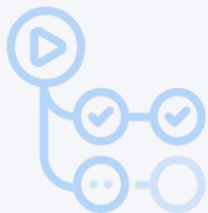


- Server-client configuration
- Highly scalable & fast execution
- Utilizes state for configuration management
- Agent maintenance and updates
- Unknowns following VMware/Broadcom acquisitions

IaC Battleground



Jenkins



GitHub Actions



ANSIBLE



Terraform



So... who won?



HashiCorp

Terraform



aws

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Development
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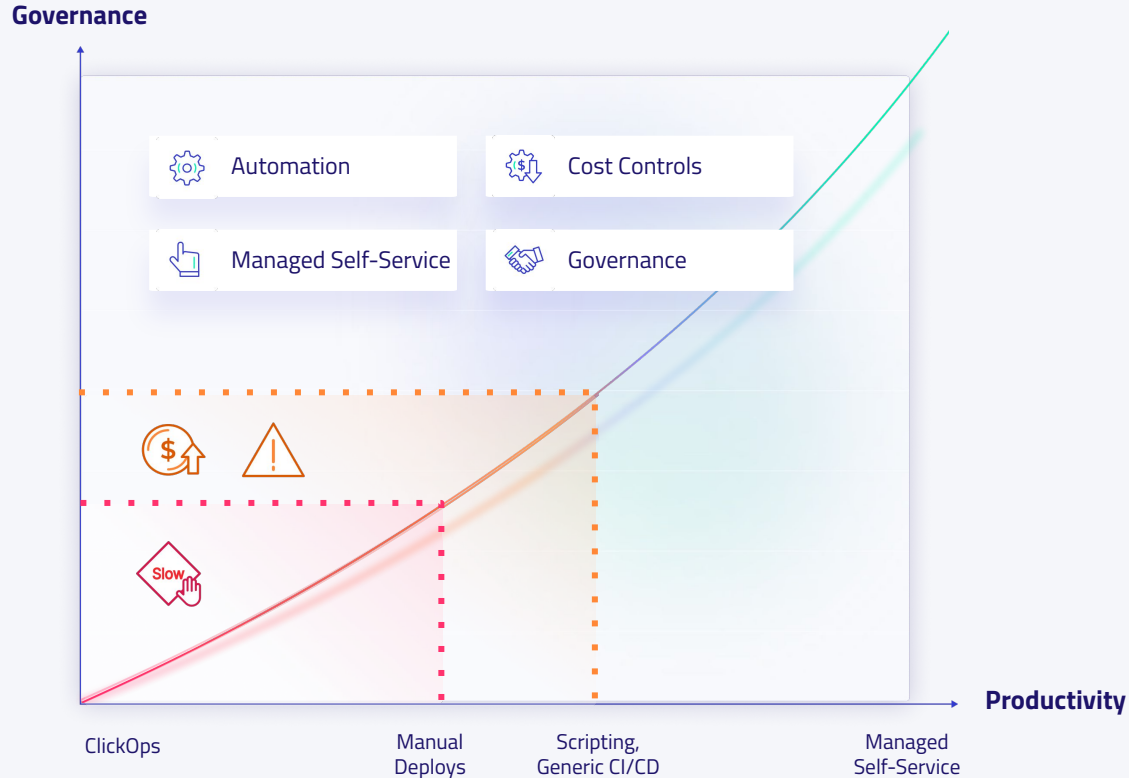


The Multi-Tool Approach

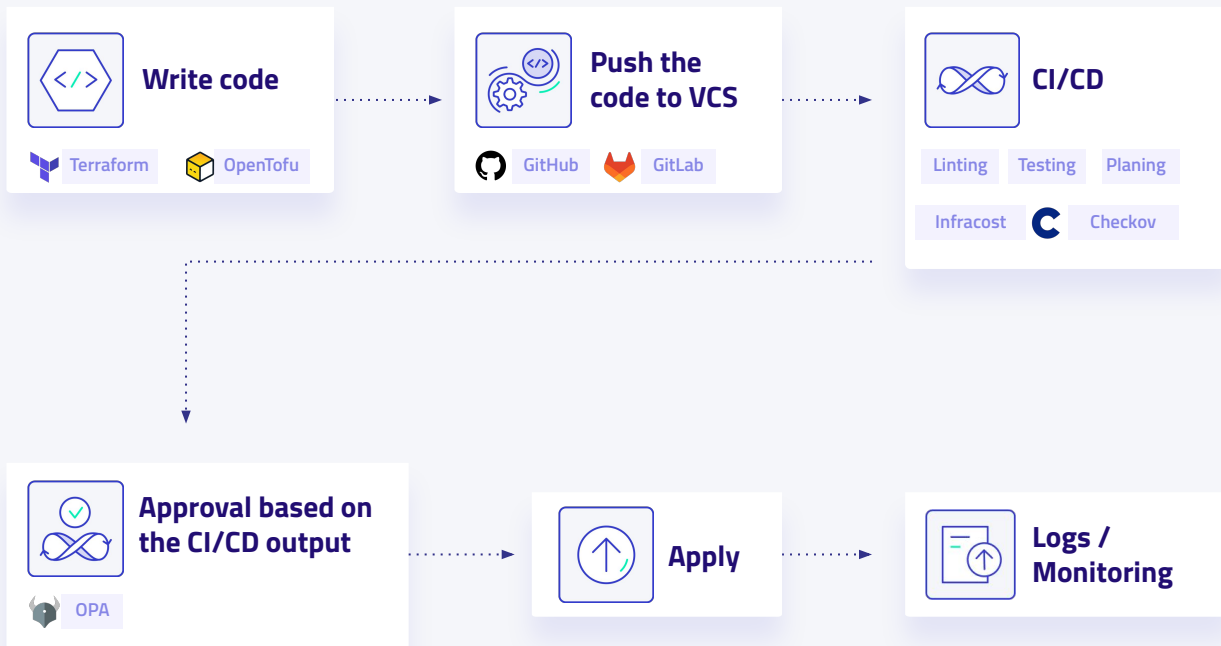
- Potential benefits of using a combination of IaC tools:
 - Leverage strengths of each IaC type
 - Address diverse requirements (cloud-native, traditional, legacy)
 - Facilitate migration and integration strategies
- Consider in-house scripting for specific needs but it requires maintenance.



Understanding Your Organization's IaC Maturity



Unified DevOps Process



Static Code Analysis

- Automatically scan for misconfigurations
- Identify security vulnerabilities before deployment
- Ensure compliance with industry standards and internal policies

checkov

```
🍏 / ~/.checkov-test checkov -d . --quiet
terraform_plan scan results:

Passed checks: 17, Failed checks: 7, Skipped checks: 0

Check: CKV_AWS_79: "Ensure Instance Metadata Service Version 1 is not enabled"
FAILED for resource: module.acme-ec2.module.acme-ec2.aws_instance.this[0]
File: /tf_plan.json:72-125
Guide: https://docs.prismacloud.io/en/enterprise-edition/policy-reference/aws
Code lines for this resource are too many. Please use IDE of your cho

Check: CKV_AWS_88: "EC2 instance should not have public IP."
FAILED for resource: module.acme-ec2.module.acme-ec2.aws_instance.this[0]
File: /tf_plan.json:72-125
Guide: https://docs.prismacloud.io/en/enterprise-edition/policy-reference/aws
Code lines for this resource are too many. Please use IDE of your cho

Check: CKV_AWS_126: "Ensure that detailed monitoring is enabled for EC2 instances"
FAILED for resource: module.acme-ec2.module.acme-ec2.aws_instance.this[0]
File: /tf_plan.json:72-125
Guide: https://docs.prismacloud.io/en/enterprise-edition/policy-reference/aws
Code lines for this resource are too many. Please use IDE of your cho

Check: CKV_AWS_135: "Ensure that EC2 is EBS optimized"
FAILED for resource: module.acme-ec2.module.acme-ec2.aws_instance.this[0]
File: /tf_plan.json:72-125
Guide: https://docs.prismacloud.io/en/enterprise-edition/policy-reference/aws
Code lines for this resource are too many. Please use IDE of your cho

Check: CKV_AWS_8: "Ensure all data stored in the Launch configuration or instance Ela
FAILED for resource: module.acme-ec2.module.acme-ec2.aws_instance.this[0]
File: /tf_plan.json:72-125
Guide: https://docs.prismacloud.io/en/enterprise-edition/policy-reference/aws
```

Cost Estimation

- Understand IaC updates on cost before deployment
- Shift cost mindset left
- Include cost as part of approval flows



```
~/infracost-test infracost breakdown --path tf_plan.json
INFO Autodetected 1 Terraform plan JSON file project across 1 root module
INFO Found Terraform plan JSON file project tf_plan.json at directory tf_plan.json

Project: tf_plan.json

Name                                     Monthly Qty  Unit  Monthly Cost
-----
module.acme-ec2.aws_instance.this[0]
├─ Instance usage (Linux/UNIX, on-demand, t3a.large)      730  hours    $54.90
├─ root_block_device
└─ Storage (general purpose SSD, gp2)                       8    GB      $0.80

OVERALL TOTAL                                                    $55.70

*Usage costs can be estimated by updating Infracost Cloud settings, see docs for other options.

1 cloud resource was detected:
• 1 was estimated
```

Project	Baseline cost	Usage cost*	Total cost
tf_plan.json	\$56	\$0.00	\$56

Policy-as-Code

- Codify organizational policies
- Reduce risk and human error when validating code, plans, and outputs
- Reduce bottleneck of human approval



Open Policy Agent

```
test.rego > {} data.terraform > array_contains
1 # Validate the AWS instance size
2
3 package terraform
4
5 import rego.v1
6
7 import input.tf_plan as tf_plan
8
9 allowed_instances := [
10     "t2.nano",
11     "t2.micro"
12 ]
13
14
15 deny contains reason if {
16     resource := tf_plan.resource_changes[_]
17     instance_type := resource.change.after.instance_type
18     not array_contains(allowed_instances, instance_type)
19
20     reason := sprintf(format: "%-40s :: instance '%s' is not allowed.")
21 }
```

In Summary

- No single "best" IaC tool for all scenarios
- The "winner" depends on your organization's:
 - Maturity Level
 - Technology Stack
 - Use Cases and Requirements
- Adopt a strategic and adaptable approach

Thank you!

Questions?