



Package management in the hands of users: dream and reality

Ludovic Courtès

FOSDEM 2026

inria



```
$TOOL install gromacs
```

\$TOOL install gromacs

- + **flexibility**
- + **portability, with performance**
- + **reproducibility**

Reproducible and User-Controlled Software Environments in HPC with Guix

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Abstract. Support teams of high-performance computing (HPC) systems often find themselves between a rock and a hard place: on one hand, they understandably administrate these large systems in a conservative way, but on the other hand, they try to satisfy their users by deploying up-to-date tool chains as well as libraries and scientific software. HPC system users often have no guarantee that they will be able to reproduce results at a later point in time, even on the same system—software may have been upgraded, removed, or recompiled under their feet, and they have little hope of being able to reproduce the same software environment elsewhere. We present GNU Guix and the functional package management paradigm and show how it can improve reproducibility and sharing among researchers with representative use cases.

<https://hal.science/hal-01161771/>

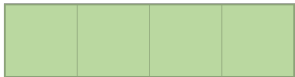
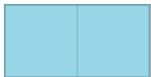
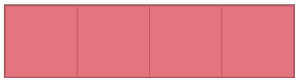


2015



Spack

CONDA



EASYBUILD.io
building software with ease



APPTAINER

- ▶ **PlaFRIM** (FR): Bordeaux (3,000+ cores)
- ▶ **GrCAD** (FR): Grenoble (1,000+ cores)
- ▶ **GLICID** (FR): Nantes (4,000+ cores)
- ▶ **Grid'5000/SLICES** (FR): 9 sites (12,000+ cores)
- ▶ **Max Delbrück Center** (DE): 250-node cluster + workstations
- ▶ ...
- ▶ Tier-1? Tier-0?

```
guix shell intel-mpi-benchmarks -- \
  srun ... IMB-MPI1 PingPong
```



```
guix shell intel-mpi-benchmarks \  
  --with-input=openmpi=mpich \  
  -- srun ... IMB-MPI1 PingPong
```

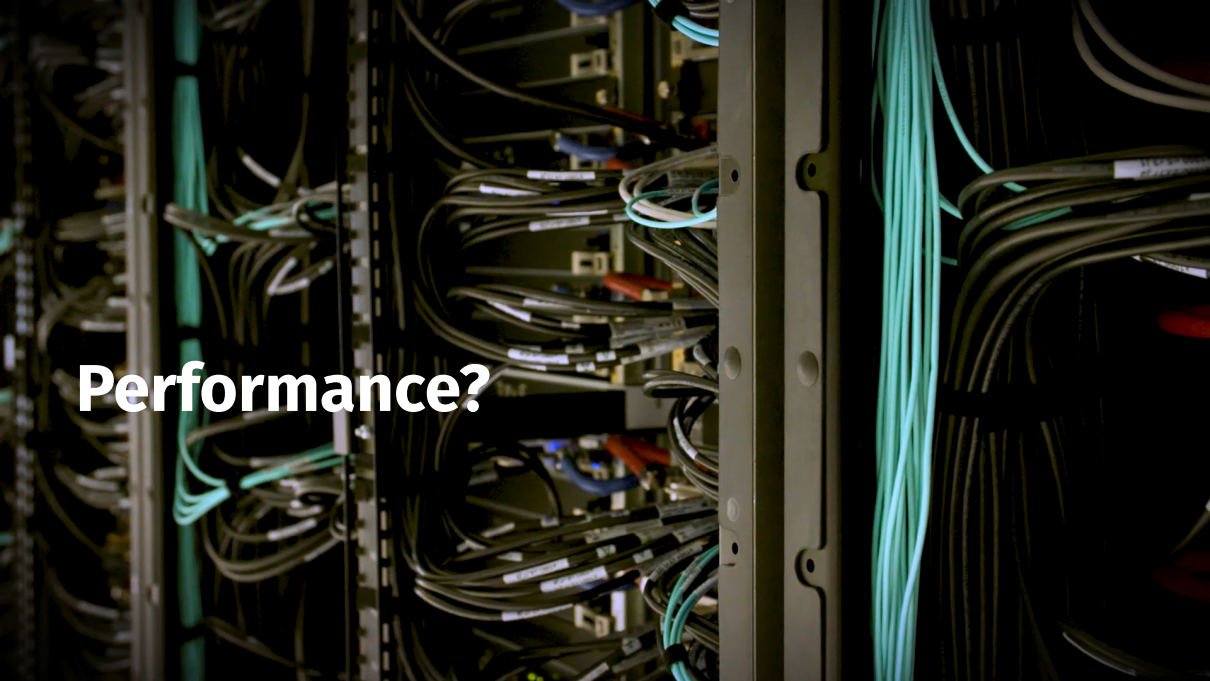
[https://guix.gnu.org/manual/devel/en/html_node/
Package-Transformation-Options.html](https://guix.gnu.org/manual/devel/en/html_node/Package-Transformation-Options.html)

```
guix shell --manifest=manifest.scm -C
```

```
(specifications->manifest  
  '("gcc-toolchain" "coreutils" "grep" "sed"  
    "openmpi" "openblas" "petsc"))
```

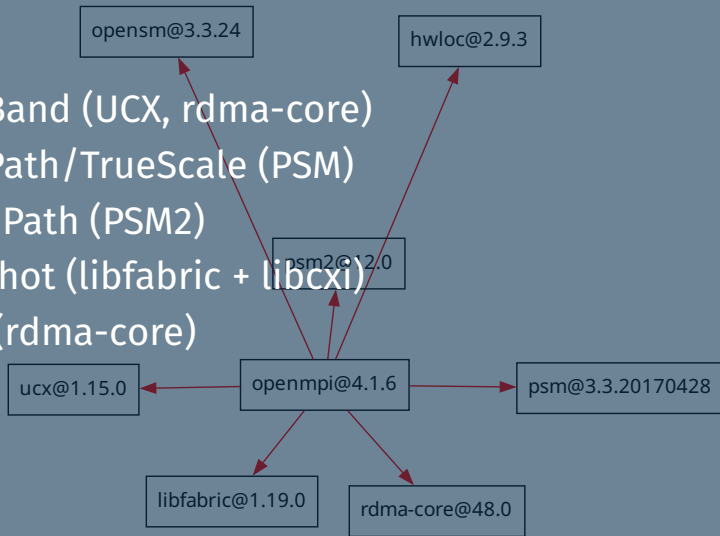
Reproducible environments: 2 files, 2 commands

1. `guix describe -f channels > channels.scm`
2. `guix time-machine -C channels.scm -- \`
`shell -m manifest.scm`

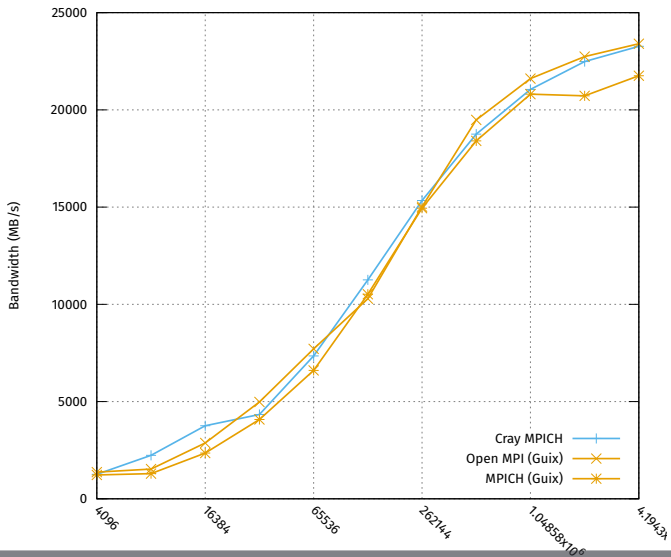


Performance?

- ▶ InfiniBand (UCX, rdma-core)
- ▶ InfiniPath/TrueScale (PSM)
- ▶ Omni-Path (PSM2)
- ▶ Slingshot (libfabric + libcxl)
- ▶ RoCE (rdma-core)
- ▶ ...



Intel MPI Benchmarks, PingPong (Adatastra)



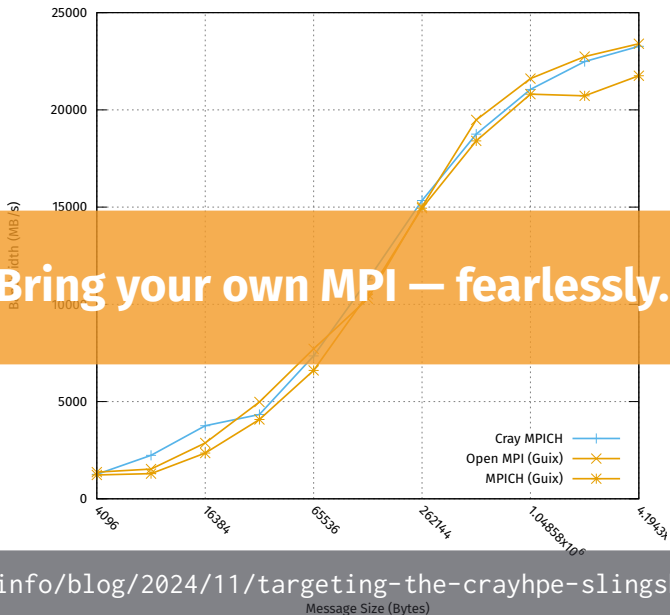
<https://hpc.guix.info/blog/2024/11/targeting-the-crayhpe-slingshot-interconnect/>

Message Size (Bytes)

Intel MPI Benchmarks, PingPong (Adatastra)

No ABI guesswork!

Bring your own MPI — fearlessly.



No surprise!

<https://hpc.guix.info/blog/2024/11/targeting-the-crayhpe-slingshot-interconnect/>

Message Size (Bytes)

```
$ guix shell eigen-benchmarks -- \
    benchBlasGemm 240 240 240
240 x 240 x 240
cblas: 0.20367 (16.289 GFlops/s)
eigen : 0.285149 (11.635 GFlops/s)
```



```
$ guix shell eigen-benchmarks -- \
    benchBlasGemm 240 240 240
240 x 240 x 240
cblas: 0.20367 (16.289 GFlops/s)
eigen : 0.285149 (11.635 GFlops/s)
```

**Package
multi-versioning**

```
$ guix shell --tune=skylake eigen-benchmarks -- \
    benchBlasGemm 240 240 240
guix shell: tuning for CPU micro-architecture skylake
240 x 240 x 240
cblas: 0.203131 (16.333 GFlops/s)
eigen : 0.0929638 (35.688 GFlops/s)
```

<https://hpc.guix.info/blog/2022/01/tuning-packages-for-a-cpu-micro-architecture/>



New!

```
guix shell --amd-gpu=gfx90a,gfx942 \  
  rocm-bandwidth-test
```

```
laptop$ guix pack -R -S /bin=bin \  
intel-mpi-benchmarks
```

```
laptop$ guix pack -R -S /bin=bin \  
intel-mpi-benchmarks
```



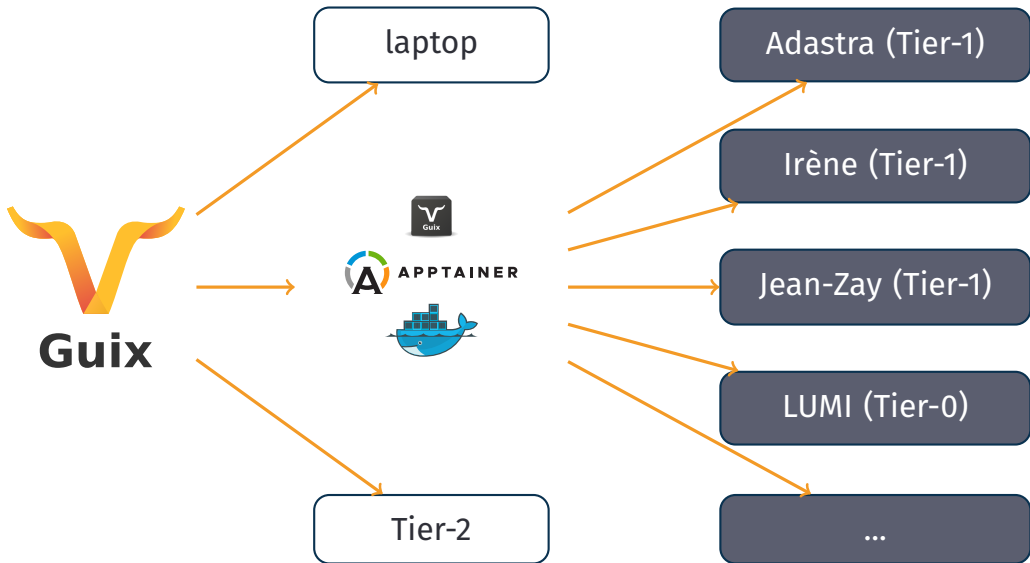
```
supercomp$ tar xf pack.tar.gz  
supercomp$ unset LD_LIBRARY_PATH  
supercomp$ ./bin/srun -A ... ./bin/IMB-MPI1
```



Guix

laptop

Tier-2



laptop

Adastra (Tier-1)

Irène (Tier-1)

Demos + tutorials:

<https://hpc.guix.info/blog/2025/12/with-or-without-guix-deploying-complex-software-stacks/>

LUMI (Tier-0)

Tier-2

...

- ▶ N. Vallet et al., *Toward practical transparent verifiable and long-term reproducible research using Guix*, Nature Scientific Data, Oct. 2022
- ▶ M. Felšöci, *Fast Solvers for High-Frequency Aeroacoustics*, PhD thesis, Feb. 2023
- ▶ L. Bilke et al., *Reproducible HPC software deployments, simulations, and workflows — a case study for far-field deep geological repository assessment*, Aug. 2025

**HPC software environments today:
reality.**

```
[bob@supercomp ~]$ module av mpi
```

```
----- /cm/shared/modules/generic/modulefiles ---
```

```
mpi/intel/2019.4.243      mpi/openmpi/4.0.3  
mpi/openmpi/2.0.4         mpi/openmpi/4.0.3-mlx  
mpi/openmpi/3.1.4         mpi/openmpi/4.0.7  
mpi/openmpi/4.0.1         mpi/openmpi/4.1.1  
mpi/openmpi/4.0.1-intel   mpi/openmpi/4.1.5  
mpi/openmpi/4.0.2         mpi/openmpi/5.0.1  
mpi/openmpi/4.0.2-testing  
[bob@supercomp ~]$ module load openmpi/2.0.4
```

Unprivileged user installs

Spack does not require administrator privileges to install packages. You can install software in any directory you choose, making it easy to manage packages in your home directory or shared project locations without needing sudo access.

<https://spack.io/about/>

Inode quota: *The inode quota is super restrictive for someone doing multiple local installs (Spack or miniConda) [...] which forces us to archive certain installations to test others.*

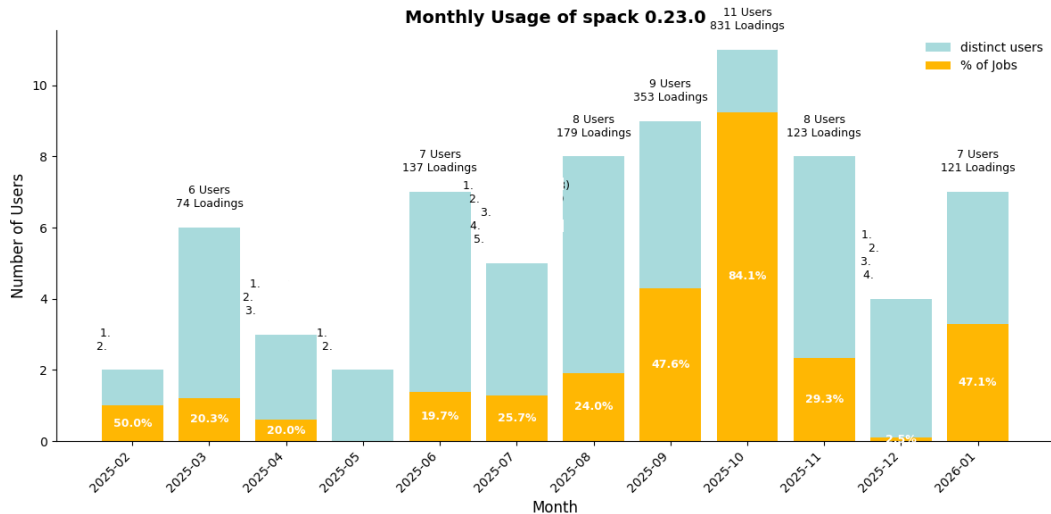
– IDRIS User Committee report, Sept. 2024

LUMI provides a module to load a pre-configured Spack instance: `module load spack`. When you load this module, you will use a Spack instance configured to compile software with the Cray programming environment. The software will be installed in a location determined by you in the environmental variable `$SPACK_USER_PREFIX`. This Spack instance is "chained" to the upstream instance in `/app1/lumi/spack`, which means that you can build new packages on top of the already installed ones by the LUMI User Support Team (similar to how the LUMI EasyBuild setup works).

<https://docs.lumi-supercomputer.eu/software/installing/spack/>

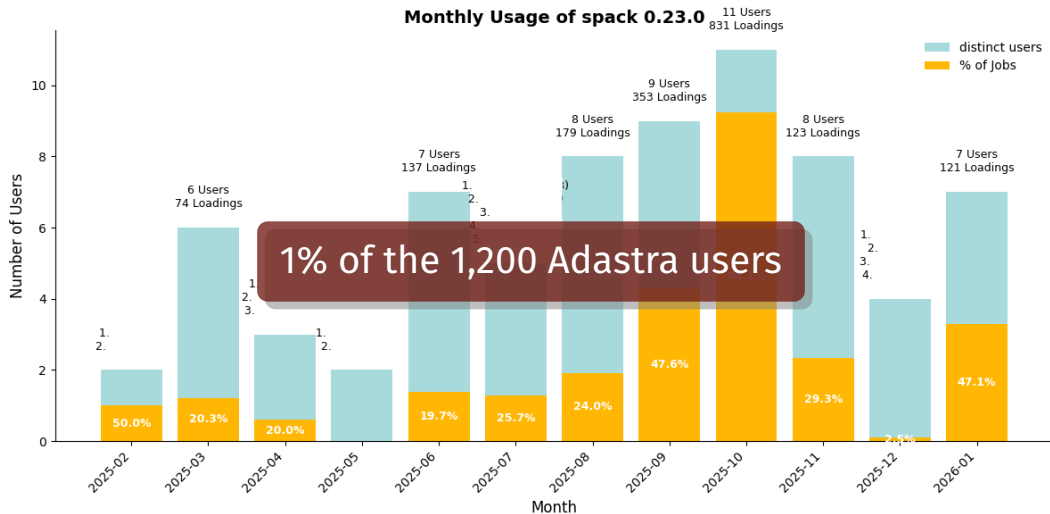
	EasyBuild-user?	Spack-user?
LUMI (FI)	✓	✓
JUWELS (DE)	✓	✗
MareNostrum (ES)	✓	✓
MeLuXina (LU)	✗	✗
Alps (CH)	✗	✗
Adastra (FR)	✗	✓
Irène (FR)	✗	✗
Jean-Zay (FR)	✗	✗

Spack-user usage on Adastral (FR)



Courtesy of the HPC dept. at CINES, thanks!

Spack-user usage on Adatastra (FR)



Courtesy of the HPC dept. at CINES, thanks!

So... what's next?

5 Inria centers

CEA



PROGRAMME
DE RECHERCHE
NUMÉRIQUE
POUR L'EXASCALE

CNRS, univ., ...

LLNL, Stanford, ...

<https://numpex.org/exadi-development-and-integration/>

CINES

5 Inria centers

TGCC

CEA



PROGRAMME
DE RECHERCHE
NUMÉRIQUE
POUR L'EXASCALE

CNRS, univ., ...

IDRIS

LLNL, Stanford, ...

Tier-2 clusters

<https://numpex.org/exadi-development-and-integration/>

By the way, we're hiring! :-)

<https://hpc.guix.info/jobs>

build processes

chroot, separate UIDs

client commands

```
guix install hwloc
```

build daemon

build processes
chroot, separate UIDs

client commands

`guix install hwloc`

build daemon

RPCs

```
graph TD; A[client commands] -- RPCs --> B[build daemon];
```

The diagram illustrates the interaction between three components. At the top right, a dark blue rounded rectangle labeled 'client commands' contains the code 'guix install hwloc'. At the bottom left, an orange rounded rectangle labeled 'build daemon' is shown. A curved orange arrow points from the 'client commands' box to the 'build daemon' box, with the label 'RPCs' written along the curve. At the top left, a dashed orange rounded rectangle labeled 'build processes' contains the text 'chroot, separate UIDs'. This box is not connected to the other components by arrows.

build processes

chroot, separate UIDs

CMake, GCC, etc.

CMake, GCC, etc.

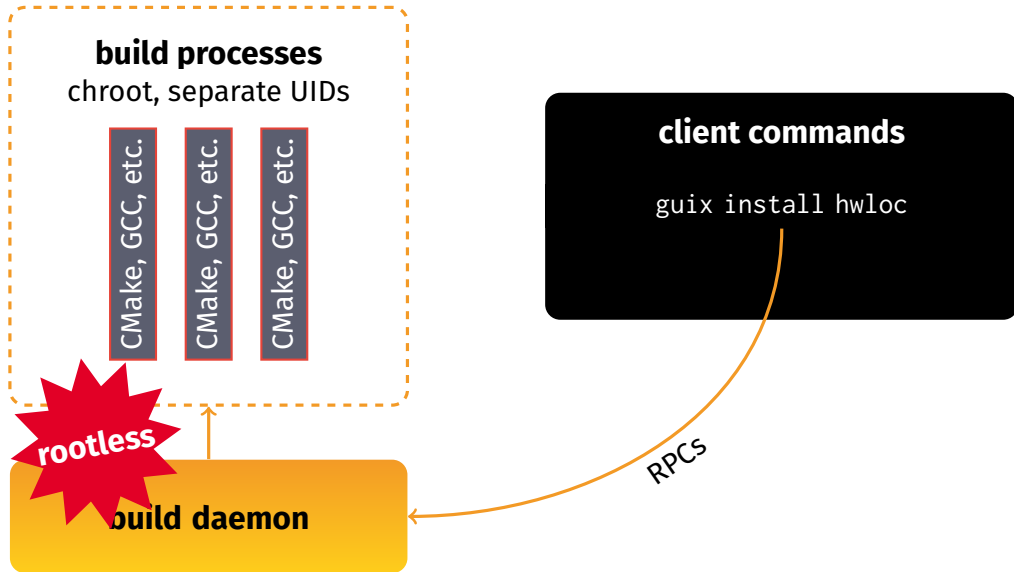
CMake, GCC, etc.

build daemon

client commands

guix install hwloc

RPCs



Guix comes to Adastra

Ad astra per aspera

2026Q1

Wrapping up

**The audience of package managers
wasn't supposed to be sysadmins.**



Time to make it
a reality.



`ludovic.courtes@inria.fr | @civodul@toot.aquilenet.fr`

<https://hpc.guix.info>

Bonus slides!

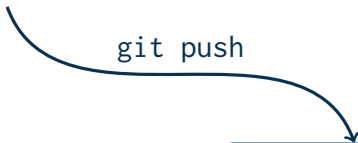
(define python
 (package ...))

test



guix build python
/gnu/store/...-python-3.9.6

git push



Git repository

(define python
 (package ...))

test

guix build python
/gnu/store/...-python-3.9.6

git push

Git repository

guix pull

user

```
graph TD; A["(define python (package ...))"] -- test --> B["guix build python /gnu/store/...-python-3.9.6"]; B -- "git push" --> C["Git repository"]; C -- "guix pull" --> D["user"];
```


(define python
 (package ...))

test

guix build python
/gnu/store/...-python-3.9.6

git push

guix pull

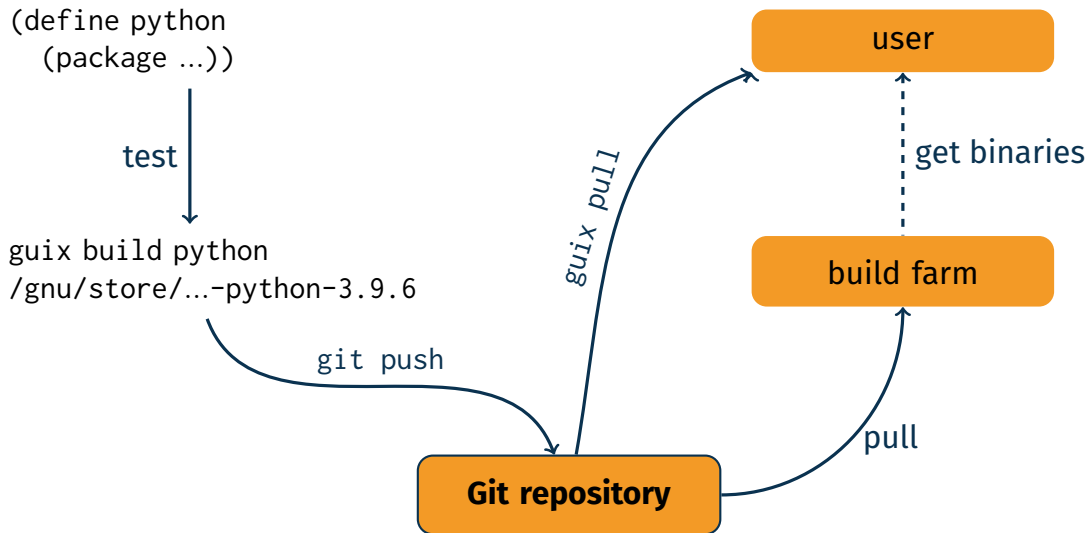
Git repository

user

get binaries

build farm

pull



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Atari computer picture © winkelnkemper, CC-BY-SA 2.0,
https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Atari_800_XL_home_computer_with_monitor_and_tape_program_recorder_XC12.jpg

Adastra supercomputer pictures by CINES.

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